



A

Academic library: An academic library is the library for a degree-granting institution of higher education. It provides all of the following: (1) an organized collection of printed or other materials or a combination thereof; (2) a staff trained to provide and interpret such materials; (3) an established schedule in which services of the staff are available; and (4) the physical facilities necessary to support such a collection, staff, and schedule.

Achievement levels: Achievement levels, which are set through a National Assessment Governing Board process, define what students should know and be able to do at different levels of performance. In the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), the achievement levels are *Basic*, *Proficient*, and *Advanced*. The definitions of these levels, which apply across all grades and subject areas, are as follows:

Basic: This level denotes partial mastery of prerequisite knowledge and skills that are fundamental for proficient work at each grade.

Proficient: This level represents solid academic performance for each grade assessed. Students reaching this level have demonstrated competency over challenging subject matter, including subject-matter knowledge, application of such knowledge to real-world situations, and analytical skills appropriate to the subject matter.

Advanced: This level signifies superior performance.

Allocated time: Allocated time refers to the total number of hours per year a student is required to attend school. Allocated time can then be divided into instructional and noninstructional time. (See Instructional time and Noninstructional time.)

Appropriations (institutional revenues): An amount (other than a grant or contract) re-

ceived from or made available to an institution through an act of a legislative body.

Associate's degree: A degree granted for the successful completion of a subbaccalaureate program of studies, usually requiring at least 2 years (or the equivalent) of full-time collegelevel study.

B

Bachelor's degree: A degree granted for the successful completion of a baccalaureate program of studies, usually requiring at least 4 years (or the equivalent) of full-time college-level study.

C

Cohort: A group of persons who share one or more particular statistical or demographic characteristics, such as having received their bachelor's degree in a certain year or range of years.

Combined schools: A combined school has one or more of grades K–6 and one or more of grades 9–12. For example, schools with grades K–12, 6–9, or 1–12 are classified as combined schools.

Community college: A commonly used term for a public 2-year institution, which provides 2-year programs that lead to a certificate or an associate's degree or that fulfill part of the requirements for a bachelor's degree or higher at a 4-year institution.

Conservative Christian school: A school with membership in at least one of the following four associations: Accelerated Christian Education, American Association of Christian Schools, Association of Christian Schools International, or Oral Roberts University Education Fellowship.

Constant dollars: Dollar amounts that have been adjusted by means of price and cost

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indexes to eliminate inflationary factors and allow direct comparison across years.

Consumer price index (CPI): This price index measures the average change in the cost of a fixed-market basket of goods and services purchased by consumers.

D

Derive meaning from text: A reading skill measured in the Early Childhood Longitudinal Study, Kindergarten Class of 1998 (ECLS–K). An example of this reading skill is using background knowledge combined with sentence cues to understand the use of homonyms.

Diocesan school: A private Catholic school serving students in one or more grades K–12 that is the domain of a bishop.

Dropout: The term is used to describe both the event of leaving school before graduating and the status of an individual who is not in school and who is not a graduate. Transferring from a public school to a private school, for example, is not regarded as a dropout event. A person who drops out of school may later return and graduate but is called a "dropout" at the time he or she left school. At the time the person returns to school, he or she is called a "stopout." Measures to describe these often complicated behaviors include the event dropout rate (or the closely related school persistence rate), the status dropout rate, and the high school completion rate. (See Status dropout rate.)

E

Education specialist degree: A post-master's degree that focuses on the study of applied instruction, administration, counseling, and curriculum development. Some Ed.S. degrees offer specialization in areas such as early childhood education, health and physical education, educational leadership, and special education.

Educational attainment: The highest level of schooling attended and completed.

Elementary school: An elementary/secondary school with one or more grades of K–6 that does not have any grade higher than grade 8. For example, schools with grades K–6, 1–3, or 6–8 are classified as elementary.

Elementary/secondary school: As reported in this publication, elementary/secondary schools include regular schools (i.e., schools that are part of state and local school systems and private elementary/secondary schools, both religiously affiliated and nonsectarian); alternative schools; vocational education schools; and special education schools. Schools not reported here include subcollegiate departments of postsecondary institutions, residential schools for exceptional children, federal schools for American Indians or Alaska Natives, and federal schools on military posts and other federal installations.

Employment status: The employment status of civilian, noninstitutionalized individuals in the population is indicated by whether they are in the labor force or not. If they are employed either full time or part time or unemployed but looking for work they are in the labor force; otherwise, they are not.

End-of-course examination: End-of-course examinations are taken to meet curriculum standards.

English as a Second Language (ESL) programs: Programs that provide intensive instruction in English for students with limited English proficiency.

Exit examination: A state-defined test, or series of tests, which students must pass in order to graduate from high school. The examination and all of its components are established by the state and vary greatly. End-of-course examina-

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tions are taken to meet curriculum standards; minimum competency examinations assess baseline knowledge; and standards-based examinations are aligned with state-adopted requirements at a particular grade level.

Extended response: Extended-response questions are open-ended questions that allow students to provide detailed written answers to questions. The length of a written response may vary from a short phrase or list to a multipage composition written to respond to a specific writing prompt.

F

Four-year institution: Denotes a postsecondary institution that can award a bachelor's degree or higher.

Free lunch eligibles: (See National school lunch program.)

Full-time worker: One who is employed for 35 or more hours per week, including paid leave for illness, vacation, and holidays. Hours may be reported either for a survey reference week or for the previous calendar year, in which case they refer to the usual hours worked.

G

GED certificate: (See High school equivalency certificate.)

GED recipient: A person who has obtained certification of high school equivalency by meeting state requirements and passing an approved exam, which is intended to provide an appraisal of the person's achievement or performance in the broad subject matter areas usually required for high school graduation.

Gross domestic product (GDP): Gross national product less net property income from abroad. Both gross national product (GNP) and gross domestic product (GDP) aggregate only the incomes of residents of a nation, corporate and

individual, derived directly from the current production of goods and services by individuals, businesses, and government, gross private domestic investment in infrastructure, and total exports of goods and services. The goods and services included are largely those bought for final use (excluding illegal transactions) in the market economy. A number of inclusions, however, represent imputed values, the most important of which is rental value of owner-occupied housing.

Н

High school: A secondary school offering the final years of high school study necessary for graduation, usually including grades 10, 11, and 12 (in a 6-3-3 plan) or grades 9, 10, 11, and 12 (in a 6-2-4 plan).

High school completion: An individual has completed high school if he or she has been awarded a high school diploma or an equivalent credential, including a General Educational Development (GED) credential.

High school diploma: A formal document regulated by the state certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies. In some states or communities, high school diplomas are differentiated by type, such as an academic diploma, a general diploma, or a vocational diploma.

High school equivalency certificate: A formal document certifying that an individual has met the state requirements for high school graduation equivalency by obtaining satisfactory scores on an approved examination and meeting other performance requirements (if any) set by a state education agency or other appropriate body. One particular version of this certificate is the GED. The GED (General Educational Development) test is a comprehensive test used primarily to appraise the educational development of students who

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have not completed their formal high school education and who may earn a high school equivalency certificate through achieving satisfactory scores. GEDs are awarded by the states or other agencies, and the test is developed and distributed by the GED Testing Service of the American Council on Education.

Homeschool: Students are considered to be homeschooled if (1) they are ages 5–17 in a grade equivalent to at least kindergarten and no higher than 12th grade; (2) their parents report them as being schooled at home instead of at a public or private school for at least part of their education; and (3) their part-time enrollment in public or private schools does not exceed 25 hours a week. Students who are schooled at home only because of a temporary illness are not considered to be homeschooled students.

Industrialized country: A country with a market economy comprising a significant portion of world production and trade markets.

Instructional time: Instructional time refers to the portion of the school day that is allocated to instruction. (See also Allocated time and Noninstructional time.)

Interpreting beyond text: A reading skill measured in the Early Childhood Longitudinal Study, Kindergarten Class of 1998 (ECLS–K). An example of this reading skill is making connections between problems in a narrative and similar life problems.

Language minority students: Students for whom English is not their primary home language and who may or may not be able to speak English very well.

Limited-English-proficient: The term limited-English-proficient, when used with respect to an individual, means an individual who is enrolled or preparing to enroll in an elementary school or secondary school, who was not born in the United States or whose native language is a language other than English or who comes from an environment where a language other than English has had a significant impact on the individual's level of English language proficiency, or who is migratory, whose native language is a language other than English, and who comes from an environment where a language other than English is dominant, and whose difficulties in speaking, reading, writing, or understanding the English language may be sufficient to deny the individual the ability to meet the state's proficient level of achievement on state assessments as specified under the No Child Left Behind Act, the ability to successfully achieve in classrooms where the language of instruction is English, or the opportunity to participate fully in society.

Literal inference: A reading skill measured in the Early Childhood Longitudinal Study, Kindergarten Class of 1998 (ECLS–K). An example of this reading skill is recognizing the comparison being made in a simile.

M

Mathematics literacy: An individual's capacity to identify and understand the role that mathematics plays in the world, to make well-founded judgments, and to use and engage with mathematics in ways that meet the needs of that individual's life as a constructive, concerned, and reflective citizen.

Median: The median is a measure of central tendency on a scale indicating where a population is centered. The median of the population is the point on the scale that divides the population in half. Half of the population will have values that are equal to or larger than the median, and half will have values that are smaller than the median.

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Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA): A geographic entity designated by the federal Office of Management and Budget for use by federal statistical agencies. A metropolitan statistical area (MSA) is a metropolitan area (MA) that is not closely associated with another MA. An MSA consists of one or more counties, except in New England, where MSAs are defined in terms of county subdivisions (primarily cities and towns). (See also *supplemental note 1*.)

Middle school: A separately organized and administered school between the elementary and senior high schools. When called a "junior high school," a middle school usually includes grades 7, 8, and 9 (in a 6-3-3 plan) or grades 7 and 8 (in a 6-2-4 plan). In some districts, however, a middle school spans grades 5 to 8 or grades 6 to 8.

Minimum competency examination: Minimum competency examinations assess baseline knowledge.

Multiple choice: Multiple-choice questions ask students to identify one or more correct answers from a list of possible responses.

1

National school lunch program: Established by President Truman in 1946, the program is a federally assisted meal program operated in public and private nonprofit schools and residential child care centers. To be eligible, a student must be from a household with an income at 185 percent of the poverty level for reduced-price lunch or 130 percent of the poverty level for free lunch.

Nonfatal crime: Crimes, whether theft, violent crimes, or serious violent crimes, without fatalities.

Noninstructional time: Noninstructional time refers to the portion of the school day allocated

to such activities as lunch, recess, school assemblies, and other nonclassroom activities. (See allocated time and instructional time.)

Nonsectarian school: A private school whose curriculum and operation are independent of religious orientation and influence in all but incidental ways.



