OUTCOME ASSESSMENT INFORMATION SET VERSION E (OASIS-E)

All Items

Section A	Administrative Information			
M0018. National F	Provider Identifier (NPI) for the attending physician who has signed the plan of care			
	UK – Unknown or Not Available			
M0010. CMS Certi	fication Number			
M0014. Branch Sta	ate			
M0016. Branch ID	Number			
M0020 Patient ID	Number			
M0040. Patient Na	ame			
(First)	(MI) (Last) (Suffix)			
M0050. Patient St				
M0060. Patient ZI	P Code			
M0064. Social Sec	urity Number			
	UK – Unknown or Not Available			
M0063. Medicare	Number			
	NA – No Medicare			
M0065. Medicaid	Number			
	□ NA – No Medicaid			
M0069. Gender				
	l. Male			
	2. Female			
M0066. Birth Date				
Mor				
IVIO	out tout			

A1005. Ethnicity			
Are you of Hispanic, Latino/a, or Spanish origin?			
	c all that apply		
	A. No, not of Hispanic, Latino/a, or Spanish origin		
	B. Yes, Mexican, Mexican American, Chicano/a		
	C. Yes, Puerto Rican		
	D. Yes, Cuban		
	E. Yes, Another Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish origin		
	X. Patient unable to respond		
A1010. Race			
What is your r	race?		
	c all that apply		
	A. White		
	B. Black or African American		
	C. American Indian or Alaska Native		
	D. Asian Indian		
	E. Chinese		
	F. Filipino		
	G. Japanese		
	H. Korean		
	I. Vietnamese		
	J. Other Asian		
	K. Native Hawaiian		
	L. Guamanian or Chamorro		
	M. Samoan		
	N. Other Pacific Islander		
	X. Patient unable to respond		
M0150. Curre	nt Payment Sources for Home Care		
	eck all that apply		
	0. None; no charge for current services		
	Medicare (traditional fee-for-service)		
	2. Medicare (HMO/managed care/Advantage plan)		
	3. Medicaid (traditional fee-for-service)		
	4. Medicaid (HMO/managed care)		
	5. Workers' compensation		
	6. Title programs (for example, Title III, V, or XX)		
	7. Other government (for example, TriCare, VA)		
	8. Private insurance		
	9. Private HMO/managed care		
	10. Self-pay		
	11. Other (specify)		
	UK. Unknown		
B0200. Hearin	Ng .		
Enter Code	Ability to hear (with hearing aid or hearing appliances if normally used)		
	0. Adequate – no difficulty in normal conversation, social interaction, listening to TV		
	1. Minimal difficulty – difficulty in some environments (e.g., when person speaks softly, or setting is noisy)		
	2. Moderate difficulty – speaker has to increase volume and speak distinctly		
	3. Highly impaired – absence of useful hearing		

B1000. Vision	
Enter Code	Ability to see in adequate light (with glasses or other visual appliances)
Litter Code	
	O. Adequate – sees fine detail, such as regular print in newspapers/books (t)
	1. Impaired – sees large print, but not regular print in newspapers/books
	2. Moderate impaired – limited vision; not able to see newspaper headlines but can identify objects
	3. Highly impaired – object identification in question, but eyes appear to follow objects
	4. Severely impaired – no vision or sees only light, colors or shapes; eyes do not appear to follow objects
A1110. Langua	age
Enter Code	A. What is your preferred language?
	B. Do you need or want an interpreter to communicate with a doctor or health care staff?
	0. No
	1. Yes
	9. Unable to determine
140020 Ctt	of Coura Data
M0030. Start	of Care Date
	Month Day Year
M0032. Resur	mption of Care Date
	Month Day Year
	MONUTE Day Teal
_	pline of Person Completing Assessment
Enter Code	1. RN
	2. PT
	3. SLP/ST
	4. OT
M0090. Date	Assessment Completed
	Month Day Year
	Assessment is Currently Being Completed for the Following Reason
Enter Code	Start/Resumption of Care
	1. Start of care – further visits planned
	3. Resumption of care (after inpatient stay)
	Follow-Up
	4. Recertification (follow-up) reassessment
	5. Other follow-up
	Transfer to an Inpatient Facility 6. Transferred to an inpatient facility – patient not discharged from agency
	7. Transferred to an inpatient facility – patient not discharged from agency
	Discharge from Agency – Not to an Inpatient Facility
	8. Death at home
	9. Discharge from agency
	J. District to the degency
	arge/Transfer/Death Date
Enter the date	of the discharge, transfer, or death (at home) of the patient.

M0102. Date of Phy	ysician-ordered Start of Care (Resumption of Care)			
If the physician indicated a specific start of care (resumption of care) date when the patient was referred for home health				
services, record the	date specified.			
Mod	The state of the			
	A – No specific SOC/ROC date ordered by physician			
M0104. Date of Ref	ferral			
Indicate the date th	nat the written or verbal referral for initiation or resumption of care was received by the HHA.			
Mo	onth Day Year			
M0110. Episode Tir	ming			
	me health payment episode for which this assessment will define a case mix group an "early" episode or a			
	he patient's current sequence of adjacent Medicare home health payment episodes?			
Enter Code 1.	Early			
2.	Later			
UK	Unknown			
NA	Not Applicable: No Medicare case mix group to be defined by this assessment.			
A1250. Transportat	tion			
Has lack of transpor	rtation kept you from medical appointments, meetings, work, or from getting things needed for daily living?			
↓ Check all th				
	es, it has kept me from medical appointments or from getting my medications			
	'es, it has kept me from non-medical meetings, appointments, work, or from getting things that I need			
C. N				
	Patient unable to respond of Community Health Centers, Inc., Association of Asian Pacific Community Health Organizations, Oregon Primary Care Association. PRAPARE and its resources			
re proprietary information of	f NACHC and its partners, intended for use by NACHC, its partners, and authorized recipients. Do not publish, copy, or distribute this information in part or whole			
vithout written consent from	NACHC.			
M1000 From which	n of the following Inpatient Facilities was the patient discharged within the past 14 days?			
↓ Check all th				
	Long-term nursing facility (NF)			
	Skilled nursing facility (SNF/TCU)			
☐ 3. S	Short-stay acute hospital (IPPS)			
4. L	Long-term care hospital (LTCH)			
□ 5. I	npatient rehabilitation hospital or unit (IRF)			
☐ 6. F	Psychiatric hospital or unit			
7. 0	Other (specify)			
□ NA F	Patient was not discharged from an inpatient facility → Skip to B1300, Health Literacy			
M1005 Innationt D	Discharge Date (most recent)			

UK – Unknown

Month

M2201 Emer	ant.	Care		
M2301. Emergent Care At the time of or at any time since the most recent SOC/BOC assessment has the nations utilized a hospital emergency.				
At the time of or at any time since the most recent SOC/ROC assessment has the patient utilized a hospital emergency				
department (includes holding/observation status)? Enter Code 0 No -> Skip to M2410 Inpatient Facility				
Enter Code	0.	No → Skip to M2410, Inpatient Facility		
	1.	Yes, used hospital emergency department WITHOUT hospital admission		
	2.	Yes, used hospital emergency department WITH hospital admission		
	UK	Unknown → Skip to M2410, Inpatient Facility		
M2310. Reaso	n fo	r Emergent Care		
		did the patient seek and/or receive emergent care (with or without hospitalization)?		
		hat apply		
	1.	Improper medication administration, adverse drug reactions, medication side effects, toxicity, anaphylaxis		
		Hypo/Hyperglycemia, diabetes out of control		
	19.	Other than above reasons		
	UK	Reason unknown		
M2410 . To wh	ich I	npatient Facility has the patient been admitted?		
Enter Code	1.	Hospital		
	2.	Rehabilitation facility		
	3.	Nursing home		
	4.	Hospice		
	NA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		The second secon		
M2420. Disch	orao	Disnocition		
	_	•		
where is the p	oatie	nt after discharge from your agency? (Choose only one answer.)		
Enter Code	1	Patient remained in the community (without formal assistive services) → Skip to A2123, Provision of Current Reconciled		
Linter code	1.			
	2	Medication List to Patient at Discharge		
	2.	Patient remained in the community (with formal assistive services) → Continue to A2121, Provision of Current		
		Reconciled Medication List to Subsequent Provider at Discharge		
	3.	Patient transferred to a non-institutional hospice→ Continue to A2121, Provision of Current Reconciled Medication List		
		to Subsequent Provider at Discharge		
	4.	Unknown because patient moved to a geographic location not served by this agency → Skip to A2123, Provision of		
		Current Reconciled Medication List to Patient at Discharge		
	5.	UK Other unknown → Skip to A2123, Provision of Current Reconciled Medication List to Patient at Discharge		
A2121. Provis	ion c	of Current Reconciled Medication List to Subsequent Provider at Discharge		
		harge to another provider, did your agency provide the patient's current reconciled medication list to the		
subsequent pi				
Enter Code				
	0.	No – Current reconciled medication list not provided to the subsequent provider → Skip to A2123, Provision of Current		
		Reconciled Medication List to Patient at Discharge		
	1.	Yes – Current reconciled medication list provided to the subsequent provider → Continue to A2122, Route of Current		
		Reconciled Medication List Transmission to Subsequent Provider		
A2120. Provis	ion c	of Current Reconciled Medication List to Subsequent Provider at Transfer		
At the time of	tran	sfer to another provider, did your agency provide the patient's current reconciled medication list to the		
subsequent provider?				
Enter Code	0.	No– Current reconciled medication list not provided to the subsequent provider → Skip to J1800, Any Falls Since		
	٠.	SOC/ROC		
	1.	Yes – Current reconciled medication list provided to the subsequent provider→ Continue to A2122, Route of Current		
		Reconciled Medication List Transmission to Subsequent Provider		
	2.	NA – The agency was not made aware of this transfer timely \rightarrow Skip to J1800, Any Falls Since SOC/ROC		
		apond, as not make a ware or this transfer timer, / skip to 11000, /kiry rails since 500, not		

A2122 Route of Current Reconciled Medication List Transmission to	Subsequent Provider		
Indicate the route(s) of transmission of the current reconciled medica	tion list to the subsequent provider.		
Route of Transmission			
Noute of Transmission	↓ Check all that apply ↓		
A. Electronic Health Record			
B. Health Information Exchange Organization			
C. Verbal (e.g., in-person, telephone, video conferencing)			
D. Paper-based (e.g., fax, copies, printouts)			
E. Other Methods (e.g., texting, email, CDs)			
A2123. Provision of Current Reconciled Medication List to Patient at	Discharge		
At the time of discharge, did your facility provide the patient's current	reconciled medication list to the patient, family and/or		
caregiver?			
Enter Code 0. No— Current reconciled medication list not provided to Literacy	the patient, family and/or caregiver → Skip to B1300, Health		
1. Yes – Current reconciled medication list provided to th	e patient, family and/or caregiver→ Continue to A2124, Route of		
Current Reconciled Medication List Transmission to Pati	ent.		
A2124. Route of Current Reconciled Medication List Transmission to	Patient		
Indicate the route(s) of transmission of the current reconciled medica	tion list to the patient/family/caregiver.		
Route of Transmission			
	↓ Check all that apply ↓		
A. Electronic Health Record			
B. Health Information Exchange Organization			
C. Verbal (e.g., in-person, telephone, video conferencing)			
D. Paper-based (e.g., fax, copies, printouts)			
E. Other Methods (e.g., texting, email, CDs)			
Section B Hearing, Speech, and Vision			
B1300. Health Literacy			
How often do you need to have someone help you when you read instructions, pamphlets, or other written material from your			
doctor or pharmacy?			
Enter Code 0. Never			
1. Rarely			
2. Sometimes 3. Often			
4. Always			

The Single Item Literacy Screener is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-Noncommercial 4.0 International License.

