



CONCEPT: SECONDARY ANALYSES OF EXISTING ALCOHOL RESEARCH DATA

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Purpose



The purpose of this future solicitation in the form of Notice of Special Interests (NOSI) is to encourage the submission of applications on secondary data analyses to enhance our understanding

- the patterns and trajectories of alcohol consumption,
- the epidemiology and etiology, including genetics, of alcohol-related problems and disorders

Types of grant applications

- innovative analyses of existing alcohol research data
- answer novel research hypotheses and questions
- develop and test advanced analytical methodologies





- Increasing cost of data collection on human subjects
- Rich existing data recourses yet to be fully utilized
- Secondary data analysis is a cost-efficient way to conduct research
- Linkage/combination of data sets increases statistical power, expands the scope and impact of research

Scope/Research Goals



- Develop, improve and validate effective measurement of underage drinking, highintensity binge drinking, drinking during pregnancy, adult alcohol misuse and alcohol use disorders
- Big data approaches
 - a) integrate and harmonize qualitative and quantitative measurements from various study designs and sources,
 - b) develop comprehensive analytical methods for the study of alcohol misuse and progression to alcohol use disorder
- Develop effective data analytical approaches for real-time assessment of alcohol consumption and related behaviors
- Develop machine learning and other artificial intelligence algorithms to study drinking patterns, identify and predict risky drinking behaviors, and enable timely targeted preventive interventions



- Develop a common metric of alcohol-related phenotypic and environmental measures across study designs
- Develop and engage new genetic analysis methods such as pathway, network and multiomics analyses
- Use new and novel Genetic/Genomics analytical tools to relate AUD GWAS (Genome-Wide Association Study) data with brain expression data to establish their relationships
- Use novel bioinformatic tools to perform cross species genomics or comparative genomics to detect new eQTL (Expression Quantitative Trait Loci) related to AUD



Data Sources

Data Sources:

- --- Public domains
- ---NIH funded research studies
- ---Other: health records, etc.

A list of available data sources:

- Alcohol Epidemiologic Data Directory (<u>http://pubs.niaaa.nih.gov/publications/datasys.htm</u>)
- Alcohol Policy Information System (<u>https://alcoholpolicy.niaaa.nih.gov/</u>)
- NIAAA Data Archive (https://nda.nih.gov/niaaa)
- NIDA Data Share for clinical trials (<u>https://datashare.nida.nih.gov/</u>)
- NIH Data Repositories(https://www.nlm.nih.gov/NIHbmic/nih_data_sharing_repositories.html)
- Data Base of Genotypes and Phenotypes at NCBI (<u>https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gap/</u>





Thank you

For more information, please contact:

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