Ordinality and sequence: As used in the Early Childhood Longitudinal Study, Kindergarten Class of 1998 (ECLS–K), this mathematics skill is an understanding of the relative position of objects.

Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD): The OECD is an organization of 30 nations (as of 2002) whose purpose is to promote trade and economic growth in both member and nonmember nations. OECD's activities cover almost all aspects of economic and social policy. The current member countries include Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Korea, Luxembourg, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovak Republic, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and the United States.



Parochial school: A private Catholic school serving students in one or more grades K–12 that is the domain of a local church parish.

Place value: As used in the Early Childhood Longitudinal Study, Kindergarten Class of 1998 (ECLS–K), this mathematics skill involves demonstrating an understanding of place value in integers to the hundreds place.

Prekindergarten: Public preprimary education for children ages 3–4 (ages 3–5 in some states)

who have not yet entered kindergarten. It may offer a program of general education or special education and, in some states, may be part of a collaborative effort with Head Start. Private preprimary educational programs are typically referred to as "center-based programs."

Private school or institution: A school or institution that is controlled by an individual or agency other than a state, a subdivision of a state, or the federal government; that is usually not supported primarily by public funds; and that is not operated by publicly elected or appointed officials.

Problem solving: An individual's capacity to use cognitive processes to confront and resolve real, cross-disciplinary situations where the solution is not immediately obvious, and where the literacy domains or curricular areas that might be applicable are not within a single domain of mathematics, science, or reading.

Property tax: The sum of money collected from a tax levied against the value of property.

Public charter school: A public charter school is a publicly funded school that, in accordance with an enabling statute, has been granted a charter exempting it from selected state or local rules and regulations. A public charter school may be a newly created school or it may previously have been a public or private school. In return for funding and autonomy, the charter school must meet accountability standards. A school's charter is reviewed (typically every 3 to 5 years) and can be revoked if guidelines on curriculum and management are not followed or the standards are not met. (See also Public school.)

Public school: An institution that provides educational services for at least one of grades 1–12 (or comparable ungraded levels), has one or more teachers to give instruction, is located in one or more buildings, receives public funds as primary support, and is operated by an educa-

tion or chartering agency. Public schools include regular, special education, vocational/technical, alternative, and public charter schools. They also include schools in juvenile detention centers, schools located on military bases and operated by the Department of Defense, and Bureau of Indian Affairs-funded schools operated by local public school districts.

R

Rate and measurement: As used in the Early Childhood Longitudinal Study, Kindergarten Class of 1998 (ECLS–K), this mathematics skill involves using rate and measurement to solve word problems.

Religious private school: A school with a designated religious orientation or purpose, which is not supported primarily by public funds. It must provide instruction for one or more of grades K–12 (or comparable ungraded levels) and have one or more teachers. Organizations or institutions that provide support for homeschooling but do not offer classroom instruction for students are not included.

Revenues from federal sources: Revenues from federal sources include direct grants-in-aid from the federal government; federal grants-in-aid through the state or an intermediate agency; and other revenue, in lieu of taxes that would have accrued had the tax base been subject to taxation.

Revenues from local sources: Revenues from local sources include revenues from a local education agency (LEA), including taxes levied or assessed by an LEA; revenues from a local government to the LEA; tuition received; transportation fees; earnings on investments from LEA holdings; net revenues from food services (gross receipts less gross expenditures); net revenues from student activities (gross receipts less gross expenditures); and other revenues (textbook sales, donations, property rentals).

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Revenues from state sources: Revenues from state sources include revenues from an agency of state government including those that can be used without restriction, those for categorical purposes, and revenues in lieu of taxation.

S

School district: An education agency at the local level that exists primarily to operate public schools or to contract for public school services. Synonyms are "local basic administrative unit" and "local education agency."

Score: Scores are scale scores, generally estimated using Item Response Theory (IRT) by modeling the probability of answering a question in a certain way as a mathematical function of proficiency or skill. A set scale is created (e.g., 0–500 on the National Assessment of Educational Progress), with a set median and standard deviation. The results on the assessment are then related to the median of the scale such that almost all results are within two standard deviations of the median.

Secondary school: An elementary/secondary school with one or more of grades 7–12 that does not have any grade lower than grade 7. For example, schools with grades 9–12, 7–9, 10–12, or 7–8 are classified as secondary.

Serious violent crime: Rape, sexual assault, robbery, or aggravated assault.

Short-written answer: Short-written answer is a subcategory of extended response. The answer can be a word, a phrase, or a sentence or two. (See Extended response.)

Sight words: As used in the Early Childhood Longitudinal Study, Kindergarten Class of 1998 (ECLS–K), this reading skill is one in which the reader can recognize common words by sight.

Standard deviation: The standard deviation measures the spread of a set of data around the mean of the data. In a normal distribution, approximately 68 percent of scores fall within plus or minus one standard deviation of the mean, and 95 percent fall within plus or minus two standard deviations of the mean.

Standards-based examination: Standards-based examinations are aligned with curriculum content or student performance requirements that have been established by a state and/or local education agency at a particular grade.

Status dropout rate: The status dropout rate is a cumulative rate that estimates the proportion of young adults who are dropouts, regardless of when they dropped out. The numerator of the status dropout rate for any given year is the number of young adults ages 16–24 who, as of October of that year, had not completed high school and were not currently enrolled. The denominator is the total number of 16- to 24-year-olds in October of that same year.

T

Tenure: The status that teachers or professors may be granted, after a trial period, to protect them from summary dismissal.

Two-year institution: Denotes a postsecondary institution that does not confer bachelor's degrees, but does provide 2-year programs that result in a certificate or an associate's degree, or 2-year programs that fulfill part of the requirements for a bachelor's degree or higher at a 4-year institution.



Violent crime: Rape, sexual assault, robbery, aggravated assault, or simple assault.

Continued



Writing prompt: A statement or group of statements about a specific topic, constructed to motivate students' thoughts and elicit their best writing.

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Contents

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NCES Publications (Chronologically, by NCES number)	
Other Publications	
NCES Surveys	305
Surveys From Other Agencies	

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NCVS, 1992-2002.

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A

Ability-level instructional activities, 2003:SA9 Absenteeism, 2002:17

Academic aspirations, 2001:xviii, 2001:xxii. *See also* Expectations for education

Academic preparation. *See* Curriculum, high school; Preparing for college

Academic standards, 2001:41. See also Core curriculum (New Basics)

Access to postsecondary education, 2001: xviii–xxxvi. See also Postsecondary education

Accommodations. See Testing accommodations

Achievement tests. *See also* College entrance examinations

comparison between private and public school students, 2002:SA17–SA18, 2002:SA22

geography performance through elementary/secondary level, 2003:13

history performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2003:14

international comparisons, 2002:13, 2003: 10

mathematics performance through elementary/secondary level, 2001:12, 2003: 11, 2003:12, 2004:11, 2005:10

poverty affecting results from, 2002:11 reading performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2001:10, 2002:8, 2004:9, 2005:9

reading skill gains for kindergarten through 1st grade, 2003:SA2–SA13

science performance through elementary/secondary level, 2001:13, 2002:12

writing performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2004:10

ACT (American College Testing Program), 2001:xxii, 2001:xxviii, 2003:20. See also College entrance examinations and teachers, 2002:31

Activities for supervision, 2004:33, 2004:34 Administration, expenditures in public elementary/secondary schools for, 2005:38

Adult education, 2003:8, 2003:44 enrollment in, 2004:1

work-related learning, 2004:7

Adult literacy, 2001:15. See also Literacy

Advanced degrees, 2001:30. See also Educational attainment

attendance and employment patterns, 2001:6

parental level of education, 2001:xix

Advanced placement, 2001:xli-xlii, 2003:24 availability of courses, 2005:25

in private schools, 2002:SA6-SA7

Affiliated schools, 2005:2. See also Private elementary/secondary schools

African Americans. See Blacks

After-school activities/care, 2001:53, 2004: 33, 2004:34

Age/Age comparisons. See also Grade-level studies

college attendance, 2001:xxx-xxxi

enrollment in school by, 2004:1

health affected by, 2004:12

kindergarten enrollment, 2004:3

kindergarten through 1st-grade reading and mathematics skills, 2001:8

reading performance, 2001:10, 2002:8

students' use of time, 2001:22

teachers in elementary/secondary education, 2005:SA3, 2005:SA4, 2005:SA8-SA9

voting participation, 2003:15

Algebra, 2001:24, 2003:22. See also Mathematics

coursetaking by high school students, 2004: 21

mathematics performance, 2003:11

Allocated time in class instruction, 2005:26

Alternative schools, 2003:27

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The **year** of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

American College Testing Program (ACT), 2001:xxii, 2001:xxviii, 2003:20. *See also* College entrance examinations and teachers, 2002:31

American Indians/Alaska Natives

advanced placement course availability, 2005:25

disabilities, inclusion of students with in regular classrooms, 2005:27

disabilities, students with in elementary/secondary schools, 2005:6

enrollment rates in college, 2005:31

faculty at postsecondary institutions, 2002: 39

geography performance through elementary/secondary level, 2003:13

graduate enrollment, 2002:6, 2003:7

history performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2003:14

mathematics and science coursetaking in high school, 2002:27, 2004:22

mathematics performance through elementary/secondary level, 2003:11, 2004: 11, 2005:10

in public charter schools, 2005:28

reading performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2005:9

science performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2002:12

undergraduate enrollment, 2003:32

young adults not in school or working, 2004:13

Americans with Disabilities Act (1990), 2003:

Applying for college, 2001:xxviii–xxx Argentina, reading literacy in, 2003:10 Armenia

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

Arts education

after-school activities, 2004:34 subject expertise of elementary/secondary teachers, 2003:28

Asian/Pacific Islanders

advanced placement course availability, 2005:25

disabilities, inclusion of students with in regular classrooms, 2005:27

disabilities, students with in elementary/ secondary schools, 2005:6

enrollment rates in college, 2005:31

faculty at postsecondary institutions, 2002: 39

geography performance through elementary/secondary level, 2003:13

graduate enrollment, 2002:6, 2003:7

history performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2003:14

home activities and early childhood development, **2005:3**5

kindergarten enrollment, 2004:3

language courses taken in high school, 2003:25

language spoken at home, 2005:5

mathematics and science coursetaking in high school, 2002:27, 2004:22

mathematics performance through elementary/secondary level, 2003:11, 2004: 11, 2005:10

passing exit examinations for high school, 2005:24

in private schools, 2002:SA8

in public charter schools, 2005:28

reading and mathematics achievement through 3rd grade, 2004:8

reading performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2005:9

science performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2002:12

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The **year** of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