Patient unable to respond

Section C	Cognitive Patterns			
M1700. Cogniti	ve Functioning			
Patient's current (day of assessment) level of alertness, orientation, comprehension, concentration, and immediate memory for				
simple comman	ds.			
Enter Code	0. Alert/oriented, able to focus and shift attention, comprehends and recalls task directions independently.			
	1. Requires prompting (cuing, repetition, reminders) only under stressful or unfamiliar conditions.			
	2. Requires assistance and some direction in specific situations (for example, on all tasks involving shifting of attention)			
	or consistently requires low stimulus environment due to distractibility.			
	3. Requires considerable assistance in routine situations. Is not alert and oriented or is unable to shift attention and			
	recall directions more than half the time.			
	4. Totally dependent due to disturbances such as constant disorientation, coma, persistent vegetative state, or delirium.			
M1710. When (Confused			
Reported or obs	served within the last 14 days.			
Enter Code	0. Never			
	1. In new or complex situations only			
	2. On awakening or at night only			
	3. During the day and evening, but not constantly			
	4. Constantly			
	NA Patient nonresponsive			
M1720. When A	Anxious			
Reported or obs	served within the last 14 days.			
Enter Code	0. None of the time			
	1. Less often than daily			
	2. Daily, but not constantly			
	3. All of the time			
	NA Patient nonresponsive			
C0100. Should I	Brief Interview for Mental Status (C0200-C0500) be Conducted?			
Attempt to con	duct interview with all patients.			
Enter Code				
	0. No (patient is rarely/never understood) → Skip to C1310 Signs and Symptoms of Delirium (from CAM ©)			
	1. Yes \rightarrow Continue to C0200, Repetition of Three Words			
Brief Interview	for Mental Status (BIMS)			
bilei iiiteiview	ioi Wentai Status (BiWS)			
CO200 Panatiti	on of Three Words			
Enter Code	Ask patient: "I am going to say three words for you to remember. Please repeat the words after I have said all three. The			
	words are: sock, blue, and bed . Now tell me the three words."			
	Number of words repeated after first attempt			
	0. None			
	1. One			
	2. Two			
	3. Three			
	After the patient's first attempt, repeat the words using cues ("sock, something to wear; blue, a color; bed, a piece of			
	and planting to mean black a color, bear a proceed and the second according to mean, black a color, bear, a piece of			

furniture"). You may repeat the words up to two more times.

C0300. Tempo	oral Orientation (Orientation to year, month, and day)		
Enter Code	Ask patient: "Please tell me what year it is right now."		
	A. Able to report correct year		
	0. Missed by > 5 years or no answer		
	1. Missed by 2-5 years		
	2. Missed by 1 year		
	3. Correct		
Enter Code	Ask patient: "What month are we in right now?"		
	B. Able to report correct month		
	0. Missed by > 1 month or no answer		
	1. Missed by 6 days to 1 month		
	2. Accurate within 5 days		
Enter Code	Ask patient: "What day of the week is today?"		
	C. Able to report correct day of the week		
	0. Incorrect or no answer		
	1. Correct		
C0400. Recall			
Enter Code	Ask patient: "Let's go back to an earlier question. What were those three words that I asked you to repeat?"		
	If unable to remember a word, give cue (something to wear; a color; a piece of furniture) for that word.		
	A. Able to recall "sock"		
	0. No – could not recall		
	1. Yes, after cueing ("something to wear")		
	2. Yes, no cue required		
Enter Code	B. Able to recall "blue"		
	0. No – could not recall		
	1. Yes, after cueing ("a color")		
	2. Yes, no cue required		
Enter Code	C. Able to recall "bed"		
	0. No – could not recall		
	1. Yes, after cueing ("a piece of furniture")		
	2. Yes, no cue required		
C0500. BIMS Su	ummary Score		
Enter Score	Add scores for questions C0200-C0400 and fill in total score (00-15)		
	Enter 99 if the patient was unable to complete the interview		

	m (from CAM©)				
Code after completing Brief Interview for Mental Status and reviewing medical record.					
A. Acute Onset of Mental Status Change					
	cute change in mental status from the patient's baseline?				
0. No					
1. Yes					
	↓ Enter Codes in Boxes				
	B. Inattention – Did the patient have difficulty focusing a				eing
Coding:	easily distractible or having difficulty keeping track of	what was b	peing s	aid?	
0. Behavior not present	C. Disorganized thinking – Was the patient's thinking dis	-			:
Behavior continuously present,	(rambling or irrelevant conversation, unclear or illogical flow of ideas, or unpredictable switching from subject to subject)?				
does not fluctuate					
2. Behavior present, fluctuates	D. Altered level of consciousness – Did the patient have	altered lev	el of co	onscio	usness,
(comes and goes, changes in	as indicated by any of the following criteria? • vigilant – startled easily to any sound or touch				
severity)	■ lethargic – repeatedly dozed off when being aske	ed question	ıs, but	respon	ded to
	voice or touch				
	stuporous – very difficult to arouse and keep aro	used for th	e inter	rview	
Adapted from Jacques SV, et al. App. Intern Med. 1000: 112	comatose – could not be aroused : 941-948. Confusion Assessment Method. Copyright 2003, Hospital Elder Life Program, LLC	Not to be rer	aradusas	1 without	
permission.	. 941-946. Conjusion Assessment Method. Copyright 2003, Hospital Elder Eije Program, EEC	NOT TO DE TEL	nouuceu	without	
Section D Mood					
D0150. Patient Mood Interview (PHQ-2	2+0.0\				
	have you been bothered by any of the following problems?"				
I If symptom is present, enter 1 (yes) in colun	nn 1. Symptom Presence.				
If symptom is present, enter 1 (yes) in colun If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab					
If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab	nn 1, Symptom Presence. out how often have you been bothered by this?" symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Symptom	Frequency.			
If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab	out how often have you been bothered by this?"	Frequency.		-	2.
If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the same and show the patient a card with the same and show the patient a card with the same and show the patient acred with the same and show the patient acred with the same and show the patient acred with the same acred w	out how often have you been bothered by this?" symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Symptom 2. Symptom Frequency 0. Never or 1 day	<u> </u>		Sym	ptom
If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the s 1. Symptom Presence 0. No (enter 0 in column 2) 1. Yes (enter 0-3 in column 2)	out how often have you been bothered by this?" symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Symptom 2. Symptom Frequency 0. Never or 1 day 1. 2-6 days (several days)	1. Sympto Presend	om ce	Sym Freq	ptom uency
If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the s 1. Symptom Presence 0. No (enter 0 in column 2) 1. Yes (enter 0-3 in column 2) 9. No response (leave column	out how often have you been bothered by this?" symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Symptom 2. Symptom Frequency 0. Never or 1 day 1. 2-6 days (several days) 2. 7-11 days (half or more of the days)	1. Sympto	om ce	Sym Freq	ptom uency
If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the standard show the patient a card with the standard show the patient a card with the standard show the patient and show the patient a card with the standard show the patient and show the standard show	out how often have you been bothered by this?" symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Symptom 2. Symptom Frequency 0. Never or 1 day 1. 2-6 days (several days) 2. 7-11 days (half or more of the days) 3. 12-14 days (nearly every day)	1. Sympto Presend	om ce	Sym Freq	ptom uency
If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the s 1. Symptom Presence 0. No (enter 0 in column 2) 1. Yes (enter 0-3 in column 2) 9. No response (leave column	out how often have you been bothered by this?" symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Symptom 2. Symptom Frequency 0. Never or 1 day 1. 2-6 days (several days) 2. 7-11 days (half or more of the days) 3. 12-14 days (nearly every day)	1. Sympto Presend	om ce	Sym Freq	ptom uency
If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the standard show the patient a card with the standard show the patient a card with the standard show the patient and show the patient a card with the standard show the patient and show the standard show	out how often have you been bothered by this?" symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Symptom 2. Symptom Frequency 0. Never or 1 day 1. 2-6 days (several days) 2. 7-11 days (half or more of the days) 3. 12-14 days (nearly every day)	1. Sympto Presend	om ce	Sym Freq	ptom uency
If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the standard show the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the standard show	out how often have you been bothered by this?" symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Symptom 2. Symptom Frequency 0. Never or 1 day 1. 2-6 days (several days) 2. 7-11 days (half or more of the days) 3. 12-14 days (nearly every day)	1. Sympto Present	om ce	Sym Freq	ptom uency
If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the standard and sh	out how often have you been bothered by this?" symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Symptom 2. Symptom Frequency 0. Never or 1 day 1. 2-6 days (several days) 2. 7-11 days (half or more of the days) 3. 12-14 days (nearly every day) ags CONTINUE asking the questions below. If not, END the PHQ interview.	1. Sympto Present	om ce	Sym Freq	ptom uency
If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the standard show the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the standard show	out how often have you been bothered by this?" symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Symptom 2. Symptom Frequency 0. Never or 1 day 1. 2-6 days (several days) 2. 7-11 days (half or more of the days) 3. 12-14 days (nearly every day) ags CONTINUE asking the questions below. If not, END the PHQ interview.	1. Sympto Present	om ce	Sym Freq	ptom uency
If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the standard and sh	out how often have you been bothered by this?" symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Symptom 2. Symptom Frequency 0. Never or 1 day 1. 2-6 days (several days) 2. 7-11 days (half or more of the days) 3. 12-14 days (nearly every day) ags CONTINUE asking the questions below. If not, END the PHQ interview.	1. Sympto Present	om ce	Sym Freq	ptom uency
If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the standard and sho	out how often have you been bothered by this?" symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Symptom 2. Symptom Frequency 0. Never or 1 day 1. 2-6 days (several days) 2. 7-11 days (half or more of the days) 3. 12-14 days (nearly every day) ags CONTINUE asking the questions below. If not, END the PHQ interview.	1. Sympto Present	om ce	Sym Freq	ptom uency
If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the standard and s	out how often have you been bothered by this?" symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Symptom 2. Symptom Frequency 0. Never or 1 day 1. 2-6 days (several days) 2. 7-11 days (half or more of the days) 3. 12-14 days (nearly every day) ags CONTINUE asking the questions below. If not, END the PHQ interview.	1. Sympto Present	om ce	Sym Freq	ptom uency
If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the s 1. Symptom Presence 0. No (enter 0 in column 2) 1. Yes (enter 0-3 in column 2) 9. No response (leave column 2 blank). A. Little interest or pleasure in doing thin B. Feeling down, depressed, or hopeless If either D150A2 or D150B2 is coded 2 or 3, C. Trouble falling or staying asleep, or sleep. D. Feeling tired or having little energy E. Poor appetite or overeating F. Feeling bad about yourself – or that yourself.	out how often have you been bothered by this?" symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Symptom 2. Symptom Frequency 0. Never or 1 day 1. 2-6 days (several days) 2. 7-11 days (half or more of the days) 3. 12-14 days (nearly every day) ags CONTINUE asking the questions below. If not, END the PHQ interview. Reping too much	1. Sympto Present	om ce	Sym Freq	ptom uency
If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the standard and s	out how often have you been bothered by this?" symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Symptom 2. Symptom Frequency 0. Never or 1 day 1. 2-6 days (several days) 2. 7-11 days (half or more of the days) 3. 12-14 days (nearly every day) ags CONTINUE asking the questions below. If not, END the PHQ interview. Seeping too much as reading the newspaper or watching television er people could have noticed. Or the opposite – being so	1. Sympto Present	om ce	Sym Freq	ptom uency
If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the standard and	out how often have you been bothered by this?" symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Symptom 2. Symptom Frequency 0. Never or 1 day 1. 2-6 days (several days) 2. 7-11 days (half or more of the days) 3. 12-14 days (nearly every day) ags CONTINUE asking the questions below. If not, END the PHQ interview. Reping too much as reading the newspaper or watching television er people could have noticed. Or the opposite – being so moving around a lot more than usual	1. Sympto Present	om ce	Sym Freq	ptom uency
If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the standard and	out how often have you been bothered by this?" Symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Symptom 2. Symptom Frequency 0. Never or 1 day 1. 2-6 days (several days) 2. 7-11 days (half or more of the days) 3. 12-14 days (nearly every day) ags CONTINUE asking the questions below. If not, END the PHQ interview. Seeping too much as reading the newspaper or watching television er people could have noticed. Or the opposite – being so moving around a lot more than usual idead, or of hurting yourself in some way	1. Sympto Present	om ce	Sym Freq	ptom uency
If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the standard and	out how often have you been bothered by this?" Symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Symptom 2. Symptom Frequency 0. Never or 1 day 1. 2-6 days (several days) 2. 7-11 days (half or more of the days) 3. 12-14 days (nearly every day) ags CONTINUE asking the questions below. If not, END the PHQ interview. Seeping too much as reading the newspaper or watching television er people could have noticed. Or the opposite – being so moving around a lot more than usual idead, or of hurting yourself in some way	1. Sympto Present	om ce	Sym Freq	ptom uency
If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "Ab Read and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the patient a card with the standard and show the standard and	out how often have you been bothered by this?" Symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Symptom 2. Symptom Frequency 0. Never or 1 day 1. 2-6 days (several days) 2. 7-11 days (half or more of the days) 3. 12-14 days (nearly every day) ags CONTINUE asking the questions below. If not, END the PHQ interview. Seeping too much as reading the newspaper or watching television er people could have noticed. Or the opposite – being so moving around a lot more than usual idead, or of hurting yourself in some way	1. Sympto Present	Scores	Sym Frequency in Box	ptom uency (es \