Continued

Asian/Pacific Islanders—continued student perceptions of school's social and learning environment, 2005:29 undergraduate enrollment, 2003:32 work-related adult education, participation in, 2004:7 writing performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2004:10 young adults not in school or working, 2004:13 Assessment of students, 2001:46. See also Achievement tests Associate's degrees, 2001:27 attrition rates in programs for, 2002:SA37 employment while enrolled in program, 2004:29 by field of study, 2003:33 geographic mobility of students, 2005:21 international comparisons, 2004:17 persistence towards, 2004:19 persistence towards for nontraditional students, 2002:SA33–SA35, 2002:SA36 transferring to a 4-year institution, 2003:19 Athletics, 2001:20. See also Sports

At-risk students, 2001:52, 2002:22, 2003: SA13n4. *See also* Students whose parents did not go to college in public alternative schools, 2003:27 reading and mathematics achievement through 3rd grade, 2004:8 reading skill gains in kindergarten, 2003: SA4, 2003:SA5

in smaller classrooms, 2002:SA5

Attainment in education. See Educational attainment

Attendance status, postsecondary education, 2001:xxxiii. *See also* Full-time enrollment at postsecondary institutions; Part-time enrollment at postsecondary institutions enrollment, 2004:1 graduate enrollment, 2001:6

Attendance status—continued

undergraduate enrollment, 2001:5

Attention Deficit Disorder (ADD), 2003:34

Attitudes of students, 2001:19, 2001:20

perceptions of school's social and learning environment, 2005:29

reading skill gains of kindergartners, 2003: SA6

Attrition rates (students), 2002:SA37. *See also* Stopouts from postsecondary education

Attrition rates (teachers), 2005:SA2, 2005: SA11–SA12. *See also* Turnover rates for teachers

Australia, 2002:9

civic performance, 2002:15

expenditures for education, 2003:40

instructional activities in 8th-grade mathematics, 2003:26

instructional activities in 8th-grade science classes, 2004:23

mathematics and science performance, 2002:13

mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

transition to postsecondary education, 2004:17

Austria, 2001:57

expenditures for education, 2002:41 instructional hours, 2005:26 mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13 reading literacy in, 2002:9

B

Baby boom echo, 2001:2, 2002:2, 2003:1, 2004:4, 2005:1

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

Baccalaureate and Beyond Longitudinal Study (B&B), 2001:xix

Bachelor's degrees, 2001:24. See also Educational attainment

adult learning patterns, 2001:7

attrition rates at, 2002:SA37

community college students completing, 2003:19

coursetaking by undergraduate students, 2004:30

debt burden of college graduates, 2004:38 earnings of young adults affected by, 2004: 14

educational expectations of 10th-graders, 2004:15

employment while enrolled in program, 2004:29

by field of study, 2003:33

geographic mobility of students, 2005:21

health affected by, 2004:12

international comparisons, 2004:17 parents attaining, 2001:4, 2003:2

persistence of nontraditional students to wards, 2002:SA33–SA35, 2002:SA36

persistence of traditional-age students towards, 2005:22

persistence towards, 2001:27, 2002:23, 2003:20, 2004:19

by race/ethnicity, 2005:23

and student debt burden, 2001:59

time to completion, 2003:21

women earning, 2004:20

work-related adult education, participation in, 2004:7

Analyses. For 2001:

Condition of Education.

refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002.

2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of The

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3,

SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special

(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in the Indicator List on The Condition of Education website and can only be found in the Print Editions [PDFs].)

Bahrain

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

Beginning Postsecondary Students Longitudinal Study (BPS), 2001:xviii, 2001:xxx, 2002:SA25

Belgium

civic performance, 2002:15

expenditures for education, 2002:41

mathematics and science performance, 2002:13

mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

reading literacy in, 2002:9

science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

Belize, reading literacy in, 2003:10

Benefits to faculty at postsecondary institutions, 2005:32

Beyond New Basics high school curriculum, 2001:xlii, 2001:28. *See also* Curriculum, high school

Bilingual education, 2004:28. *See also* English as a Second Language (ESL)

Birthrate for the United States, 2001:2, 2002:2 Blacks

advanced placement course availability, 2005:25

annual earnings of young adults, 2005:16 Black-White reading achievement gap, 2002:8

child care, 2001:38, 2004:33

community service of young adults, 2001: 16

disabilities, inclusion of students with in regular classrooms, 2005:27

disabilities, students with in elementary/ secondary schools, 2005:6

dropout rates from high school, 2001:23, 2002:19, 2003:17, 2004:16, 2005:19 early literacy activities, 2003:37

Continued

Blacks-continued educational attainment by, 2001:31, 2002: 25, 2005:23 elementary/secondary enrollment, 2002:3, 2004:5 employer financial aid for adult education, 2003:44 employment status of, 2005:17 English and foreign languages courses taken in high school, 2003:25 enrollment in public schools, 2001:3, 2005:4 enrollment rates in college, 2001:26, 2002: 20, 2003:18, 2005:20, 2005:31 faculty at postsecondary institutions, 2002: 39 family characteristics of, 2003:2 geography performance through elementary/secondary level, 2003:13 graduate enrollment, 2002:6, 2003:7 history performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2003:14 homeschooling, 2005:3 kindergarten enrollment, 2004:3 language spoken at home, 2005:5 mathematics and science coursetaking in high school, 2002:27, 2004:22 mathematics performance through elementary/secondary level, 2001:12, 2003: 11, 2003:12, 2004:11, 2005:10 parental satisfaction with schools, 2001:55, 2002:40 parents' level of education, 2001:4 passing exit examinations for high school, 2005:24 persistence of traditional-age students towards bachelor's degrees, 2005:22 and poverty, 2002:11 prekindergarten programs, participation in, 2004:2 preprimary enrollment, 2001:1, 2002:1

Blacks-continued

in private schools, 2002:SA8, 2005:2 in public charter schools, 2002:30, 2005:28 reading and mathematics achievement through 3rd grade, 2004:8 reading and mathematics performances in public schools by urbanicity, 2005:14 reading habits of adults, 2001:15, 2005:15 reading performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2001:10, 2002:8, 2005:9 reading skill gains in kindergarten, 2003: SA4, 2003:SA11 school choice, 2001:41, 2002:29 science performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2001:13, 2002:12 status dropout rates for high school, 2004: student perceptions of school's social and learning environment, 2005:29 student victimization, 2003:31 undergraduate enrollment, 2003:32 voting participation, 2003:15 work-related adult education, participation in, 2004:7

Botswana

2004:13

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11 science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

writing performance through elementary/

young adults not in school or working,

secondary level, 2004:10

Brazil

mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13
reading literacy in, 2002:9

Building maintenance and operations, expenditures in public elementary/secondary schools for, 2005:38

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The **year** of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

Continued

Bulgaria civic performance, 2002:15 mathematics and science performance, **2002:**13 mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11 reading literacy in, 2003:10 science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12 Bureau of the Census, 2002:4 Business, degrees in, 2003:33 Business colleges, 2004:1 Business courses, 2004:30 Calculus, 2002:SA21, 2003:22. See also Mathematics coursetaking by high school students, 2004: 21 California state polices and procedures for transfer students, 2005:34 Canada, 2001:57 educational attainment in, 2001:32 mathematics and science performance, 2002:13 mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13 reading literacy in, 2003:10 Capital expenditures for public elementary/ secondary schools, 2005:38 Catholic schools, 2002:SA3, 2002:SA4, 2002: SA5. See also Private elementary/secondary schools class size, 2002:SA6 diversity in, 2002:SA8, 2002:SA9 enrollment in, 2005:2 mathematics requirements at, 2002:SA18

principals in, 2002:SA16-SA17

Reference Numbers

Condition of Education.

refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

Analyses.

For 2001:

tions [PDFs].)

numbers in the Essay.

This is a cumulative index for the 2001 2002

2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of The

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3,

SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page

(Please note that some indicators from 2001,

2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in

the Indicator List on The Condition of Education

website and can only be found in the Print Edi-

```
special programs in, 2002:SA7
 teacher satisfaction, 2002:SA14
Census Bureau, 2002:4
Center-based childcare programs, 2002:1,
  2003:38
 after-school activities, 2004:34
 after-school childcare, 2001:53, 2004:33
 enrollment in preprimary education, 2001:1
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention,
  2001:44
Certificate programs, 2001:6, 2001:27
 attrition rates at, 2002:SA37
 persistence of nontraditional students in,
 2002:SA33-SA35, 2002:SA36
 at private for-profit institutions, 2004:SA5
 working while attending, 2004:29
Certification for teachers, 2005:SA5, 2005:
 SA9
 alternative programs for, 2005:SA22n20
Charter schools, 2002:SA2, 2002:30. See also
 Public charter schools
Chemistry, 2004:21
Child care, 2002:1
 after-school activities, 2004:34
 arrangements for after school, 2001:53,
 2003:38, 2004:33
 enrollment in preprimary education, 2001:1
 civic performance, 2002:15
 mathematics and science performance,
 2002:13
 mathematics performance for 4th and 8th
 grade, 2005:11
 science performance for 4th and 8th grade,
 2005:12
China. See also Hong Kong
```

Catholic schools—continued

school climate, 2002:SA10-SA11

mathematics and science performance,

2002:13

Continued

China—continued
mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13
Chinese Taipei

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

Choice of school, elementary/secondary education, 2001:41. See also School choice

Choices of students for high school curriculum, 2001:xxviii. *See also* Coursetaking by high school students; Curriculum, high school

Church-related private schools, 2002:29, 2004:25. See also Private elementary/ secondary schools; Religious affiliation

Citizenship, 2001:15, 2001:16

Civic Education Study, 2002:15, 2003:16

Civic knowledge performance, 2002:15

Civic participation, 2003:16

Classroom activities, kindergarten, 2003:SA8

Class size, elementary/secondary schools, 2001:38

kindergartens, 2001:37

private schools, 2002:SA5-SA6, 2002:SA22

Class time, elementary/secondary education, 2005:26

Clubs as after-school activity, 2004:34

Collaboration between teachers, 2002:SA5, 2002:33

school climate, 2002:SA12

College education. See Postsecondary education

College entrance examinations, 2001:xxii, 2001:xxviii. See also Achievement tests increasing participation in, 2001:19 measuring teacher qualifications, 2001:42, 2002:31

College preparation. See Preparing for college

College qualification index, 2001:xxv, 2001:xli

Colleges. See Four-year institutions; Postsecondary education

Colombia

civic participation, 2003:16 civic performance, 2002:15 reading literacy in, 2003:10

Combined schools (K-12), 2002:SA4

Community colleges, 2003:19, 2005:34. *See also* Two-year institutions

Community outreach

electronic resources in academic libraries used for, 2005:33

Community service, 2001:16
as after-school activity, 2004:34
parental involvement in education process, 2001:54

required for high school graduation, 2002: SA18, 2002:SA19

Computer sciences, degrees in, 2003:33

Computers in education, 2001:39, 2001:48

Congressional elections, 2003:15

Consumer Price Index (CPI), 2005:39

Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, 2004:SA5

Continuing education, 2003:8, 2003:44. See also Adult education

Core curriculum (New Basics), 2001:xxxiv, 2001:xlii. See also Curriculum, high school and college persistence rates, 2002:23
English and foreign languages, 2003:25
mathematics and science coursetaking in high school, 2004:22

science and mathematics, 2002:27

Cost of attending college, 2001:55, 2001:58, 2004:SA2–SA30

efforts to fund postsecondary education, 2002:42

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The **year** of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

Continued

Cost of attending college—continued Curriculum, high school—continued need analysis for financial aid eligibility. 2004:SA8-SA13 net price after grants and loans, 2004: SA21-SA25 net price of, 2002:44, 2003:43 vocational education, 2001:35 student financial aid, 2004:SA2-SA4, 2004: SA6-SA7, 2004:SA13-SA21 (See also Cyprus Financial aid to students) students' and parents' knowledge of, 2001: xxx, 2001:25 and students' debts, 2001:59 2002:13 tuition and fee increases, 2004:SA2 Cost of Education Index, 2001:56 Coursetaking by high school students, 2004: 21, 2004:22. See also Curriculum, high Czech Republic school Coursetaking by undergraduate students, 2004:30, 2004:31 Credits earned for bachelor's degrees, 2004: 30, 2004:31, 2005:22 Crime in schools, 2001:44, 2005:30

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001 2002 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of The Condition of Education.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in the Indicator List on The Condition of Education website and can only be found in the Print Editions [PDFs].)

also Advanced placement) comparison between private and public

schools, 2002:SA6-SA7, 2002:SA17-SA19

English and foreign language courses, 2003:24, 2003:25

Current Population Survey (CPS), 2004:1,

Curriculum, high school, 2001:xxiv-xxviii

language spoken at home, 2005:5

educational attainment, 2005:16, 2005:23

advanced placement courses, 2005:25 (See

2004:13, 2004:14

influence of principals on, 2004:26 influence of teachers on, 2002:SA11-SA12, 2002:SA13

levels of achievement, 2001:xli-xlii mathematics, 2001:24

mathematics and science coursetaking, 2002:26, 2002:27, 2004:21, 2004:22

persistence at college influenced by, 2001: xxxiv-xxxvi, 2002:23 science achievement, 2002:12 size of school, 2002:SA5

Cutting classes, 2002:17

civic participation, 2003:16 civic performance, 2002:15 mathematics and science performance,

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

reading literacy in, 2003:10

civic performance, 2002:15 expenditures for education, 2002:41 instructional activities in 8th-grade mathematics, 2003:26 instructional activities in 8th-grade science classes, 2004:23

instructional hours, 2005:26

mathematics and science performance, 2002:13

mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13 reading literacy in, 2002:9, 2003:10

D

Day care, 2001:53, 2003:38 Debts for college, 2001:59, 2004:38 Decision-making in schools, 2002:SA11-SA12, 2002:SA13 Degree programs, distance education and, 2004:32 Degrees earned, 2001:31. See also Educa-

affecting annual income, 2002:16

tional attainment

Continued

Degrees earned—continued educational expectations of 10th-graders, 2004:15 by field of study, 2003:33 geographic mobility of students, 2005:21 nontraditional undergraduate students, 2002:SA35 persistence of traditional-age students towards bachelor's degrees, 2005:22 by race/ethnicity, 2002:25, 2005:23 teachers, 2002:32, 2005:SA4 time taken to earn degree, 2001:xxxvixxxvii by women, 2001:30 Delayed entrants (teachers), 2005:SA7, 2005: **SA18** teaching out-of-field, 2005:SA9, 2005: SA22n21 Delayed entry to kindergarten, 2005:18. See also Kindergarten Denmark, 2001:57 civic performance, 2002:15 expenditures for education, 2002:41 instructional hours, 2005:26 mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13 reading literacy in, 2002:9 Disabilities, students with, 2001:40, 2002:28 inclusion of in regular classrooms, 2005:27 public school enrollment, 2005:6

Distance education, 2002:38 faculty participation in, 2001:49 increase in classes, 2004:32 nontraditional students using, 2002: SA31-SA32 Doctoral degrees, 2001:6, 2001:30, 2004:20 Doctoral institutions, 2001:47, 2001:48, 2001:51 faculty salaries and benefits at, 2005:32 minority enrollment rates, 2005:31 Dropout rates, 2001:23. See also Stopouts from postsecondary education earnings of young adults affected by, 2004: by family income, 2004:16 by race/ethnicity, 2002:19, 2003:17, 2005: 19 risk factors, 2002:22 youth neither enrolled nor working, 2004:

Early childhood education, 2001:37. See also Preprimary education center-based early childhood care, 2001:53 early literacy activities, 2003:37 enrollment in, 2001:1, 2002:1 home activities affecting reading skills, 2003:36 home environment, 2005:35 prekindergarten programs at public schools, 2004:2 reading and mathematics skills, 2001:8, 2001:9

Early Childhood Longitudinal Study, Kindergarten Class of 1998–99, 2003:SA2, 2003: SA13n6
reading and mathematics achievement through 3rd grade, 2004:8

through 3rd grade, 2004:8 reading and mathematics achievement through 1st grade, 2003:9

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The **year** of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

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For 2001:

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(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in the Indicator List on The Condition of Education website and can only be found in the Print Editions [PDFs].)

Dissatisfaction of teachers with schools,

services in postsecondary education for,

testing accommodations, 2004:9, 2004:11

Discipline at school, 2001:41, 2003:30, 2004:

2005:SA18, 2005:SA19, 2005:SA20, 2005:

Disadvantaged students. See Students whose

parents did not go to college

SA22n37, 2005:SA22n38

2003:34

Earnings, young adults, 2001:18, 2002:16, 2004:14. *See also* Income

Educational attainment, 2001:31. See also Degrees earned

annual earnings of young adults, 2005:16 and earnings of young adults, 2001:18, 2002:16

earnings of young adults affected by, 2004: 14

employment status by, 2005:17

expectations for, 2004:15 (See also Expectations for education)

health affected by, 2001:xxxv, 2002:14, 2004:12

and high school mathematics curriculum, 2001:24

international comparisons, 2001:32 of nontraditional undergraduate students, 2002:SA34–SA38

parents of school-age children, 2003:2 (See also under Parents)

persistence towards bachelor's degrees, **2003:2**0

private *vs.* public schools, **2002:**SA19–SA21

by race/ethnicity, 2002:25, 2005:23 reading habits of adults affected by, 2001: 15, 2005:15

teachers, 2002:32, 2005:SA4 by the 8th-graders of 1988, 2003:22 voting participation affected by, 2003:15 working while attending postsecondary institutions, 2004:29

work-related adult education, 2004:7

Egypt

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

16,

Eighth grade, 2001:36, 2001:43

educational achievement level by 1988 cohort, 2003:22

geography performance, 2003:13

history performance, 2003:14

instructional activities in mathematics, 2003:26

instructional activities in science, 2004:23 international comparisons of mathematics and science, 2002:13

international comparisons of mathematics performance, 2005:11

international comparisons of science performance, 2005:12

mathematics performance in, 2003:11, 2004:11, 2005:10

private *vs.* public school students' educational attainment, **2002:**SA19–SA21

reading performance in, 2004:9, 2005:9

writing performance in, 2004:10

Elections, voting participation in, 2003:15

Electronic resources in libraries in postsecondary institutions, 2005:33

Elementary/secondary education, 2001: 33–45, 2002:26–34, 2004:21–28

absenteeism in, 2002:17

choice of school, 2001:41

completion rates by race/ethnicity, 2002:25

computer and Internet usage, 2001:39

disabilities, students with enrolled in, 2005:6

dropout rates, 2001:23, 2002:19

English and foreign language courses taken, 2003:24, 2003:25

enrollment, 2001:2, 2002:2, 2003:1, 2004: 1, 2004:4, 2005:1

expectations for education, 2001:19 (See also Expectations for education)

expenditures by category and region, 2005: 38

expenditures by district poverty, 2005:36

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

Continued

expenditures per student, 2001:56, 2001: 57, 2002:41 guidance counselors, 2004:27 homeschooling, 2004:25, 2005:2 homework, 2001:21 international comparisons for mathematics, 2005:11 international comparisons for mathematics and science, 2001:36, 2002:13 international comparisons for science instructional methods, 2004:23 international comparisons of expenditures for education, 2003:40, 2004:36 kindergarten through 1st-grade skills development, 2001:8, 2001:9 mainstreaming disabled students, 2001: 40, 2002:28 (See also Disabilities, students with) mathematics achievement, 2001:12 (See *also* Mathematics) mathematics and science coursetaking, 2002:26, 2002:27, 2004:21, 2004:22 "out-of-field" teachers, 2003:28, 2004:24 (See also "Out-of-field" teachers) overcrowding in schools, 2001:45 parental educational attainment, 2001:4 (See also Parents, level of education) parental involvement in schools, 2001:54 parents' satisfaction with schools, 2001:55 persistence in, 2001:23 poverty-level children, 2002:4, 2003:3 prekindergarten programs, 2004:2 (See also Preprimary education) principals, 2004:26 (See also Principals) public charter schools, 2002:30 public support for, 2002:42 race/ethnicity in, 2001:3, 2002:3, 2004:5 (See also Race/ethnicity) reading achievement, 2001:10, 2002:8 (See also Reading)

Elementary/secondary education—continued

Elementary/secondary education—continued revenues, changes in sources for, 2005:37 revenues for, 2003:41, 2005:39 school choice, 2002:29, 2002:30, 2004:25 science achievement, 2001:13 (See also Science) sources of revenue for, 2002:43 status dropouts from, 2002:19 students' use of time, 2001:21 student/teacher ratios, 2001:38 student victimization in, 2003:31 support staff, 2004:27 teachers in, 2005:SA2-SA24 teachers/teaching, 2002:31, 2002:32, 2002: 33 (See also Teachers/Teaching) time spent in classroom, 2005:26 twelfth-grade interest in school, 2002:18 values of high school seniors, 2001:20 violence at school, 2001:44 vocational education, 2001:35 E-mail, 2001:48 Emotional disturbances, 2005:6 Employer financial aid for adult education, 2003:44 Employment background of teachers, 2005: SA6-SA8

Employment status, 2001:xxxvii–xxxviii

undergraduate students, 2002:37

Engineering, degrees in, 2003:33

in high school, 2001:21

teachers, 2005:SA9

by race/ethnicity, 2005:17

and dropouts from high school, 2001:23

while earning postsecondary degree, 2001:

6, 2004:29 (See also Working while attend-

ing school (postsecondary education))

England, reading literacy in, 2003:10. See

also United Kingdom of Great Britain

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The **year** of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

English, high school, 2001:xli, 2001:xlii exit examinations for high school, 2005:24 "out-of-field" teachers teaching, 2004:24 student characteristics, 2003:25 subject expertise of elementary/secondary teachers, 2003:28 trends in, 2003:24 English as a Second Language (ESL), 2003:8 language spoken at home, 2005:5 reading and mathematics proficiency of elementary students, 2005:8 teacher aides for, 2004:28 English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL), 2002:2, 2002:4. See also Limited English proficiency (LEP) adult literacy habits, 2001:15 increasing numbers of, 2003:2, 2003:4 Enrollment, elementary/secondary schools, 2001:2, 2002:2, 2004:4 by age, 2004:1 alternative schools, 2003:27 kindergarten, 2004:3 overcrowding, 2001:45 past and projected, 2003:3, 2005:1

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in the Indicator List on The Condition of Education website and can only be found in the Print Editions [PDFs].)

size of high schools, 2003:30 Enrollment, postsecondary education, 2001: xviii, 2001:5, 2001:26

and academic qualifications, 2001:xxiv-

private elementary/secondary schools,

Private elementary/secondary schools)

by race/ethnicity, 2002:3, 2005:4

2002:SA3, 2002:SA4, 2002:SA5 (See also

delayed, 2002:SA26, 2002:SA28 of employees as undergraduates, 2002: SA31

foreign-born students, 2003:6 graduate level, 2001:xxxviii, 2002:6, 2003:7 mathematics courses taken in high school affecting, 2001:xxvi-xxvii, 2001:24 Enrollment, postsecondary education —continued

parental level of education affecting, 2001: xx, 2001:xxii, 2001:xxxiii

and preparing for college, 2001:xxix race/ethnicity, 2003:18

types of institutions, 2004:SA5–SA6 undergraduate level, 2002:5, 2002:20, 2002:21, 2002:22, 2003:5, 2003:32, 2005: 7 (*See also* Undergraduate students)

Enrollment, preprimary education, 2001:1, 2002:1

trends by age, 2004:1

Environmental organizations, 2003:16

ESOL (English Speakers of Other Languages). See English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)

Estonia

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

Estonia, civic performance, 2002:15

Evaluation of teachers, **2002:**SA13. *See also* Teachers/Teaching

Event dropout rates, 2004:16. See also Dropout rates

Exit examinations for high school, 2005:24 Expectations for education, 2001:xviii, 2001:xxii

attaining a degree, 2001:xxxv and grade level of students, 2001:xxiii–xxiv nontraditional undergraduate students, 2002:SA32

postsecondary expectations for 10th-graders, 2004:15

principals', 2002:SA16-SA17

seniors' for postsecondary education, 2001: 19, 2001:20

Continued

Expected Family Contribution (EFC) for col-

lege costs, 2004:SA10-SA11, 2004:SA12, Federal government, 2002:43, 2003:42 2004:SA25-SA28 financial aid to students, 2004:SA3-SA4 Expenditures for elementary/secondary edu-Pell grants, 2004:SA16 cation, 2001:56, 2001:57 revenues to postsecondary institutions, by district poverty, 2005:36 2005:40 international comparisons, 2002:41, 2003: revenues to school districts from, 2005:37 tax credits for student loans, 2004:SA2 per student, 2004:35 Federal Methodology (need analysis for finanby region and category of expenditure, cial aid to students), 2004:SA25 2005:38 Field of study by urbanicity, 2003:39 degrees earned by women, 2001:30, 2004: Expenditures for postsecondary education, 2002:41 instructional methods, 2001:46 Extended families. See Families "out-of-field" teachers, 2005:SA5 Extracurricular activities teachers, 2004:24, 2005:SA9 affecting transition to college, 2002:22 undergraduate degrees, 2003:33 as after-school childcare, 2004:33 Fights in school, 2005:29 Financial aid to students, 2001:xxix, 2001: xxxix, 2004:SA13-SA21. See also Need Faculty, postsecondary education. See also analysis for financial aid to students Teachers/Teaching adult education, 2003:44 distance education, teaching, 2001:49 combinations of aid packages, 2004: instructional methods of, 2001:46 SA13-SA14 part-time, 2001:50 cost of attending college, 2001:58, 2002: salaries and benefits for, 2005:32 44, 2003:43 teaching undergraduates, 2001:47 eligibility for, 2004:SA11–SA13 tenure, 2003:35 federal grants and loans, 2003:42 time allocation of, 2001:51 from 4-year colleges and universities, 2004: 37 use of technology, 2001:48 grants, 2004:SA14-SA18 (See also Grants women and minorities, 2002:39 and scholarships) Families, 2003:2. See also Income, family; increase of, 2004:SA2 **Parents** loans to students, 2001:59 child care, 2001:53, 2003:38 net price of postsecondary education after contributions for college, 2004:SA10grants, 2004:SA18, 2004:SA19 SA11, 2004:SA12, 2004:SA25-SA28 overview of system of, 2004:SA6–SA7 and home activities, 2001:52 (See also Home activities) Pell Grants, 2002:24, 2003:23 teacher turnover rates affected by, 2005:

Fathers. See Parents

percentage of undergraduates receiving, 2004:SA14

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001 2002 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of The Condition of Education.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in the Indicator List on The Condition of Education website and can only be found in the Print Editions [PDFs1.)

SA14, 2005:SA18, 2005:SA20

Continued

Financial aid to students—continued student loans, 2004:SA18-SA21 (See also Student loans) types and sources of, 2004:SA2-SA4 Finland civic performance, 2002:15 instructional hours, 2005:26 mathematics and science performance, 2002:13 mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13 transition to postsecondary education, 2004:17 First-generation college students, 2001: xxx-xxxix after earning a degree, 2001:xxxvii-xxxviii after 5 years, 2001:xxxvi-xxxvii after 3 years, 2001:xxxiv-xxxvi among the foreign-born population, 2003:6 characteristics of, 2001:xxx-xxxi high school curriculum, 2001:24, 2002:23 First-professional degrees, 2001:6 rate of enrollment, 2002:6, 2003:7 First grade, 2001:8, 2001:9, 2002:SA2-SA13, 2003:9. See also Kindergarten First year at college, 2001:xxxi-xxxii, 2001: xxxiv Florida state polices and procedures for transfer students, 2005:34 Foreign-born children, 2003:4, 2003:6. See also Immigrants/Immigration

courses taken in high school, 2001:xli,

immersion programs, 2002:SA6, 2002:SA7

requirements for high school graduation,

subject expertise of elementary/secondary

Foreign languages

2003:24, 2003:25

teachers, 2003:28

2002:SA18, 2002:SA19

geography performance, 2003:13 history performance, 2003:14 international comparisons of mathematics performance, 2005:11 international comparisons of reading literacy, 2003:10 international comparisons of science performance, 2005:12 mathematics performance, 2003:11, 2003: 12, 2004:11 mathematics performance in, 2005:10 poverty levels among school-aged children, 2004:5 reading performance in, 2004:9, 2005:9 writing performance in, 2004:10 Four-year institutions, 2001:58, 2004:38. See also Postsecondary education average expected family contribution for tuition, 2004:SA26-SA27 average price of attending, 2004:38 debt burden of college graduates, 2004:38 disabilities, student with, 2003:34 distance education courses, 2004:32 and distance education courses, 2001:49 enrollment patterns, 2004:SA5, 2004:SA6 enrollment rates, 2001:xxxiii, 2001:5, 2003:5, 2003:18 expectations for high school seniors, 2001: expected family contribution (EFC) for college costs, 2004:SA12 faculty at, 2001:47 faculty salaries and benefits at, 2005:32 faculty tenure at, 2003:35 financial aid to students, 2004:37 first-generation students enrolling in, 2001: xx, 2001:xxx

Fourth grade, 2002:13

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The **year** of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in the Indicator List on The Condition of Education website and can only be found in the Print Editions [PDFs].)

grants to undergraduates, 2004:SA15,

2004:SA17

Continued

Four-year institutions—continued mathematics taken in high school affecting enrollment in, 2001:xxvi, 2001:xxviii minority enrollment rates, 2005:31 net price for, 2002:44, 2003:43 net price for after grants, 2004:SA18, 2004: **SA19** net price for after grants and loans, 2004: SA22, 2004:SA23, 2004:SA24 nontraditional undergraduate students at, 2002:SA27, 2002:SA28-SA29 paying for, 2001:25 Pell Grants, students with, 2002:24, 2003: Pell grants to undergraduates, 2004:SA16 persistence in attaining a degree at, 2001: 27, 2002:23, 2003:20, 2004:19 persistence of nontraditional undergraduates at, 2002:SA33, 2002:SA34 preparation for enrollment, 2001:xxiii, 2001:xxx (See also Preparing for college) remedial coursework at, 2001:29, 2004:18, 2004:31 state polices and procedures for transfer students, 2005:34 stopouts, 2001:xxxii, 2001:xxxiv student loans for, 2004:SA20 technology used at, 2001:48 time to completion for bachelor's degree, 2003:21 transferring from 2-year institutions, 2003: transferring to 2-year institutions, 2002: **SA36** tuition/fee increases, 2004:SA2

France, 2001:32 expenditures for education, 2002:41, 2003: 40, 2004:36 mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13 reading literacy in, 2002:9, 2003:10 Free or reduced-price lunch programs, 2005: 36. See also School lunch programs Freshman undergraduates, 2004:31. See also Undergraduate students Fringe benefits to faculty at postsecondary institutions, 2005:32 Full-day kindergarten, 2003:SA2, 2003:SA7-SA11, 2003:SA12. See also Kindergarten increase in enrollment in, 2004:3 Full-time employment for teachers, 2005:SA9 Full-time enrollment at postsecondary institutions, 2001:xxxiii, 2002:5, 2004:1. See also Enrollment, postsecondary education graduate students, 2001:6, 2003:7 undergraduate students, past and projected, 2001:5, 2003:5, 2004:6



Gangs at schools, 2003:31 Gender, 2001:31

adult education participation, 2003:8
annual earnings of young adults, 2004:14
annual income, 2002:16
beginning teachers, 2003:29
community service of young adults, 2001:
16
degrees earned by women, 2001:30
differences in values of high school seniors, 2001:20

disabilities, students with in elementary/secondary schools, 2005:6 distance education, 2002:38 English and foreign languages courses taken in high school, 2003:25

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The **year** of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

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For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in the Indicator List on The Condition of Education website and can only be found in the Print Editions [PDFs].)