D0700. Social	Isolation
How often do	you feel lonely or isolated from those around you?
Enter Code	0. Never
	1. Rarely
	2. Sometimes
	3. Often
	4. Always
	8. Patient unable to respond
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Section E	Behavior
M1740 Cogni	tive, Behavioral, and Psychiatric Symptoms that are demonstrated at least once a week (reported or observed)
	all that apply
→ Clieck	Memory deficit: failure to recognize familiar persons/places, inability to recall events of past 24 hours,
	significant memory loss so that supervision is required
	Impaired decision-making: failure to perform usual ADLs or IADLs, inability to appropriately stop activities,
	jeopardizes safety through actions
	3. Verbal disruption: yelling, threatening, excessive profanity, sexual references, etc.
	4. Physical aggression : aggressive or combative to self and others (for example, hits self, throws objects, punches,
	dangerous maneuvers with wheelchair or other objects)
	5. Disruptive, infantile, or socially inappropriate behavior (excludes verbal actions)
	6. Delusional, hallucinatory, or paranoid behavior
	7. None of the above behaviors demonstrated
M1745. Frequ	ency of Disruptive Behavior Symptoms (reported or observed)
-	verbal, or other disruptive/dangerous symptoms that are injurious to self or others or jeopardize personal safety.
Enter Code	0. Never
	1. Less than once a month
	2. Once a month
	3. Several times each month
	4. Several times a week
	5. At least daily

Section F Preferences for Customary Routine Activities

	M1100. Patient Living Situation Which of the following best describes the patient's residential circumstance and availability of assistance?					
			Availability of Assistance			
Liv	ing Arrangement	Around the Clock	Regular Daytime	Regular Nighttime	Occasional/ Short-Term Assistance	No Assistance Available
			↓(Check one box o	nly↓	
A.	Patient lives alone	□01	□02	□03	□04	□ ₀₅
В.	Patient lives with other person(s) in the home	□06	□07	□ ₀₈	□ ₀₉	□ ₁₀
C.	Patient lives in congregate situation (for example, assisted living, residential care home)	□11	□ ₁₂	□13	□ ₁₄	□ ₁₅

SOC/ROC				
M2102. Types and Sources of Assistance				
Determine the ability and willingness of non-agency caregivers (such as family members, friends, or privately paid caregivers) to				
provide assista	nce for the following activities, if assistance is needed. Excludes all care by your agency staff.			
Enter Code	F. Supervision and safety (for example, due to cognitive impairment)			
	0. No assistance needed – patient is independent or does not have needs in this area			
1. Non-agency caregiver(s) currently provide assistance				
	2. Non-agency caregiver(s) need training/supportive services to provide assistance			
	3. Non-agency caregiver(s) are not likely to provide assistance OR it is unclear if they will provide assistance			
	4. Assistance needed, but no non-agency caregiver(s) available			

Discharge				
M2102. Types	and S	Sources of Assistance		
Determine the	abilit	ty and willingness of non-agency caregivers (such as family members, friends, or privately paid caregivers) to		
provide assista	nce f	for the following activities, if assistance is needed. Excludes all care by your agency staff.		
Enter Code A. ADL assistance (for example, transfer/ambulation, bathing, dressing, toileting, eating/feeding)				
		0. No assistance needed –patient is independent or does not have needs in this area		
		1. Non-agency caregiver(s) currently provide assistance		
		2. Non-agency caregiver(s) need training/supportive services to provide assistance		
		3. Non-agency caregiver(s) are not likely to provide assistance OR it is unclear if they will provide assistance		
		4. Assistance needed, but no non-agency caregiver(s) available		
Enter Code	C.	Medication administration (for example, oral, inhaled or injectable)		
		0. No assistance needed –patient is independent or does not have needs in this area		
		1. Non-agency caregiver(s) currently provide assistance		
		2. Non-agency caregiver(s) need training/supportive services to provide assistance		
		3. Non-agency caregiver(s) are not likely to provide assistance, OR it is unclear if they will provide assistance		
		4. Assistance needed, but no non-agency caregiver(s) available		
Enter Code	D.	Medical procedures/treatments (for example, changing wound dressing, home exercise program)		
		0. No assistance needed –patient is independent or does not have needs in this area		
		1. Non-agency caregiver(s) currently provide assistance		
		2. Non-agency caregiver(s) need training/supportive services to provide assistance		
		3. Non-agency caregiver(s) are not likely to provide assistance, OR it is unclear if they will provide assistance		
		4. Assistance needed, but no non-agency caregiver(s) available		
Enter Code	F.	Supervision and safety (for example, due to cognitive impairment)		
		0. No assistance needed –patient is independent or does not have needs in this area		
		1. Non-agency caregiver(s) currently provide assistance		
		2. Non-agency caregiver(s) need training/supportive services to provide assistance		
		3. Non-agency caregiver(s) are not likely to provide assistance, OR it is unclear if they will provide assistance		
		4 Assistance needed, but no non-agency caregiver(s) available		

M1800. Grooming Current ability to tend safely to personal hygiene needs (specifically: washing face and hands, hair care, shaving or make up, teeth or denture care, or fingernail care). Enter Code O. Able to groom self unaided, with or without the use of assistive devices or adapted methods. Grooming utensils must be placed within reach before able to complete grooming activities. Someone must assist the patient to groom self. Patient depends entirely upon someone else for grooming needs.

M1810. Curren	t Ability to Dress <u>Upper</u> Body safely (with or without dressing aids) including undergarments, pullovers, front-					
opening shirts a	and blouses, managing zippers, buttons, and snaps.					
Enter Code	0. Able to get clothes out of closets and drawers, put them on and remove them from the upper body without					
	assistance.					
	1. Able to dress upper body without assistance if clothing is laid out or handed to the patient.					
	2. Someone must help the patient put on upper body clothing.					
	3. Patient depends entirely upon another person to dress the upper body.					
M1820. Curren	t Ability to Dress Lower Body safely (with or without dressing aids) including undergarments, slacks, socks or					
nylons, shoes.						
Enter Code	0. Able to obtain, put on, and remove clothing and shoes without assistance.					
	1. Able to dress lower body without assistance if clothing and shoes are laid out or handed to the patient.					
	 Someone must help the patient put on undergarments, slacks, socks or nylons, and shoes. 					
	3. Patient depends entirely upon another person to dress lower body.					
	5. Tutient depends entirely apon unotites person to allow force. 2027.					
A44020 Dothina						
M1830. Bathing						
	to wash entire body safely. Excludes grooming (washing face, washing hands, and shampooing hair).					
Enter Code	0. Able to bathe self in shower or tub independently, including getting in and out of tub/shower.					
	1. With the use of devices, is able to bathe self in shower or tub independently, including getting in and out of the					
	tub/shower.					
	2. Able to bathe in shower or tub with the intermittent assistance of another person:					
	a. for intermittent supervision or encouragement or reminders, <u>OR</u>					
	b. to get in and out of the shower or tub, <u>OR</u>					
	c. for washing difficult to reach areas.					
	3. Able to participate in bathing self in shower or tub, but requires presence of another person throughout the bath for					
	assistance or supervision.					
	4. Unable to use the shower or tub, but able to bathe self independently with or without the use of devices at the sink,					
	in chair, or on commode.					
	5. Unable to use the shower or tub, but able to participate in bathing self in bed, at the sink, in bedside chair, or on					
	commode, with the assistance or supervision of another person.					
	6. Unable to participate effectively in bathing and is bathed totally by another person.					
M1840. Toilet T	ransferring					
	o get to and from the toilet or bedside commode safely and transfer on and off toilet/commode.					
Enter Code	Able to get to and from the toilet and transfer independently with or without a device.					
	1. When reminded, assisted, or supervised by another person, able to get to and from the toilet and transfer.					
	2. Unable to get to and from the toilet but is able to use a bedside commode (with or without assistance).					
	3. Unable to get to and from the toilet or bedside commode but is able to use a bedpan/urinal independently.					
	4. Is totally dependent in toileting.					
M1845. Toiletir	as Uusiana					
•	to maintain perineal hygiene safely, adjust clothes and/or incontinence pads before and after using toilet,					
	pan, urinal. If managing ostomy, includes cleaning area around stoma, but not managing equipment.					
Enter Code	0. Able to manage toileting hygiene and clothing management without assistance.					
	1. Able to manage toileting hygiene and clothing management without assistance if supplies/implements are laid out for					
	the patient.					
	2. Someone must help the patient to maintain toileting hygiene and/or adjust clothing.					

Patient depends entirely upon another person to maintain toileting hygiene.