Undergraduate students)

tuition/fees for, 2004:SA8, 2004:SA9

undergraduate diversity at, 2003:32

undergraduate enrollment, 2002:5, 2002:

21, 2002:22, 2004:6, 2005:7 (See also

Gender—continued

enrollment rates in college, 2001:5, 2001: 26, 2003:18, 2005:7

expectations for education, 2001:19 faculty at postsecondary institutions, 2002: 39

fourth-grade reading performance, 2002:7 graduate enrollment, 2002:6, 2003:7 international comparisons for the transition to postsecondary education, 2004:17 international comparisons of mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005: 11

international comparisons of reading performance, 2002:9

international comparisons of science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12 kindergarten, entry and retention, 2005:18 mathematics and science coursetaking in high school, 2002:27, 2004:22 mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13

mathematics performance through elementary/secondary level, 2001:12, 2003: 11, 2004:11, 2005:10

persistence of traditional-age students towards bachelor's degrees, 2005:22 principals in elementary/secondary schools, 2004:26

reading and mathematics performances in public schools by urbanicity, 2005:14 reading habits of adults, 2001:15, 2005:15 reading performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2004:9, 2005:9 reading skill gains in kindergarten, 2003: SA4–SA5

and salary parity, 2001:xxxviii, 2001:18 and school violence, 2001:44 science performance through elementary/secondary level, 2001:13, 2002:12 student victimization, 2003:31

Gender—continued

teachers in elementary/secondary education, 2005:SA3

teacher turnover rates, 2005:SA14, 2005: SA20

undergraduate enrollment, 2002:5, 2003:5, 2003:32, 2004:6

violence at schools, 2005:30

writing performance through elementary/secondary level, 2004:10

General Education Development (GED), 2002:SA26, 2003:27, 2004:16

Geographic mobility of students, 2005:21

Geographic regions. See Regional distributions

Geography, 2003:13

Geometry, 2001:24, 2003:11. See also Mathematics

coursetaking by high school students, 2004:

Germany, 2001:32, 2001:36

civic performance, 2002:15

expenditures for education, 2002:41, 2003: 40, 2004:36

instructional hours, 2005:26

mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13

reading literacy in, 2002:9, 2003:10

Ghana

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

Gifted and talented students, 2002:SA6, 2002:SA7

Goals for education. See Expectations for education

Government appropriations for public postsecondary institutions, 2005:40. See also Federal government; State governments

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The **year** of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

Continued

Grade-level studies. See also Age/Age comparisons
absenteeism, 2002:17
civic activities, 2003:16
civic knowledge performance, 2002:15
fourth-grade reading performance, 2002:7
geography performance through elementary/secondary level, 2003:13
history performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2003:14
international comparisons of mathematics and science performance, 2002:13
kindergarten through 1st-grade reading and mathematics skills, 2001:8, 2001:9
mathematics performance through elementary/secondary level, 2003:11, 2005: 10
quality of teaching in 8th-grade mathematics, 2001:36
reading and mathematics performances in public schools by urbanicity, 2005:14
reading performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2005:9
teacher preparation for mathematics and science, 2001:43
teachers, 2005:SA21n7
twelfth-grade efforts, 2002:18
Grade-point average (GPA), 2001:xxxv
Grading students, 2001:46
Graduate degrees
attendance and employment patterns, 2001:6
doctoral degrees, 2001:6, 2001:30, 2004:

holding, 2004:26 work-related adult education, participation in, 2004:7 Graduate students, 2001:59 distance education, 2002:38 first-generation college students enrollment, 2001:xxxviii foreign-born students, 2003:6 rate of enrollment, 2002:6, 2003:7 Grants and scholarships, 2003:42, 2004:SA2, 2004:SA28 balance with loans, 2004:SA23, 2004:SA25 from colleges and universities, 2004:SA4, 2004:37 cost of attending college, 2002:44, 2003:43 net price of tuition after, 2004:SA18, 2004: SA21-SA25, 2004:SA29n, 2004:13 as part of financial aid package to students, 2004:SA14-SA18 Pell Grants, 2002:24, 2003:23 percentage of undergraduates receiving, 2004:SA15

principals in elementary/secondary schools

Graduate degrees—continued

Greece

civic performance, 2002:15
expenditures for education, 2003:40
instructional hours, 2005:26
mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13
reading literacy in, 2002:9, 2003:10
Gross domestic product (GDP), 2001:57, 2002:41, 2003:40, 2004:36

Great Britain, 2001:32, 2001:57. See also

United Kingdom of Great Britain

civic participation, 2003:16

2002:41, 2003:40, 2004:36
revenues for elementary/secondary education, 2005:39
revenues for postsecondary education, 2005:40

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The $\ensuremath{\textit{year}}$ of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in the Indicator List on The Condition of Education website and can only be found in the Print Editions [PDFs].)

first-professional degrees, 2001:6

earned by women, 2001:30, 2004:20

educational expectations of 10th-graders,

master's degrees, 2001:30, 2004:20, 2004:

20

26

2004:15

Continued

Guidance counselors, 2004:27 Guns at schools, 2003:31

H

Half-day kindergarten, 2003:SA2, 2003: SA7-SA11, 2003:SA12. *See also* Kindergarten

full-day kindergarten compared to, 2004:3

Handicapped students. See Disabilities, students with

Head Start, 2001:1

Health of population, 2002:14, 2004:12

high school dropouts reporting worse health, 2005:19

illness causing absenteeism, 2002:17

learning amongst kindergartners affected by, 2003:SA6

Health professions, degrees in, 2003:33

Higher education. See Postsecondary educa-

Higher Education Act (1965), 2004:SA3, 2004:SA28n, 2004:1

Higher Education Act (1972 reauthorization), 2004:SA4

Higher Education Amendments (1992), 2004: SA5, 2004:SA10

Highly selective postsecondary institutions, 2004:30

High school education, **2001**:31. *See also* Educational attainment; Elementary/ secondary education

completion rates by race/ethnicity, 2002:25, 2005:23

dropout rates, 2002:19

dropout rates by race/ethnicity, 2005:19 earnings of young adults affected by, 2004:

exit examinations, 2005:24 gender of teachers, 2005:SA3 graduation rates, 2001:xxi, 2001:23 High school education—continued graduation requirements, 2004:21 guidance counselors in public elementary/secondary schools, 2004:27

health affected by, 2004:12

international comparisons, 2001:32

"out-of-field" teachers, 2004:24

parents attaining, 2001:4, 2003:2

size of schools, 2003:30

twelfth-grade interest in school, 2002:18

High School Transcript Study of 1998, 2002: SA2–SA3, 2002:SA19

Hispanics

advanced placement course availability, 2005:25

annual earnings of young adults, 2005:16 child care, 2003:38, 2004:33

community service of young adults, 2001: 16

disabilities, inclusion of students with in regular classrooms, 2005:27

disabilities, students with in elementary/ secondary schools, 2005:6

dropout rates from high school, 2001:23, 2002:19, 2003:17, 2004:16, 2005:19

early literacy activities, 2003:37

educational attainment, 2001:31, 2002:25, 2005:23

elementary/secondary enrollment, 2002:3, 2004:5

employer financial aid for adult education, 2003:44

employment status of, 2005:17

English and foreign languages courses taken in high school, 2003:25

enrollment in public schools, 2001:3, 2005:4 enrollment rates in college, 2001:26, 2002: 20, 2003:18, 2005:20, 2005:31

faculty at postsecondary institutions, 2002: 39

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002–2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

Continued

Hispanics—continued

family characteristics of, 2003:2

geographic mobility of students, 2005:21

geography performance through elementary/secondary level, 2003:13 graduate enrollment, 2002:6, 2003:7 history performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2003:14 homeschooling, 2005:3 kindergarten enrollment, 2004:3 language spoken at home, 2003:4, 2005:5 mathematics and science coursetaking in high school, 2002:27, 2004:22 mathematics performance through elementary/secondary level, 2001:12, 2003: 11, 2003:12, 2004:11, 2005:10 parental satisfaction with schools, 2001:55, 2002:40 parents' level of education, 2001:4 passing exit examinations for high school, 2005:24 persistence of traditional-age students towards bachelor's degrees, 2005:22 and poverty, 2002:11 prekindergarten programs, participation in, 2004:2 preprimary enrollment, 2001:1, 2002:1 in private schools, 2002:SA8, 2005:2 in public charter schools, 2002:30, 2005:28 reading and mathematics achievement through 3rd grade, 2004:8 reading and mathematics performances in public schools by urbanicity, 2005:14 reading habits of adults, 2001:15, 2005:15 reading performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2001:10, 2005:9 reading skill gains in kindergarten, 2003: SA4, 2003:SA11 school choice, 2001:41, 2002:29 science performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2001:13, 2002:12

Hispanics—continued status dropout rates for high school, 2004:16 student perceptions of school's social and learning environment, 2005:29 student victimization, 2003:31 theft at schools, 2005:30 undergraduate enrollment, 2003:32 voting participation, 2003:15 work-related adult education, participation in, 2004:7 writing performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2004:10 young adults not in school or working, 2004:13 Hispanic Serving Institutions (HSIs), 2005:31 Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCUs), 2005:31 History performance, 2003:14 Home activities, 2001:52 after school, 2003:38 child development and, 2005:35 for children entering kindergarten, 2003:36 early literacy activities, 2003:SA2, 2003: SA5, 2003:SA11–SA12, 2003:37 fourth-grade reading performance, 2002:7 language spoken at home, 2003:4, 2005:5, 2005:8

Homeschooling, 2004:25, 2005:3 number of children in, 2005:39 Homework, 2001:21, 2001:22, 2003:38 Hong Kong. See also China civic performance, 2002:15 instructional activities in 8th-grade mathematics, 2003:26 mathematics and science performance, 2002:13 mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th

grade, 2005:11

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002. 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of The Condition of Education.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

Continued

Hong Kong—continued reading literacy in, 2003:10 science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12 Honors courses, 2001:xli-xlii, 2003:24 Humanities courses, 2004:30 Human rights organizations, 2003:16 Hungary, 2001:57 civic performance, 2002:15 expenditures for education, 2002:41, 2003: 40, 2004:36 instructional hours, 2005:26 mathematics and science performance, 2002:13 mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13 mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11 reading literacy in, 2002:9, 2003:10 science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001 2002 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of The Condition of Education.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in the Indicator List on The Condition of Education website and can only be found in the Print Editions [PDFs].)

Iceland

instructional hours, 2005:26 mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13 reading literacy in, 2002:9, 2003:10 transition to postsecondary education, 2004:17

IDEA (Individuals with Disabilities Education Act) (1975), 2005:6

Illinois

state polices and procedures for transfer students, 2005:34

Immigrants/Immigration

elementary/secondary school enrollment, 2001:2, 2003:1, 2004:4, 2005:1

foreign-born students in postsecondary education, 2003:6

Immigrants/Immigration—continued language spoken at home, 2003:4

Income. See also Poverty levels; Salaries annual earnings of young adults, 2004:14, 2005:16

enrollment in postsecondary education, 2002:21

faculty at higher education institutions, 2001:49, 2002:39

family, 2001:25

affecting health, 2002:14, 2004:12 cost of attending college, 2001:58, 2002:44, 2003:43, 2004:SA11 (See also Expected Family Contribution (EFC) for college costs)

crime in school and, 2005:30 dropout rates affected by, 2004:16 enrollment in different types of postsecondary institutions, 2004:SA6 enrollment rates in college affected by, 2001:26, 2005:20

federal grants for postsecondary education, 2003:42

financial aid to students affected by, 2004:SA5, 2004:37 (See also Financial aid to students)

and first-generation students, 2001:xxxi grants to undergraduates, 2004:SA15 influencing parental satisfaction with schools, 2001:55, 2002:40

net price for college after grant money, 2004:SA19

net price for college after grants and loans, 2004:SA22, 2004:SA25 and parental involvement, 2001:54 student loans for postsecondary education, 2004:SA20, 2004:SA21

first-generation college students, 2001: xxxvii-xxxviii

kindergarten enrollment affected by, 2004:3

Continued

Income—continued

low-income students enrolling in college,	civic participation, 2003:16
2004:SA6	civic performance, 2002:15
poverty levels, 2001:56, 2002:4	educational attainment, 2001:32
students with Pell Grants, 2002:24, 2003: 23	expenditures for education, 2001:57, 2003 40, 2004:36
young adults, 2001:18, 2002:16	instructional activities in mathematics,
Individuals with Disabilities Education Act	2003:26
(IDEA) (1975), 2005: 6, 2005: 27 Indonesia	instructional activities in 8th-grade science classes, 2004 :23
mathematics and science performance, 2002:13	instructional hours, 2005:26
	mathematics literacy, 2005:13
mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13	mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11
mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11	reading literacy, 2002:9, 2003:10
	science and mathematics, 2001:43, 2002:13
science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12	science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12
Inservice training for teachers, 2002:SA13	transition to postsecondary education,
Institutional aid to postsecondary students,	2004:17
2004:SA4, 2004:SA17, 2004:SA18	International Socioeconomic Index (ISEI),
Instruction	2002:9
allocated time in class, 2005:26	Internet usage in education, 2001:39
expenditures in public elementary/ secondary schools for, 2005:38	distance education, 2002: SA32, 2002: 38 (<i>See also</i> Distance education)
Instructional methods, 2001:48. See also	used by faculty, 2001:48
Faculty; Teachers/Teaching	Interpretation of text, 2005:8
international comparisons for 8th-grade science class, 2004:23	Iran
principals' involvement with, 2002: SA15–SA16	mathematics and science performance, 2002:13
private elementary/secondary schools, 2002:SA6–SA7, 2002:SA11–SA12	mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11
reading skill gains for kindergartners, 2003 : SA8–SA9	reading literacy in, 2003:10
	science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12
Interest rates for student loans, 2004:38	Ireland, 2002:9
Internal Revenue Service, 2004:38	mathematics literacy, international com-
International Association for the Evaluation of Educational Achievement (IEA), 2002:	parisons, 2005:13

```
International comparisons
       participation, 2003:16
       performance, 2002:15
       ational attainment, 2001:32
       nditures for education, 2001:57, 2003:
       004:36
       actional activities in mathematics,
       :26
       actional activities in 8th-grade science
       es, 2004:23
       actional hours, 2005:26
       ematics literacy, 2005:13
       ematics performance for 4th and 8th
       e, 2005:11
       ng literacy, 2002:9, 2003:10
       ce and mathematics, 2001:43, 2002:13
       ce performance for 4th and 8th grade,
       ition to postsecondary education,
       tional Socioeconomic Index (ISEI),
        usage in education, 2001:39
       nce education, 2002:SA32, 2002:38
       also Distance education)
       by faculty, 2001:48
       etation of text, 2005:8
```

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of The Condition of Education.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in the Indicator List on The Condition of Education website and can only be found in the Print Editions [PDFs].)

15, 2003:16

Continued

Israel

mathematics and science performance, 2002:13

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

reading literacy in, 2003:10

science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

Italy, 2001:32

civic performance, 2002:15

mathematics and science performance, **2002:**13

mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

reading literacy in, 2002:9, 2003:10

science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

Reference Numbers

Condition of Education.

refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

Analyses.

For 2001:

tions [PDFs].)

numbers in the Essay.

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002,

2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of The

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3,

SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page

(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in

the Indicator List on The Condition of Education

website and can only be found in the Print Edi-

Japan, 2001:57

educational attainment, 2001:32

instructional activities in 8th-grade mathematics, 2003:26

instructional activities in 8th-grade science classes, 2004:23

mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

quality of mathematics lessons in, 2001:36 reading literacy in, 2002:9

science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

transition to postsecondary education, 2004:17

Jordan

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

Jordan—continued

science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

mathematics and science performance, 2002:13

Kindergarten, 2001:8, 2001:9, 2001:37, 2003:SA2-SA13. See also Preprimary education

Early Childhood Longitudinal Study, Kindergarten Class of 1998-99, 2004:8

enrollment, 2005:1

entry and retention, 2005:18

full-day vs. half-day, 2003:SA2, 2003: SA7-SA11, 2003:SA12, 2004:3

home activities of children entering, 2003:

reading and mathematics proficiency in, 2003:9, 2005:8

reading skill gains in, 2003:SA2-SA6 time spent on reading activities and skills, 2003:SA9-SA11

Korea, 2002:9

expenditures for education, 2002:41, 2003: 40, 2004:36

mathematics and science performance, 2002:13

mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

transition to postsecondary education, 2004:17

Kuwait, reading literacy in, 2003:10

Laboratory activities, 2004:23

Continued

Labor market outcomes, 2001:xxxvii-xxxviii Language spoken at home, 2003:2, 2003:4 as risk factor, 2004:8, 2005:8 Latch-key children, 2001:53, 2004:33 Latinos. See Hispanics Latvia civic performance, 2002:15 mathematics and science performance, 2002:13 mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13 mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11 reading literacy in, 2002:9, 2003:10 science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12 Law degrees, 2001:6 Learner outcomes. See Outcomes of education Learning disabilities, 2002:28, 2003:34, 2005:6 Leave of absence from teaching, 2005:SA14 "Leavers" (teachers who left teaching), 2005: SA11-SA12. See also Turnover rates for teachers Lebanon mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11 science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12 Leisure reading. See Reading Letter recognition, 2003:SA2, 2003:SA3-SA4, 2003:SA5, 2003:SA6, 2003:SA7, 2003:SA10 Liberal arts, degrees in, 2003:33 Libraries in postsecondary institutions, 2005: 33 Liechtenstein mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13 reading literacy in, 2002:9

Lifelong learning, 2003:8, 2003:44. *See also* Adult education

Limited English Proficiency (LEP). *See also*

English as a Second Language (ESL) beginning teachers teaching students with, 2003:29 language spoken at home, 2005:5 in larger high schools, 2003:30

in private schools, 2002:SA9, 2002:SA10 teachers' professional development, 2002:33 testing accommodations for, 2004:9, 2004:11

Literacy, 2001:15, 2001:52. *See also* Reading as goal for principals, 2002:SA16 international comparisons, 2002:9 reading habits of adults, 2005:15

Literal inferences, 2005:8

Lithuania

civic performance, 2002:15 mathematics and science performance, 2002:13

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

reading literacy in, 2003:10

science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

Loans to students for college, 2001:59, 2003: 42, 2004:38. *See also* Student loans

Local sources of revenues, 2002:43, 2003:41, 2005:37

to postsecondary institutions, 2005:40

Luxembourg

mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13

reading literacy in, 2002:9

M

Macao-China

mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

Macedonia

mathematics and science performance, 2002:13

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

reading literacy in, 2003:10

science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

Mainstreaming students with disabilities, 2001:40, 2002:28, 2005:27

Malaysia

mathematics and science performance, 2002:13

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

Marriage, 2004:29

Master's degrees, 2001:30, 2004:20, 2004:26. *See also* Graduate degrees

Master's postsecondary institutions faculty salaries and benefits at, 2005:32 minority enrollment rates, 2005:31

Mathematics, 2001:xli, 2001:xlii affecting transition to college, 2002:22 and college enrollment, 2001:xxvi-xxviii, 2001:24, 2003:22

coursetaking by undergraduate students, 2004:30

coursetaking in high school, 2002:SA5, 2002:26, 2002:27, 2004:21, 2004:22 eighth-grade performance, 2005:10 exit examinations for high school, 2005:24 fourth-grade performance, 2005:10 instructional activities in 8th grade, 2003: 26

international comparisons, 2001:36, 2002: 13, 2005:11

in kindergarten through 1st grade, 2001:8, 2001:9, 2003:9

in kindergarten through 3rd grade, 2005:8

Mathematics—continued

literacy, international comparisons in, 2005:13

"out-of-field" teachers teaching, 2004:24 performance through elementary/secondary level, 2001:12, 2003:11, 2003:12, 2004:11 private *vs.* public school achievement, 2002:SA18, 2002:SA19, 2002:SA20

quality of content, 2001:36

remedial coursework in postsecondary education, 2001:29, 2004:18, 2004:31 subject expertise of elementary/secondary teachers, 2003:28

teachers' preparation for, 2001:43 urbanicity and performance in, 2005:14 with vocational education, 2001:35

Meaning derived from text, 2005:8

Medical degrees, 2001:6

Mental retardation, 2005:6

Merit-based financial aid to students, 2004: SA2, 2004:37. *See also* Financial aid to students; Grants and scholarships

Metropolitan areas, 2001:56. See also Urbanicity

Mexico, 2001:57

expenditures for education, 2002:41, 2003: 40, 2004:36

mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13

reading literacy in, 2002:9

transition to postsecondary education, **2004:**17

Middle schools, 2003:28, 2004:24. See also Elementary/secondary education gender of teachers in, 2005:SA3 time spent in classrooms, 2005:26

Midwestern region schools. See Regional distributions

Minimum competency examinations, 2005: 24

Minorities. See Race/ethnicity

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002–2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