M1850. Transf	erring						
	Current ability to move safely from bed to chair, or ability to turn and position self in bed if patient is bedfast.						
Enter Code	0. Able to independently transfe	Able to independently transfer.					
	1. Able to transfer with minimal	human assistance or with use of an assistive device.					
	2. Able to bear weight and pivo	t during the transfer process but unable to transfer self.					
	3. Unable to transfer self and is	unable to bear weight or pivot when transferred by another person.					
	4. Bedfast, unable to transfer bu	ut is able to turn and position self in bed.					
	5. Bedfast, unable to transfer ar	nd is unable to turn and position self					
M1860. Ambul	ation/Locomotion						
Current ability	to walk safely, once in a standing	position, or use a wheelchair, once in a seated position, on a variety of s	urfaces.				
Enter Code		n even and uneven surfaces and negotiate stairs with or without railings (speci					
	needs no human assistance o	r assistive device).					
	1. With the use of a one-handed	device (for example, cane, single crutch, hemi-walker), able to independently	walk on				
	even and uneven surfaces and	d negotiate stairs with or without railings.					
	2. Requires use of a two-handed	d device (for example, walker or crutches) to walk alone on a level surface and/	or				
	requires human supervision o	or assistance to negotiate stairs or steps or uneven surfaces.					
	3. Able to walk only with the su	pervision or assistance of another person at all times.					
	4. Chairfast, unable to ambulate	e but is able to wheel self independently.					
	5. Chairfast, unable to ambulate	e and is unable to wheel self.					
	6. Bedfast, unable to ambulate	or be up in a chair.					
Section GO	Functional Abilities	and Goals					
GG0100 Prior	Francisco Francisco Assistato						
GG0100. Prior Functioning: Everyday Activities							
Indicate the nation		vities prior to the current illness exacerbation or injury					
		vities prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or injury. ↓ Enter Codes in Boxes					
Coding:	ent's usual ability with everyday activ	↓ Enter Codes in Boxes	dressing.				
Coding: 3. Independ		→ Enter Codes in Boxes A. Self Care: Code the patient's need for assistance with bathing,	_				
Coding: 3. Independent activities	ent's usual ability with everyday actives and the second substitution of the second se	↓ Enter Codes in Boxes	_				
Coding: 3. Independent activities assistive helper.	dent's usual ability with everyday actived and the dent — Patient completed all the by him/herself, with or without an device, with no assistance from a	A. Self Care: Code the patient's need for assistance with bathing, using the toilet, and eating prior to the current illness, exacerb	ation, or				
3. Independent activities assistive helper. 2. Needed	dent – Patient completed all the by him/herself, with or without an device, with no assistance from a		ation, or istance h as cane,				
3. Independent activities assistive helper. 2. Needed assistance	dent's usual ability with everyday active dent – Patient completed all the by him/herself, with or without an device, with no assistance from a Some Help – Patient needed partial e from another person to complete	A. Self Care: Code the patient's need for assistance with bathing, using the toilet, and eating prior to the current illness, exacerb injury. B. Indoor Mobility (Ambulation): Code the patient's need for ass with walking from room to room (with or without a device suc crutch or walker) prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or i	istance h as cane, njury.				
3. Independent activities assistive helper. 2. Needed assistance any activities assistance any activities activities assistance any activities	dent's usual ability with everyday active dent – Patient completed all the by him/herself, with or without an device, with no assistance from a Some Help – Patient needed partial e from another person to complete ities.	A. Self Care: Code the patient's need for assistance with bathing, using the toilet, and eating prior to the current illness, exacerb injury. B. Indoor Mobility (Ambulation): Code the patient's need for ass with walking from room to room (with or without a device suc crutch or walker) prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or i	istance h as cane, njury. external				
3. Independent activities assistive helper. 2. Needed assistance any activities assistance any activities assistance and activities assistance and activities assistance and activities are activities assistance and activities assistance and activities assistance and activities assistance activities	dent's usual ability with everyday actived ent's usual ability with everyday actived ent – Patient completed all the by him/herself, with or without an device, with no assistance from a some Help – Patient needed partial e from another person to complete ities.	A. Self Care: Code the patient's need for assistance with bathing, using the toilet, and eating prior to the current illness, exacerb injury. B. Indoor Mobility (Ambulation): Code the patient's need for ass with walking from room to room (with or without a device suc crutch or walker) prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or i	istance h as cane, njury. external				
3. Independent activities assistive helper. 2. Needed assistance any activities activities	dent – Patient completed all the by him/herself, with or without an device, with no assistance from a Some Help – Patient needed partial e from another person to complete ities. ent – A helper completed all the for the patient.	A. Self Care: Code the patient's need for assistance with bathing, using the toilet, and eating prior to the current illness, exacerb injury. B. Indoor Mobility (Ambulation): Code the patient's need for ass with walking from room to room (with or without a device suc crutch or walker) prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or i	istance h as cane, njury. external prior to				
3. Independent activities assistive helper. 2. Needed assistance any activities assistance any activities assistance and activities assistance and activities assistance and activities are activities assistance and activities assistance and activities assistance and activities assistance activities	dent – Patient completed all the by him/herself, with or without an device, with no assistance from a Some Help – Patient needed partial e from another person to complete ities. ent – A helper completed all the for the patient.	A. Self Care: Code the patient's need for assistance with bathing, using the toilet, and eating prior to the current illness, exacerb injury. B. Indoor Mobility (Ambulation): Code the patient's need for ass with walking from room to room (with or without a device suc crutch or walker) prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or i C. Stairs: Code the patient's need for assistance with internal or estairs (with or without a device such as cane, crutch, or walker) the current illness, exacerbation or injury. D. Functional Cognition: Code the patient's need for assistance with patient's need for assistance with internal cognition:	istance h as cane, njury. external prior to				
3. Independent activities assistive helper. 2. Needed assistance any activities activities 8. Unknow	dent – Patient completed all the by him/herself, with or without an device, with no assistance from a Some Help – Patient needed partial e from another person to complete ities. ent – A helper completed all the for the patient.	A. Self Care: Code the patient's need for assistance with bathing, using the toilet, and eating prior to the current illness, exacerb injury. B. Indoor Mobility (Ambulation): Code the patient's need for ass with walking from room to room (with or without a device succrutch or walker) prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or i Stairs: Code the patient's need for assistance with internal or estairs (with or without a device such as cane, crutch, or walker) the current illness, exacerbation or injury. D. Functional Cognition: Code the patient's need for assistance with planning regular tasks, such as shopping or remembering to tall the current illness.	istance h as cane, njury. external prior to				
3. Independent activities assistive helper. 2. Needed assistance any activities activities 8. Unknow	dent – Patient completed all the by him/herself, with or without an device, with no assistance from a Some Help – Patient needed partial e from another person to complete ities. ent – A helper completed all the for the patient.	A. Self Care: Code the patient's need for assistance with bathing, using the toilet, and eating prior to the current illness, exacerb injury. B. Indoor Mobility (Ambulation): Code the patient's need for ass with walking from room to room (with or without a device suc crutch or walker) prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or i C. Stairs: Code the patient's need for assistance with internal or estairs (with or without a device such as cane, crutch, or walker) the current illness, exacerbation or injury. D. Functional Cognition: Code the patient's need for assistance with patient's need for assistance with internal cognition:	istance h as cane, njury. external prior to				
3. Independent activities assistive helper. 2. Needed assistant any activities activities 4. Dependent activities 8. Unknow 9. Not App	dent – Patient completed all the by him/herself, with or without an device, with no assistance from a Some Help – Patient needed partial e from another person to complete ities. ent – A helper completed all the for the patient. n licable	A. Self Care: Code the patient's need for assistance with bathing, using the toilet, and eating prior to the current illness, exacerb injury. B. Indoor Mobility (Ambulation): Code the patient's need for ass with walking from room to room (with or without a device succrutch or walker) prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or i Stairs: Code the patient's need for assistance with internal or estairs (with or without a device such as cane, crutch, or walker) the current illness, exacerbation or injury. D. Functional Cognition: Code the patient's need for assistance with planning regular tasks, such as shopping or remembering to tall the current illness.	istance h as cane, njury. external prior to				
3. Independent activities assistive helper. 2. Needed assistant any activities activitie	dent – Patient completed all the by him/herself, with or without an device, with no assistance from a Some Help – Patient needed partial e from another person to complete ities. ent – A helper completed all the for the patient. in icable Device Use	A. Self Care: Code the patient's need for assistance with bathing, using the toilet, and eating prior to the current illness, exacerb injury. B. Indoor Mobility (Ambulation): Code the patient's need for ass with walking from room to room (with or without a device suc crutch or walker) prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or i C. Stairs: Code the patient's need for assistance with internal or estairs (with or without a device such as cane, crutch, or walker) the current illness, exacerbation or injury. D. Functional Cognition: Code the patient's need for assistance with planning regular tasks, such as shopping or remembering to tall medication prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or injury.	istance h as cane, njury. external prior to				
3. Indepension activities assistive helper. 2. Needed assistant any activities activities 8. Unknow 9. Not App	dent – Patient completed all the by him/herself, with or without an device, with no assistance from a Some Help – Patient needed partial e from another person to complete ities. ent – A helper completed all the for the patient. in icable Device Use	A. Self Care: Code the patient's need for assistance with bathing, using the toilet, and eating prior to the current illness, exacerb injury. B. Indoor Mobility (Ambulation): Code the patient's need for ass with walking from room to room (with or without a device succrutch or walker) prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or i Stairs: Code the patient's need for assistance with internal or estairs (with or without a device such as cane, crutch, or walker) the current illness, exacerbation or injury. D. Functional Cognition: Code the patient's need for assistance with planning regular tasks, such as shopping or remembering to tall the current illness.	istance h as cane, njury. external prior to				
3. Indepension activities assistive helper. 2. Needed assistant any activities activities 8. Unknow 9. Not App	dent – Patient completed all the by him/herself, with or without an device, with no assistance from a some Help – Patient needed partial e from another person to complete ities. ent – A helper completed all the for the patient. ilicable Device Use and aids used by the patient prior to	A. Self Care: Code the patient's need for assistance with bathing, using the toilet, and eating prior to the current illness, exacerb injury. B. Indoor Mobility (Ambulation): Code the patient's need for ass with walking from room to room (with or without a device suc crutch or walker) prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or i C. Stairs: Code the patient's need for assistance with internal or estairs (with or without a device such as cane, crutch, or walker) the current illness, exacerbation or injury. D. Functional Cognition: Code the patient's need for assistance with planning regular tasks, such as shopping or remembering to tall medication prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or injury.	istance h as cane, njury. external prior to				
3. Indepension activities assistive helper. 2. Needed assistant any activities activities 8. Unknow 9. Not App	dent – Patient completed all the by him/herself, with or without an device, with no assistance from a Some Help – Patient needed partial e from another person to complete ities. ent – A helper completed all the for the patient. icable Device Use and aids used by the patient prior to all that apply	A. Self Care: Code the patient's need for assistance with bathing, using the toilet, and eating prior to the current illness, exacerb injury. B. Indoor Mobility (Ambulation): Code the patient's need for ass with walking from room to room (with or without a device suc crutch or walker) prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or i stairs (with or without a device such as cane, crutch, or walker) the current illness, exacerbation or injury. D. Functional Cognition: Code the patient's need for assistance with internal or explanning regular tasks, such as shopping or remembering to tain medication prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or injury.	istance h as cane, njury. external prior to				
3. Indepension activities assistive helper. 2. Needed assistant any activities activities 8. Unknow 9. Not App	dent – Patient completed all the by him/herself, with or without an device, with no assistance from a device partial e from another person to complete ities. Int – A helper completed all the for the patient. In dicable Device Use and aids used by the patient prior to all that apply A. Manual wheelchair	A. Self Care: Code the patient's need for assistance with bathing, using the toilet, and eating prior to the current illness, exacerb injury. B. Indoor Mobility (Ambulation): Code the patient's need for ass with walking from room to room (with or without a device suc crutch or walker) prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or i stairs (with or without a device such as cane, crutch, or walker) the current illness, exacerbation or injury. D. Functional Cognition: Code the patient's need for assistance with internal or explanning regular tasks, such as shopping or remembering to tain medication prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or injury.	istance h as cane, njury. external prior to				
3. Indepension activities assistive helper. 2. Needed assistant any activities activities 8. Unknow 9. Not App	dent – Patient completed all the by him/herself, with or without an device, with no assistance from a device, with no assistance from a some Help – Patient needed partial e from another person to complete ities. Ent – A helper completed all the for the patient. In dicable Device Use and aids used by the patient prior to all that apply A. Manual wheelchair B. Motorized wheelchair and/or C. Mechanical lift D. Walker	A. Self Care: Code the patient's need for assistance with bathing, using the toilet, and eating prior to the current illness, exacerb injury. B. Indoor Mobility (Ambulation): Code the patient's need for ass with walking from room to room (with or without a device suc crutch or walker) prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or i stairs (with or without a device such as cane, crutch, or walker) the current illness, exacerbation or injury. D. Functional Cognition: Code the patient's need for assistance with internal or explanning regular tasks, such as shopping or remembering to tain medication prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or injury.	istance h as cane, njury. external prior to				
3. Indepension activities assistive helper. 2. Needed assistant any activities activities 8. Unknow 9. Not App	dent – Patient completed all the by him/herself, with or without an device, with no assistance from a device patient needed partial e from another person to complete ities. In the A helper completed all the for the patient. In dicable Device Use and aids used by the patient prior to all that apply A. Manual wheelchair B. Motorized wheelchair and/or C. Mechanical lift	A. Self Care: Code the patient's need for assistance with bathing, using the toilet, and eating prior to the current illness, exacerb injury. B. Indoor Mobility (Ambulation): Code the patient's need for ass with walking from room to room (with or without a device suc crutch or walker) prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or i stairs (with or without a device such as cane, crutch, or walker) the current illness, exacerbation or injury. D. Functional Cognition: Code the patient's need for assistance with internal or explanning regular tasks, such as shopping or remembering to tain medication prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or injury.	istance h as cane, njury. external prior to				

SOC/ROC

GG0130. Self-Care

Code the patient's usual performance at SOC/ROC for each activity using the 6-point scale. If activity was not attempted at SOC/ROC, code the reason. Code the patient's discharge goal(s) using the 6-point scale. Use of codes 07, 09, 10 or 88 is permissible to code discharge goal(s).

Coding:

Safety and **Quality of Performance** – If helper assistance is required because patient's performance is unsafe or of poor quality, score according to amount of assistance provided.

Activities may be completed with or without assistive devices.

- 06. Independent Patient completes the activity by him/herself with no assistance from a helper.
- 05. **Setup or clean-up assistance** Helper sets up or cleans up; patient completes activity. Helper assists only prior to or following the activity.
- 04. **Supervision or touching assistance** Helper provides verbal cues and/or touching/steadying and/or contact guard assistance as patient completes activity. Assistance may be provided throughout the activity or intermittently.
- 03. Partial/moderate assistance Helper does LESS THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts, holds or supports trunk or limbs, but provides less than half the effort.
- 02. **Substantial/maximal assistance** Helper does MORE THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts or holds trunk or limbs and provides more than half the effort.
- 01. **Dependent** Helper does ALL of the effort. Patient does none of the effort to complete the activity. Or, the assistance of 2 or more helpers is required for the patient to complete the activity.

- 07. Patient refused
- 09. Not applicable Not attempted and the patient did not perform this activity prior to the current illness, exacerbation or injury.
- 10. Not attempted due to environmental limitations (e.g., lack of equipment, weather constraints)
- 88. Not attempted due to medical conditions or safety concerns

33. 1101 4110	p.cc. auc to m	calcul contained of surecy contecting
1.	2.	
SOC/ROC	Discharge	
Performance	Goal	
↓Enter Code	es in Boxes↓	
		A. Eating: The ability to use suitable utensils to bring food and/or liquid to the mouth and swallow food and/or liquid once the meal is placed before the patient.
		B. Oral Hygiene: The ability to use suitable items to clean teeth. Dentures (if applicable): The ability to insert and remove dentures into and from mouth, and manage denture soaking and rinsing with use of equipment.
		C. Toileting Hygiene: The ability to maintain perineal hygiene, adjust clothes before and after voiding or having a bowel movement. If managing an ostomy, include wiping the opening but not managing equipment.
		E. Shower/bathe self: The ability to bathe self, including washing, rinsing, and drying self (excludes washing of back and hair). Does not include transferring in/out of tub/shower.
		F. Upper Body Dressing: The ability to dress and undress above the waist; including fasteners, if applicable.
		G. Lower Body Dressing: The ability to dress and undress below the waist, including fasteners; does not include footwear.
		H. Putting on/Taking off Footwear: The ability to put on and take off socks and shoes or other footwear that is appropriate for safe mobility; including fasteners, if applicable.

Follow-up

GG0130. Self-Care

Code the patient's usual performance at Follow-Up for each activity using the 6-point scale. If activity was not attempted at Follow-Up, code the reason.

Coding:

Safety and **Quality of Performance** – If helper assistance is required because patient's performance is unsafe or of poor quality, score according to amount of assistance provided.

Activities may be completed with or without assistive devices.

- 06. Independent Patient completes the activity by him/herself with no assistance from a helper.
- 05. **Setup or clean-up assistance** Helper sets up or cleans up; patient completes activity. Helper assists only prior to or following the activity.
- 04. **Supervision or touching assistance** Helper provides verbal cues and/or touching/steadying and/or contact guard assistance as patient completes activity. Assistance may be provided throughout the activity or intermittently.
- 03. **Partial/moderate assistance** Helper does LESS THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts, holds or supports trunk or limbs, but provides less than half the effort.
- 02. **Substantial/maximal assistance** Helper does MORE THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts or holds trunk or limbs and provides more than half the effort.
- 01. **Dependent** Helper does ALL of the effort. Patient does none of the effort to complete the activity. Or, the assistance of 2 or more helpers is required for the patient to complete the activity.

- 07. Patient refused
- 09. Not applicable Not attempted and the patient did not perform this activity prior to the current illness, exacerbation or injury.
- 10. Not attempted due to environmental limitations (e.g., lack of equipment, weather constraints)
- 88. Not attempted due to medical conditions or safety concerns

oo. Not atteni	pred due to medical conditions of safety concerns
4.	
Follow-Up	
Performance	
Enter Codes	
in Boxes	
\downarrow	
	A. Eating: The ability to use suitable utensils to bring food and/or liquid to the mouth and swallow food and/or liquid once the meal is placed before the patient.
	B. Oral Hygiene: The ability to use suitable items to clean teeth. Dentures (if applicable): The ability to insert and remove dentures into and from mouth, and manage denture soaking and rinsing with use of equipment.
	C. Toileting Hygiene: The ability to maintain perineal hygiene, adjust clothes before and after voiding or having a bowel movement. If managing an ostomy, include wiping the opening but not managing equipment.

Discharge

GG0130. Self-Care

Code the patient's usual performance at Discharge for each activity using the 6-point scale. If activity was not attempted at Discharge, code the reason.

Coding:

Safety and **Quality of Performance** – If helper assistance is required because patient's performance is unsafe or of poor quality, score according to amount of assistance provided.

Activities may be completed with or without assistive devices.

- 06. **Independent** Patient completes the activity by him/herself with no assistance from a helper.
- 05. **Setup or clean-up assistance** Helper sets up or cleans up; patient completes activity. Helper assists only prior to or following the activity.
- 04. **Supervision or touching assistance** Helper provides verbal cues and/or touching/steadying and/or contact guard assistance as patient completes activity. Assistance may be provided throughout the activity or intermittently.
- 03. Partial/moderate assistance Helper does LESS THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts, holds or supports trunk or limbs, but provides less than half the effort.
- 02. **Substantial/maximal assistance** Helper does MORE THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts or holds trunk or limbs and provides more than half the effort.
- 01. **Dependent** Helper does ALL of the effort. Patient does none of the effort to complete the activity. Or, the assistance of 2 or more helpers is required for the patient to complete the activity.

- 07. Patient refused
- 09. Not applicable Not attempted and the patient did not perform this activity prior to the current illness, exacerbation or injury.
- 10. Not attempted due to environmental limitations (e.g., lack of equipment, weather constraints)
- 88. Not attempted due to medical conditions or safety concerns

3.	·
Discharge	
Performance	
Enter Codes	
in Boxes	
<u> </u>	
	A. Eating: The ability to use suitable utensils to bring food and/or liquid to the mouth and swallow food and/or liquid once the meal placed before the patient.
	B. Oral Hygiene: The ability to use suitable items to clean teeth. Dentures (if applicable): The ability to insert and remove dentures into and from mouth, and manage denture soaking and rinsing with use of equipment.
	C. Toileting Hygiene: The ability to maintain perineal hygiene, adjust clothes before and after voiding or having a bowel movement. If managing an ostomy, include wiping the opening but not managing equipment.
	E. Shower/bathe self: The ability to bathe self, including washing, rinsing, and drying self (excludes washing of back and hair). Does not include transferring in/out of tub/shower.
	F. Upper body dressing: The ability to dress and undress above the waist; including fasteners, if applicable.
	G. Lower body dressing: The ability to dress and undress below the waist, including fasteners; does not include footwear.
	H. Putting on/taking off footwear: The ability to put on and take off socks and shoes or other footwear that is appropriate for safe mobility; including fasteners, if applicable.

SOC/ROC

GG0170. Mobility

Code the patient's usual performance at SOC/ROC for each activity using the 6-point scale. If activity was not attempted at SOC/ROC, code the reason. Code the patient's discharge goal(s) using the 6-point scale. Use of codes 07, 09, 10 or 88 is permissible to code discharge goal(s)

Coding:

Safety and Quality of Performance – If helper assistance is required because patient's performance is unsafe or of poor quality, score according to amount of assistance provided.

Activities may be completed with or without assistive devices.

- 06. Independent Patient completes the activity by him/herself with no assistance from a helper.
- 05. Setup or clean-up assistance Helper sets up or cleans up; patient completes activity. Helper assists only prior to or following the
- 04. Supervision or touching assistance Helper provides verbal cues and/or touching/steadying and/or contact guard assistance as patient completes activity. Assistance may be provided throughout the activity or intermittently.
- 03. Partial/moderate assistance Helper does LESS THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts, holds or supports trunk or limbs, but provides less than half the effort.
- 02. Substantial/maximal assistance Helper does MORE THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts or holds trunk or limbs and provides more than half the effort.
- 01. Dependent Helper does ALL of the effort. Patient does none of the effort to complete the activity. Or, the assistance of 2 or more helpers is required for the patient to complete the activity.

- 07. Patient refused
- 09. Not applicable Not attempted and the patient did not perform this activity prior to the current illness, exacerbation or injury.
- 10. Not attempted due to environmental limitations (e.g., lack of equipment, weather constraints)

•		ar conditions or safety concerns
1.	2.	
SOC/ROC	Discharge	
Performance	Goal	
↓Enter Codes	in Boxes↓	
		A. Roll left and right: The ability to roll from lying on back to left and right side, and return to lying on back on the bed
		B. Sit to lying: The ability to move from sitting on side of bed to lying flat on the bed.
		C. Lying to sitting on side of bed: The ability to move from lying on the back to sitting on the side of the bed with no back support.
		D. Sit to stand: The ability to come to a standing position from sitting in a chair, wheelchair, or on the side of the bed.
		E. Chair/bed-to-chair transfer: The ability to transfer to and from a bed to a chair (or wheelchair).
		F. Toilet transfer: The ability to get on and off a toilet or commode.
		G. Car transfer: The ability to transfer in and out of a car or van on the passenger side. Does not include the ability to open/close door or fasten seat belt.
		I. Walk 10 feet: Once standing, the ability to walk at least 10 feet in a room, corridor, or similar space.
		If SOC/ROC performance is coded 07, 09, 10 or 88, $ ightharpoonup$ Skip to GG0170M, Mobility, 1 step (curb)
		J. Walk 50 feet with two turns: Once standing, the ability to walk 50 feet and make two turns.
		K. Walk 150 feet: Once standing, the ability to walk at least 150 feet in a corridor or similar space.
		L. Walking 10 feet on uneven surfaces: The ability to walk 10 feet on uneven or sloping surfaces (indoor or outdoor), such as turf or gravel.
		M. 1 step (curb): The ability to go up and down a curb or up and down one step. If SOC/ROC performance is coded 07, 09, 10 or 88, → Skip to GG0170P, Mobility, Picking up object.
		N. 4 steps: The ability to go up and down four steps with or without a rail.
		If SOC/ROC performance is coded 07, 09, 10 or 88, \rightarrow Skip to GG0170P, Mobility, Picking up object.
		O. 12 steps: The ability to go up and down 12 steps with or without a rail.
		. ,
SOC/ROC GG0170). Mobility – Cor	ntinued

1.	2.	
SOC/ROC	Discharge	
Performance	Goal	
		P. Picking up object : The ability to bend/stoop from a standing position to pick up a small object, such as a spoon, from the floor.
		Q1. Does patient use wheelchair and/or scooter?
		0. No \rightarrow Skip to M1600, Urinary Tract Infection
		1. Yes \rightarrow Continue to GG0170R, Wheel 50 feet with two turns
		R. Wheel 50 feet with two turns: Once seated in wheelchair/scooter, the ability to wheel at least 50 feet
		and make two turns.
		RR1. Indicate the type of wheelchair or scooter used.
		1. Manual
		2. Motorized
		S. Wheel 150 feet: Once seated in wheelchair/scooter, the ability to wheel at least 150 feet in a corridor
		or similar space.
		SS1. Indicate the type of wheelchair or scooter used.
		1. Manual
		2. Motorized

Follow-up

GG0170. Mobility

Code the patient's usual performance at Follow-Up for each activity using the 6-point scale. If activity was not attempted at Follow-Up code the reason.

Coding:

Safety and **Quality of Performance** – If helper assistance is required because patient's performance is unsafe or of poor quality, score according to amount of assistance provided.

Activities may be completed with or without assistive devices.

- 06. Independent Patient completes the activity by him/herself with no assistance from a helper.
- 05. **Setup or clean-up assistance** Helper sets up or cleans up; patient completes activity. Helper assists only prior to or following the activity.
- 04. **Supervision or touching assistance** Helper provides verbal cues and/or touching/steadying and/or contact guard assistance as patient completes activity. Assistance may be provided throughout the activity or intermittently.
- 03. Partial/moderate assistance Helper does LESS THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts, holds or supports trunk or limbs, but provides less than half the effort.
- 02. **Substantial/maximal assistance** Helper does MORE THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts or holds trunk or limbs and provides more than half the effort.
- 01. **Dependent** Helper does ALL of the effort. Patient does none of the effort to complete the activity. Or, the assistance of 2 or more helpers is required for the patient to complete the activity.

- 07. Patient refused
- 09. Not applicable Not attempted and the patient did not perform this activity prior to the current illness, exacerbation or injury.
- 10. Not attempted due to environmental limitations (e.g., lack of equipment, weather constraints)
- 88. Not attempted due to medical conditions or safety concerns

Follow-up	
GG0170. Mobility	
Code the patient's usu	ual performance at Follow-Up for each activity using the 6-point scale. If activity was not attempted at
Follow-Up code the re	eason.
4.	
Follow-up	
Performance	
Enter Codes in Boxes	
\downarrow	
	A. Roll left and right: The ability to roll from lying on back to left and right side, and return to lying on back on the bed.
	B. Sit to lying: The ability to move from sitting on side of bed to lying flat on the bed.
	C. Lying to sitting on side of bed: The ability to move from lying on the back to sitting on the side of the bed with no back support.
	D. Sit to stand: The ability to come to a standing position from sitting in a chair, wheelchair, or on the side of the bed.
	E. Chair/bed-to-chair transfer: The ability to transfer to and from a bed to a chair (or wheelchair).
	F. Toilet transfer: The ability to get on and off a toilet or commode.
	I. Walk 10 feet: Once standing, the ability to walk at least 10 feet in a room, corridor, or similar space.
	If Follow-Up performance is coded 07, 09, 10 or 88 \rightarrow Skip to GG0170M, 1 step (curb).
	J. Walk 50 feet with two turns: Once standing, the ability to walk 50 feet and make two turns.
	L. Walking 10 feet on uneven surfaces: The ability to walk 10 feet on uneven or sloping surfaces (indoor or outdoor), such as turf or gravel.
	M. 1 step (curb): The ability to go up and down a curb or up and down one step.
	If Follow-up performance is coded 07, 09, 10 or 88, \rightarrow Skip to GG0170Q, Does patient use wheelchair and/or scooter?
	N. 4 steps: The ability to go up and down four steps with or without a rail.
	Q4. Does patient use wheelchair and/or scooter?
	0. No → Skip to M1033, Risk for Hospitalization
	1. Yes→ Continue to GG0170R, Wheel 50 feet with two turns
	R. Wheel 50 feet with two turns: Once seated in wheelchair/scooter, the ability to wheel at least 50 feet and make
	two turns.

Discharge

GG0170. Mobility

Code the patient's usual performance at Discharge for each activity using the 6-point scale. If activity was not attempted at Discharge, code the reason.

Coding:

Safety and **Quality of Performance** – If helper assistance is required because patient's performance is unsafe or of poor quality, score according to amount of assistance provided.

Activities may be completed with or without assistive devices.

- 06. **Independent** Patient completes the activity by him/herself with no assistance from a helper.
- 05. **Setup or clean-up assistance** Helper sets up or cleans up; patient completes activity. Helper assists only prior to or following the activity.
- 04. **Supervision or touching assistance** Helper provides verbal cues and/or touching/steadying and/or contact guard assistance as patient completes activity. Assistance may be provided throughout the activity or intermittently.
- 03. Partial/moderate assistance Helper does LESS THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts, holds or supports trunk or limbs, but provides less than half the effort.
- 02. **Substantial/maximal assistance** Helper does MORE THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts or holds trunk or limbs and provides more than half the effort.
- 01. **Dependent** Helper does ALL of the effort. Patient does none of the effort to complete the activity. Or, the assistance of 2 or more helpers is required for the patient to complete the activity.

If activity was not attempted, code reason:

07. Patient refused

Discharge					
GG0170. Mobility					
-	Code the patient's usual performance at Discharge for each activity using the 6-point scale. If activity was not attempted at				
•	scharge, code the reason.				
	licable – Not attempted and the patient did not perform this activity prior to the current illness, exacerbation or injury.				
	mpted due to environmental limitations (e.g., lack of equipment, weather constraints)				
•	ted due to medical conditions or safety concerns				
-					
3.					
Discharge					
Performance					
Enter Codes					
in Boxes					
+					
	A. Roll left and right: The ability to roll from lying on back to left and right side, and return to lying on back on the bed.				
	B. Sit to lying: The ability to move from sitting on side of bed to lying flat on the bed.				
	C. Lying to sitting on side of bed: The ability to move from lying on the back to sitting on the side of the bed with with no back support.				
	D. Sit to stand: The ability to come to a standing position from sitting in a chair, wheelchair, or on the side of the bed.				
	E. Chair/bed-to-chair transfer: The ability to transfer to and from a bed to a chair (or wheelchair).				
	F. Toilet transfer: The ability to get on and off a toilet or commode.				
	G. Car Transfer: The ability to transfer in and out of a car or van on the passenger side. Does not include the ability to open/close door or fasten seat belt.				
	•				
	I. Walk 10 feet: Once standing, the ability to walk at least 10 feet in a room, corridor, or similar space. If Discharge performance is coded 07, 09, 10 or 88 , \rightarrow Skip to GG0170M, 1 step (curb).				
	J. Walk 50 feet with two turns: Once standing, the ability to walk 50 feet and make two turns.				
	K. Walk 150 feet: Once standing, the ability to walk at least 150 feet in a corridor or similar space.				
	L. Walking 10 feet on uneven surfaces: The ability to walk 10 feet on uneven or sloping surfaces (indoor or outdoor), such as turf or gravel.				
	M. 1 step (curb): The ability to go up and down a curb or up and down one step.				
	If Discharge performance is coded 07, 09, 10 or 88, $ ightarrow$ Skip to GG0170P, Mobility, Picking up object.				
	N. 4 steps: The ability to go up and down four steps with or without a rail.				
	If Discharge performance is coded 07, 09, 10 or 88, $ ightarrow$ Skip to GG0170P, Mobility, Picking up object.				
	O. 12 steps: The ability to go up and down 12 steps with or without a rail.				
	P. Picking up object : The ability to bend/stoop from a standing position to pick up a small object, such as a spoon, from				
	the floor.				
	Q3. Does patient use wheelchair and/or scooter?				
	0. No → Skip to M1600, Urinary Tract Infection				
	 1. Yes → Continue to GG0170R, Wheel 50 feet with two turns R. Wheel 50 feet with two turns: Once seated in wheelchair/scooter, the ability to wheel at least 50 feet and make two 				
	R. Wheel 50 feet with two turns: Once seated in wheelchair/scooter, the ability to wheel at least 50 feet and make two turns.				
	RR3. Indicate the type of wheelchair or scooter used.				
	1. Manual				
	2. Motorized				
	S. Wheel 150 feet: Once seated in wheelchair/scooter, the ability to wheel at least 150 feet in a corridor or similar space.				
	SS3. Indicate the type of wheelchair or scooter used.				
	1. Manual				
	2. Motorized				

Section H		Bladder and Bowel			
M1600. Has t	his pa	atient been treated for a Urinary Tract Infectio	n in the past 14 days?		
Enter Code	0.	No			
	1.	Yes			
	NA	Patient on prophylactic treatment			
	UK	Unknown [Omit "UK" option on DC]			
M1610. Urina	ary In	continence or Urinary Catheter Presence			
Enter Code	0.	No incontinence or catheter (includes anuria or ost	omy for urinary drainage)		
	1.	Patient is incontinent			
	2.	Patient requires a urinary catheter (specifically: ext	ernal, indwelling, intermittent, or suprapubic)		
M1620. Bow	el Inc	ontinence Frequency			
Enter Code	0.	Very rarely or never has bowel incontinence			
	1.	Less than once weekly			
	2.	One to three times weekly			
	3.	Four to six times weekly			
	4.	On a daily basis			
	5.	More often than once daily			
	NA	Patient has ostomy for bowel elimination			
	UK	Unknown [Omit "UK" option on DC]			
M1630. Osto	my fo	or Bowel Elimination			
Does this pat	ient h	have an ostomy for bowel elimination that (with	in the last 14 days): a) was related to an inpatient facility stay;		
or b) necessit	ated	a change in medical or treatment regimen?			
Enter Code	0.	Patient does not have an ostomy for bowel elimina	tion.		
	1.	Patient's ostomy was not related to an inpatient st	ay and did <u>not</u> necessitate change in medical or treatment regimen.		
	2.	The ostomy \underline{was} related to an inpatient stay or $\underline{\text{did}}$	necessitate change in medical or treatment regimen.		
Section I		Active Diagnoses			
N/1029 Activ	o Dia	gnoses – Comorbidities and Co-existing Condi	tions		
		ce Manual for a complete list of relevant ICD-10			
1		hat apply	codes.		
→ Cliec		Peripheral Vascular Disease (PVD) or Peripheral Ar	terial Disease (PAD)		
		Diabetes Mellitus (DM)	icital Discase (1 AD)		
		None of the above			
5. None of the above					
M1021. Primary Diagnosis & M1023. Other Diagnoses					
	u., , _	Column 1	Column 2		
Diagnoses (Sequ	encing	of diagnoses should reflect the seriousness of each	ICD-10-CM and symptom control rating for each condition. Note that the		
condition and su	pport 1	the disciplines and services provided)	sequencing of these ratings may not match the sequencing of the diagnoses		
M1021. Prim	ary D	iagnosis			
			V, W, X, Y codes NOT allowed		
A			A. 0 0 1 0 0 1 4		

M1023. Othe	er Dia	gnoses			
			All ICD-10-CM codes allowed		
В			в.	□ 0 □1 □2 □3 □4	
				□ 0 □1 □2 □3 □4	
с			c.	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Б	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			□ 0 □1 □2 □3 □4	
D			D		
E			E.	□ 0 □1 □2 □3 □4	
F.				□ 0 □1 □2 □3 □4	
г			F		
		1.1 6 1			
Section J		Health Conditions			
M1033. Risk	for H	ospitalization			
		wing signs or symptoms characterize this patier	nt as at risk for hospitalization?		
		hat apply			
		History of falls (2 or more falls – or any fall with an	injury – in the past 12 months)		
		Unintentional weight loss of a total of 10 pounds of	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
		Multiple hospitalizations (2 or more) in the past 6			
		Multiple emergency department visits (2 or more)			
	5. Decline in mental, emotional, or behavioral status in the past 3 months 6. Reported or observed history of difficulty complying with any medical instructions (for example, medications,				
	l	diet, exercise) in the past 3 months	is with any medical motivations from the	ample, medications,	
		Currently taking 5 or more medications			
		Currently reports exhaustion			
		Other risk(s) not listed in 1-8			
		None of the above			
10510 Dain 5	-tt+	on Class			
J0510. Pain E		•			
Enter Code		patient: "Over the past 5 days, how much of the time		=	
	0.	Does not apply – I have not had any pain or hurting	g in the past 5 days \rightarrow Skip to M1400, S	hort of Breath at SOC/ROC; Skip	
		to J1800 Any Falls Since SOC/ROC at DC			
		Rarely or not at all			
		Occasionally			
		Frequently			
	4.	Almost constantly			
	8.	Unable to answer			
J0520. Pain I	nterfe	erence with Therapy Activities			
Enter Code		patient: "Over the past 5 days, how often have you I	imited your participation in rehabilitat	ion therapy sessions due to	
	pain			on and ap, seed one are to	
	ı .	Does not apply – I have not received rehabilitation	therapy in the past 5 days		
	II .	Rarely or not at all	therapy in the past 3 days		
		Occasionally			
	l				
		Frequently			
		Almost constantly			
	l a	Unable to answer			

J0530. Pain Interference with Day-to-Day	Activities					
Enter Code Ask patient: "Over the past 5 days, how often you have limited your day-to-day activities (excluding rehabilitation therapy						
session) because of pain?"						
1. Rarely or not at all						
2. Occasionally						
3. Frequently	·					
4. Almost constantly						
8. Unable to answer						
o. Chable to answer						
14000 Ave Falls Cines COC/DOC exhists and						
J1800. Any Falls Since SOC/ROC, whicheve						
Indicate the patient's usual ability with eve		• • •				
	nce SOC/ROC, whichever is more rec					
		5, Medication Intervention at TRN and DAH				
1. Yes → Continue to J1	900, Number of Falls Since SOC/ROC					
J1900. Number of Falls Since SOC/ROC, w	· .					
	↓ Enter Codes in Boxes					
		e of any injury is noted on physical assessment by the nurse				
Coding:		an; no complaints of pain or injury by the patient; no change				
0. None		or is noted after the fall				
1. One		Skin tears, abrasions, lacerations, superficial bruises,				
2. Two or more		ns; or any fall-related injury that causes the patient to				
	complain of pain	have a second based in the				
	consciousness, subdur	actures, joint dislocations, closed head injuries with altered				
	Consciousness, subdui	artiematoma				
M1400. When is the patient dyspneic or no	-					
Enter Code 0. Patient is not short of bre						
1. When walking more than 20 feet, climbing stairs						
2. With moderate exertion (for example, while dressing, using commode or bedpan, walking distances less than 20 feet)						
3. With minimal exertion (for example, while eating, talking, or performing other ADLs) or with agitation						
4. At rest (during day or night)						
Section K Swallowing/Nutri	Section K Swallowing/Nutritional Status					
M1060. Height and Weight – While measu	uring if the number is V 1-V 1 rou	nd down: Y 5 or greater round up				
WITOOO. Height and Weight — Willie meast	ining, if the number is $\lambda.1$ - $\lambda.4$ rou	illa down, x.3 or greater round up.				
A. Height (in inches). Record	most recent height measure since th	e most recent SOC/ROC				
inches						
B. Weight (in pounds). Base v	B. Weight (in pounds). Base weight on most recent measure in last 30 days; measure weight consistently, according to					
standard agency practice (for example in a meafter voiding before meal, with shoes off, etc.)						
pounds standard agency practice (for example, in a.m. arter voluing, serore meal, with shoes on, etc.)						
SOC/ROC						
K0520. Nutritional Approaches						
1. On Admission						
Check all of the nutritional approaches that apply on admission On Admission						
A. Parenteral/IV feeding						
B. Feeding tube (e.g., nasogastric or abdominal (PEG))						
C. Mechanically altered diet – require change						
(e.g., pureed food, thickened liquids)	c in texture or rood or riquids					
	ow chalesteral)					
D. Therapeutic diet (e.g., low salt, diabetic, low cholesterol)						

None of the above

Dis	charge		Discharge					
Discharge K0520. Nutritional Approaches								
4.	Last 7 day		ii Approdelies	4.	5.			
•	•	•	e nutritional approaches that were received in the last 7 days	Last 7 days	At discharge			
5.	At dischar		and the last radys		that apply ↓			
٠.		•	e nutritional approaches that were being received at discharge		,			
Α.	Parentera			П	П			
			e.g., nasogastric or abdominal (PEG))					
C.			Itered diet – require change in texture of food or liquids					
		-	ood, thickened liquids)					
D.	Therapeut	tic di	et (e.g., low salt, diabetic, low cholesterol)					
Z.	None of th	he ab	ove					
			-					
Cur pre		y to	feed self meals and snacks safely. Note: This refers only to d to be eaten. Able to independently feed self.	the process of <u>eating</u> , <u>chew</u>	ring, and <u>swallowing</u> , <u>not</u>			
		1.	Able to feed self independently but requires:					
			a. meal set-up; OR					
			b. intermittent assistance or supervision from another pers	on; <u>OR</u>				
		c. a liquid, pureed or ground meat diet.						
		2. Unable to feed self and must be assisted or supervised throughout the meal/snack.						
		3. Able to take in nutrients orally <u>and</u> receives supplemental nutrients through a nasogastric tube or gastrostomy.						
	4. Unable to take in nutrients orally and is fed nutrients through a nasogastric tube or gastrostomy.							
	5. Unable to take in nutrients orally or by tube feeding.							
Section M Skin Conditions								
M1	. 306. Does	this	patient have at least one Unhealed Pressure Ulcer/Injury	at Stage 2 or Higher or desi	ignated as Unstageable?			
(Excludes Stage 1 pressure injuries and all healed pressure ulcers/injuries)								
Ent	er Number	0.	$No \rightarrow$ Skip to M1322, Current Number of Stage 1 Pressure Inju	ries at SOC/ROC; Skip to M1324	l, Stage of Most Problematic			
	Unhealed Pressure Ulcer/Injury that is Stageable at DC							
	1. Yes							
M1307. The Oldest Stage 2 Pressure Ulcer that is present at discharge: (Excludes healed Stage 2 pressure ulcers)								
Ente	ter Number 1. Was present at the most recent SOC/ROC assessment							
		2.	Developed since the most recent SOC/ROC assessment. Recor	d date pressure ulcer first ident	tified:			
	Month Day Year NA No Stage 2 pressure ulcers are present at discharge							

SOC/ROC		
M1311. Curre	ent N	lumber of Unhealed Pressure Ulcers/Injuries at Each Stage
Enter Number	A1.	Stage 2: Partial thickness loss of dermis presenting as a shallow open ulcer with a red or pink wound bed, without slough.
		May also present as an intact or open/ruptured blister.
		Number of Stage 2 pressure ulcers
Enter Number	B1.	Stage 3: Full thickness tissue loss. Subcutaneous fat may be visible but bone, tendon, or muscle is not exposed. Slough may
		be present but does not obscure the depth of tissue loss. May include undermining and tunneling.
Fatar Nambar		Number of Stage 3 pressure ulcers
Enter Number	C1.	Stage 4: Full thickness tissue loss with exposed bone, tendon, or muscle. Slough or eschar may be present on some parts of
		the wound bed. Often includes undermining and tunneling. Number of Stage 4 pressure ulcers
Enter Number	D4	• •
	D1.	Unstageable: Non-removable dressing/device: Known but not stageable due to non-removable dressing/device Number of unstageable pressure ulcers/injuries due to non-removable dressing/device
Fatar Nambar		
Enter Number	E1.	Unstageable: Slough and/or eschar: Known but not stageable due to coverage of wound bed by slough and/or eschar
		Number of unstageable pressure ulcers due to coverage of wound bed by slough and/or eschar
Enter Number	F1.	Unstageable: Deep tissue injury
		Number of unstageable pressure injuries presenting as deep tissue injury
Discharge		
M1311. Curre	ent N	lumber of Unhealed Pressure Ulcers/Injuries at Each Stage
Enter Number	A1.	Stage 2: Partial thickness loss of dermis presenting as a shallow open ulcer with a red or pink wound bed, without slough.
		May also present as an intact or open/ruptured blister.
		Number of Stage 2 pressure ulcers – If $0 \rightarrow$ Skip to M1311B1, Stage 3
Enter Number	A2.	Number of these Stage 2 pressure ulcers that were present at most recent SOC/ROC
		– enter how many were noted at the time of most recent SOC/ROC
Enter Number	B1.	Stage 3: Full thickness tissue loss. Subcutaneous fat may be visible but bone, tendon, or muscle is not exposed. Slough may
		be present but does not obscure the depth of tissue loss. May include undermining and tunneling.
		Number of Stage 3 pressure ulcers – If $0 \rightarrow$ Skip to M1311C1, Stage 4
Enter Number	В2.	Number of these Stage 3 pressure ulcers that were present at most recent SOC/ROC
		 enter how many were noted at the time of most recent SOC/ROC
Enter Number	C1.	Stage 4: Full thickness tissue loss with exposed bone, tendon, or muscle. Slough or eschar may be present on some parts of
	I	the constant had Often includes undergoining and toppoling

Intact skin wi	ent Number of Stage 1 Pressure Injuries th non-blanchable redness of a localized area usually over a bony prominence. Darkly pigmented skin may not have ching; in dark skin tones only it may appear with persistent blue or purple hues.
Enter Code	0
Litter code	1
	2
	3
	4 or more
M1324. Stage	e of Most Problematic Unhealed Pressure Ulcer/Injury that is Stageable
Excludes pres	ssure ulcer/injury that cannot be staged due to a non-removable dressing/device, coverage of wound bed by slough
7	r, or deep tissue injury.
Enter Code	1. Stage 1
	2. Stage 2
	3. Stage 3
	4. Stage 4
	NA Patient has no pressure ulcers/injuries or no stageable pressure ulcers/injuries
144220 D	
	this patient have a Stasis Ulcer?
Enter Code	0. No → Skip to M1340, Surgical Wound
	1. Yes, patient has BOTH observable and unobservable stasis ulcers
	2. Yes, patient has observable stasis ulcers ONLY 2. Yes, patient has unphasmable stasis ulcers ONLY (known but not observable due to non removable drassing (device)
	3. Yes, patient has unobservable stasis ulcers ONLY (known but not observable due to non-removable dressing/device)
	→ Skip to M1340, Surgical Wound
N44222 C	and Name bear of Charle III and A About and Observable
	ent Number of Stasis Ulcer(s) that are Observable
Enter Code	1. One
	2. Two
	3. Three
	4. Four
N41224 Ct-t-	on of Mark Buchlamatic Charic Illian that is Obsamushla
	us of Most Problematic Stasis Ulcer that is Observable
Enter Code	 Fully granulating Early/partial granulation
	3. Not healing
	5. Not healing
M1340. Does	this patient have a Surgical Wound?
Enter Code	0. No → Skip to N0415, High-Risk Drug Classes: Use and Indication
	1. Yes, patient has at least one observable surgical wound
	2. Surgical wound known but not observable due to non-removable dressing/device → Skip to N0415, High-Risk Drug
	Classes: Use and Indication
	s of Most Problematic Surgical Wound that is Observable
Enter Code	0. Newly epithelialized
	1. Fully granulating
	2. Early/partial granulation
	3. Not healing

Section N		Medications		
SOC/ROC and	Disc	harge		
N0415. High-R	isk l	Drug Classes: Use and Indication		
	•	ient is taking any medications by pharmacological ot how it is used, in the following classes		
2. Indication	note	d	1. Is Taking	2. Indication Noted
		hecked, check if there is an indication noted for all the drug class	↓ Check all ti	nat apply ↓
A. Antipsycho	tic			
E. Anticoagula	nt			
F. Antibiotic				
H. Opioid				
I. Antiplatele	t			
J. Hypoglyce r	nic (i	including insulin)		
Z. None of the	Ab	ove		
M2001. Drug Regimen Review Did a complete drug regimen review identify potential clinically significant medication issues? Enter Code 0. No − No issues found during review → Skip to M2010, Patient/Caregiver High-Risk Drug Education 1. Yes − Issues found during review 9. NA − Patient is not taking any medications → Skip to O0110, Special Treatments, Procedures, and Programs				
M2003. Medication Follow-up Did the agency contact a physician (or physician-designee) by midnight of the next calendar day and complete prescribed/recommended actions in response to the identified potential clinically significant medication issues?				
Enter Code 0. No 1. Yes				
M2005. Medication Intervention				
Did the agency	cor	ntact and complete physician (or physician-designee) time potential clinically significant medication issues		
Enter Code				
	-	aregiver High-Risk Drug Education regiver received instruction on special precautions for	or all high-risk medications (su	ch as hypoglycemics,

NA Patient not taking any high-risk drugs OR patient/caregiver fully knowledgeable about special precautions associated

0.

1.

No

Enter Code

anticoagulants, etc.) and how and when to report problems that may occur?

with all high-risk medications

	-	aregiver Drug Education Intervention					
At the time of,	, or a	at any time since the most recent SOC/ROC assessment, was the patient/caregiver instructed by agency staff or					
other health care provider to monitor the effectiveness of drug therapy, adverse drug reactions, and significant side effects, and							
how and wher	n to r	report problems that may occur?					
Enter Code	0.	0. No					
	1.	Yes					
	NA	Patient not taking any drugs					
M2020. Mana	gem	ent of Oral Medications					
Patient's curre	ent a	bility to prepare and take <u>all</u> oral medications reliably and safely, including administration of the correct dosage					
at the appropr	riate	times/intervals. Excludes injectable and IV medications. (NOTE: This refers to ability, not compliance or					
willingness.)							
Enter Code	0.	Able to independently take the correct oral medication(s) and proper dosage(s) at the correct times.					
	1.	Able to take medication(s) at the correct times if:					
		a. individual dosages are prepared in advance by another person; OR					
		b. another person develops a drug diary or chart.					
	2.	Able to take medication(s) at the correct times if given reminders by another person at the appropriate times					
	3.	<u>Unable</u> to take medication unless administered by another person.					
	NA	· · ·					
M2030. Mana	gem	ent of Injectable Medications					
Patient's curre	ent a	bility to prepare and take <u>all</u> prescribed injectable medications reliably and safely, including administration of					
correct dosage	e at t	he appropriate times/intervals. <u>Excludes</u> IV medications.					
Enter Code	0.	Able to independently take the correct medication(s) and proper dosage(s) at the correct times.					
	1.	Able to take injectable medication(s) at the correct times if:					
		a. individual syringes are prepared in advance by another person; OR					
		b. another person develops a drug diary or chart.					
	2.	Able to take medication(s) at the correct times if given reminders by another person based on the frequency of the					
		injection					
	3.	<u>Unable</u> to take injectable medication unless administered by another person.					
	NA	No injectable medications prescribed.					

Section O Special Treatment, Procedures, and Programs

SOC/ROC	
O0110. Special Treatments, Procedures, and Programs	a. On Admission
Check all of the following treatments, procedures, and programs that apply on admission.	Check all that apply
	<u> </u>
Cancer Treatments	
A1. Chemotherapy	
A2. IV	
A3. Oral	
A10. Other	
B1. Radiation	
Respiratory Therapies	
C1. Oxygen Therapy	
C2. Continuous	
C3. Intermittent	
C4. High-concentration	
D1. Suctioning	
D2. Scheduled	
D3. As needed	
E1. Tracheostomy Care	
F1. Invasive Mechanical Ventilator (ventilator or respirator)	
G1. Non-invasive Mechanical Ventilator	
G2. BIPAP	
G3. CPAP	
Other	
H1. IV Medications	
H2. Vasoactive medications	
H3. Antibiotics	
H4. Anticoagulation	
H10. Other	
I1. Transfusions	
J1. Dialysis	
J2. Hemodialysis	
J3. Peritoneal dialysis	
O1. IV Access	
O2. Peripheral	
O3. Mid-line	
O4. Central (e.g., PICC, tunneled, port)	
None of the Above	
Z1. None of the Above	

Discharge O0110 Special Treatments Precedures and Pregrams	c. At Discharge			
D0110. Special Treatments, Procedures, and Programs Check all of the following treatments, procedures, and programs that apply at discharge.	Check all that apply			
check all of the following treatments, procedures, and programs that apply at discharge.	↓			
Cancer Treatments				
A1. Chemotherapy				
A2 IV				
A3. Oral				
A10. Other				
B1. Radiation				
Respiratory Therapies				
C1. Oxygen Therapy				
C2. Continuous				
C3. Intermittent				
C4. High-concentration				
D1. Suctioning				
D2. Scheduled				
D3. As needed				
E1. Tracheostomy Care				
F1. Invasive Mechanical Ventilator (ventilator or respirator)				
G1. Non-invasive Mechanical Ventilator				
G2. BiPAP				
G3. CPAP				
Other				
H1. IV Medications				
H2. Vasoactive medications				
H3. Antibiotics				
H4. Anticoagulation				
H10.Other				
I1. Transfusions				
J1. Dialysis				
J2. Hemodialysis				
J3. Peritoneal dialysis				
O1. IV Access				
O2. Peripheral				
O3. Mid-line				
O4. Central (e.g., PICC, tunneled, port)				
None of the Above				
Z1. None of the Above				
M1041. Influenza Vaccine Data Collection Period				
Does this episode of care (SOC/ROC to Transfer/Discharge) include any dates on or between Octob	per 1 and March 31?			
Enter Code 0. No → Skip to M2401, Intervention Synopsis				
1. Yes → Continue to M1046, Influenza Vaccine Received				

			a vaccine Received						
			eceive the influenza						
Ente	r Code	1.	Yes; received from your agency during this episode of care (SOC/ROC to Transfer/Discharge)						
		2.	Yes; received from your agency during a prior episode of care (SOC/ROC to Transfer/Discharge)						
_		3.	Yes; received from another health care provider (for example, physician, pharmacist)						
		4.	No; patient offered and declined						
		5.	No; patient assessed and determined to have medical contraindication(s)						
		6.	No; not indicated – patient does not meet age/condition guidelines for influenza vaccine						
			No; inability to obtain v		_	_			
			·			_	n those listed in responses 4-7.		
M22	200. The	erapy	Need						
				e Medicar	re payment (episode for whi	ch this assessment will define a case mix group, what is		
			•			*	ysical, occupational, and speech-language pathology		
			? (Enter zero ["000"]				yoraa, oocapanona, ana opecon iangaage patirology		
VISIC	3 COMB	- Incur	•		•		occupational and speech-language pathology		
			combined		isits maicatea	(total of physical,	occupational and special language pathology		
		Пм	A – Not Applicable: No c	•	ın defined hy t	this assessment			
			A Not Applicable, No c	asc IIIIx groc	ap defined by t	4330331110110.			
Sed	ction	Q	Participation	n in Ass	essment	and Goal S	Setting		
M2	101. Int	erven	ition Synopsis						
			•	most rec	ant SOC/PO	Caccaccment v	were the following interventions BOTH included in the		
							_		
pny:	Sician-o	ruere	d plan of care AND ir	пріетені	eur (Mark o	niy one box in e	racii row.)		
						Not			
Plan	/Interve	ention		No	Yes	Applicable			
				↓Check	only one box	c in each row↓			
							Every standardized, validated multi-factor fall risk		
_	F-11			□₀		□ _{NA}	assessment conducted at or since the most recent		
В.	Falls pre	eventi	on interventions			□ NA	SOC/ROC assessment indicates the patient has no risk for		
							falls.		
							Patient has no diagnosis of depression AND every		
C.	Donrocc	cion in	tervention(s) such as				standardized, validated depression screening conducted at		
C.	•		• •				or since the most recent SOC/ROC assessment indicates the		
		cation, referral for other		□ 0		□NA	patient has: 1) no symptoms of depression; or 2) has some		
			a monitoring plan				symptoms of depression but does not meet criteria for		
for cu		ent tre	eatment				further evaluation of depression based on screening tool		
							used.		
_		,	\				Every standardized, validated pain assessment conducted		
D.			s) to monitor and	\Box_0		□NA	at or since the most recent SOC/ROC assessment indicates		
	mitigate	e pain					the patient has no pain.		
							Every standardized, validated pressure ulcer risk		
E. Interver		ntion(s	s) to prevent				assessment conducted at or since the most recent		
				□ 0	□ 1	□ NA	SOC/ROC assessment indicates the patient is not at risk of		

 \square 1

 \Box_0

 \square NA

developing pressure ulcers.

Patient has no pressure ulcers OR has no pressure ulcers

for which moist wound healing is indicated.

Pressure ulcer treatment based on

principles of moist wound healing