Continued

Mobility of students, 2005:21 Mobility of teachers, 2005:SA2-SA24. See also Teachers/Teaching Moldova mathematics and science performance, 2002:13 mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11 reading literacy in, 2003:10 science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12 Montenegro mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13 Morocco mathematics and science performance, 2002:13 mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11 reading literacy in, 2003:10 science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12 Mothers. See also Parents expectation for student's attainment, 2002: SA21 level of education, 2002:1, 2003:SA4, 2003:9 enrollment of child in preprimary education, 2001:1 home activities and early childhood development, 2005:35 reading and mathematics performance of child through 1st grade, 2001:8 reading and mathematics proficiency of elementary students, 2005:8 as risk factor for child, 2004:8 Motor skill development, 2005:35 Music coursetaking by undergraduate students, 2004:30

Music—continued
subject expertise of elementary/secondary teachers, 2003:28

N
National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 2002:SA2
comparison between private and public school students, 2002:SA17
fourth-grade reading performance, 2002:7
geography performance through

2002:SA2, 2002:SA19 history performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2003:14

elementary/secondary level, 2003:13

High School Transcript Study of 1998,

homework, 2001:21, 2001:22

mathematics performance through elementary/secondary level, 2001:12, 2003: 11, 2004:11, 2005:10

poverty affecting achievement, 2003:12 reading and mathematics performances in public schools by urbanicity, 2005:14 reading performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2001:10, 2002:8, 2004:9, 2005:9

science performance through elementary/secondary level, 2001:13, 2002:7

writing performance through elementary/secondary level, 2004:10

National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS), 2002:14

National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA), 2003:20

National Commission on Excellence in Education, 2001:xlii

National Education Goals Panel, 2001:15, 2001:16

National Education Longitudinal Study (NELS), 2001:xviii, 2001:xix educational expectations, 2001:xxii

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

National Education Longitudinal Study (NELS)—continued

postsecondary education persistence, 2001: xxx

private school attendance, 2002:SA3, 2002: SA19

proficiency test levels, 2001:xli

National Health Interview Survey, 2002:14, 2004:12

National Household Education Surveys Program, 2001:52

National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS), 2002:SA25, 2004:SA4

National School Lunch Programs, 2002:7, 2002:12, 2005:36. *See also* School lunch programs

National Student Loan Data Base, 2004:38 "Near-poor," 2004:13

Need analysis for financial aid to students, 2004:SA6, 2004:SA7, 2004:SA8. *See also* Financial aid to students

Federal Methodology for, 2004:SA25 Stafford loan program, 2004:SA20

Need-based financial aid to students, 2004: SA2, 2004:37. *See also* Financial aid to students

NELS. See National Education Longitudinal Study (NELS)

Netherlands

instructional activities in 8th-grade mathematics, 2003:26

instructional activities in 8th-grade science classes, 2004:23

mathematics and science performance, **2002:1**3

mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

reading literacy in, 2003:10

science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

Net price of college attendance, 2002:44, 2003:43. *See also* Cost of attending college

New Basics curriculum, 2001:xlii. See also Core curriculum (New Basics); Curriculum, high school

Newly hired teachers, 2005:SA6–SA11, 2005:SA18, 2005:SA20. *See also* Teachers/ Teaching

New York

state polices and procedures for transfer students, 2005:34

New Zealand

mathematics and science performance, 2002:13

mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

reading literacy in, 2003:10

science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

transition to postsecondary education, 2004:17

Ninth grade, civic activities, 2003:16 No Child Left Behind Act (2001), 2005:24 Nonparental childcare arrangements, 2003: 38, 2004:33

"Nonpoor," 2004:13

Nonsectarian private schools, 2005:2. See also Private elementary/secondary schools

Nonselective postsecondary institutions, 2004:30

Nontraditional undergraduate students, 2002:SA25–SA39

combining school and work, 2002:SA29–SA31

definitions of, 2002:SA25–SA27 distance education, 2002:SA31–SA32 persistence after 3 years, 2002:SA32–SA34 persistence and attainment after 5 years, 2002:SA34–SA38

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002–2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

Continued

Northeastern region schools. See Regional Organization for Economic Cooperation and distributions Development (OECD)—continued Norway, 2001:57 transition to postsecondary education, 2004:17 civic performance, 2002:15 Outcomes of education, 2002:7-16, 2004: mathematics literacy, international com-8-14 parisons, 2005:13 adult reading habits, 2001:15, 2005:15 mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11 annual earnings of young adults, 2005:16 reading literacy in, 2002:9, 2003:10 civics performance in elementary/secondary school, 2002:15 science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12 community service participation in grades 6-12, 2001:16 transition to postsecondary education, earnings of young adults, 2001:18, 2002: 2004:17 16, 2004:13 Nursery schools, 2001:1 employment status, 2005:17 Nurses, 2004:28 first-generation college students, 2001: xxxvii-xxxviii (See also First-generation college students) Occupational coursetaking, 2001:35. See also health issues, 2002:14, 2004:12 Vocational education international comparisons in mathematics Occupations and science, 2002:13 chosen by college students, 2001:xxxvii mathematics performance in elementary/ (See also Field of study) secondary education, 2001:12, 2003:11, work-related adult education, participation **2004:11** (*See also* Mathematics) in, 2004:7 reading and mathematics through 3rd Office of Special Education Programs, 2001: grade, 2004:8 40 reading and mathematics through 1st Opinion surveys grade, 2001:8, 2001:9 parental satisfaction with school, 2001:41, reading performance in elementary/ 2001:55 secondary education, 2002:7, 2002:8, parents' on children's schools, 2002:40 **2002:9**, **2004:9** (*See also* Reading) science performance in elementary/ teachers' on satisfaction with school, 2002: **SA14** secondary education, 2001:13, 2002:12 (See also Science) twelfth-graders' interest in school, 2002:18 writing performance in elementary/ Organization for Economic Cooperation and secondary education, 2004:10 Development (OECD), 2001:57 youth neither enrolled nor working, 2004: expenditures for education, 2002:41, 2003: 40, 2004:36

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

"Out-of-field" teachers, 2003:28, 2004:24,

average length of stay at one school, 2005:

2005:SA4-SA5

SA18

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in the Indicator List on The Condition of Education website and can only be found in the Print Editions (PDFs].)

parisons, 2005:13

2002:9

mathematics literacy, international com-

reading literacy, international comparisons,

"Out-of-field" teachers—continued dissatisfaction, sources of, 2005:SA18 measurements for, 2005:SA21n9 newly hired teachers, 2005:SA9 turnover rates affected by, 2005:SA13–SA14

Overcrowding in schools, 2001:45

P

2005:12

Palestinian National Authority mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11 science performance for 4th and 8th grade,

Parent Loan for Undergraduate Students (PLUS), 2004:SA18, 2004:SA23

Parents, 2001:25. See also Families; Income, family

arrangements for after-school care for children, 2004:33

going to school while raising children, 2002:SA25, 2002:SA28, 2002:SA36

homeschooling, 2005:3

involvement with children's education, 2001:xxvii–xxx, 2001:54, 2002:SA14, 2003:12

level of education, 2001:xviii–xli, 2001:4, 2003:2, 2004:29 (*See also* Students whose parents did not go to college)

college completion time for children affected by, 2003:21

college enrollment rate of their children affected by, 2001:26, 2002:20, 2003:18 home activities and early childhood

development, 2005:35

kindergarten, entry and retention, 2005: 18

participation of children in community service affected by, 2001:16

persistence of children at college affected by, 2002:23

Parents-continued

level of education—continued

preprimary education enrollment affected by, 2001:1, 2002:1

reading and mathematics proficiency of elementary students, 2005:8

reading skills of kindergartners and 1stgraders affected by, 2001:8, 2003:9

as risk factor, 2004:8

opinions of children's schools, 2002:40 satisfaction with school at elementary/ secondary level, 2001:41, 2001:55 school choice, 2004:25 two-parent households, 2003:2

Parochial schools, 2005:2. See also Catholic schools

Part-time employment for teachers, 2005:SA9

Part-time enrollment at postsecondary institutions, 2001:xxxiii, 2001:5, 2004:1

employment during, 2004:29

graduate students, 2001:6, 2003:7

nontraditional undergraduate students, 2002:SA26, 2002:SA27–SA28

undergraduate students, 2002:5, 2003:5, 2004:6

Part-time faculty and staff at postsecondary institutions, 2001:50

Paying for college, 2001:xxx, 2001:58, 2004: SA2–SA30. *See also* Cost of attending college

Peer culture, 2001:20

Peer-tutoring in kindergarten, 2003:SA9

Pell grants, 2002:24, 2004:SA16, 2004:SA17. *See also* Grants and scholarships

persistence of student receiving, 2003:23

Reauthorization of the Higher Education

Reauthorization of the Higher Education Act (1992) changes to, 2004:SA29n, 2004: 12

Perceptions by students of school environment, 2005:29

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

Continued

Performance standards for students, 2002: SA13, 2002:33
influence of principals on, 2004:26
Performing arts, degrees in, 2003:33
Persistence in education
elementary/secondary education, 2001:23, 2003:17 (See also Dropout rates)
postsecondary education, 2001:xxx-xxxvii
after 5 years, 2001:xxxvi–xxxvii, 2004:
after 3 years, 2001:xxxiv-xxxvi, 2001:27
bachelor's degrees earning, 2005:22
characteristics of first-generation students, 2001:xxx-xxxi (See also First-generation college students)
employment affecting, 2004:29
first-year challenges, 2001:xxxi-xxxii, 2001:xxxiv
high school curriculum affecting, 2002 : 23
nontraditional students, 2002:SA32–SA38
remedial coursework affecting, 2001:29
students with Pell Grants, 2002:24, 2003:23
transfer students from community colleges, 2003:19
Philippines
mathematics and science performance, 2002:13
mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11
science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12
Phonics, 2003:SA3, 2003:SA6, 2003:SA7, 2003:SA10
Physical education
coursetaking by undergraduate students, 2004: 30
subject expertise of elementary/secondary teachers, 2003:28

```
Physics, 2004:21
Playing with children, 2005:35. See also
  Home activities
Poland, 2001:57
  civic performance, 2002:15
  expenditures for education, 2002:41
  instructional hours, 2005:26
  mathematics literacy, international com-
  parisons, 2005:13
  reading literacy in, 2002:9
  transition to postsecondary education,
  2004:17
Policymaking in schools, 2002:SA11-SA12,
  2002:SA13
Political parties, 2003:16
Population, 2003:1, 2004:1, 2005:1
Portugal
  civic participation, 2003:16
  civic performance, 2002:15
  instructional hours, 2005:26
  mathematics literacy, international com-
  parisons, 2005:13
  reading literacy in, 2002:9
Postsecondary education, 2001:46-51, 2002:
```

ostsecondary education, 2001:46–51, 2002: 35–39, 2004:29–32. See also Enrollment, postsecondary education; Four-year institutions; Private postsecondary institutions; Public postsecondary institutions; Students whose parents did not go to college; Two-year institutions access to, 2001:xviii–xxxvi adult learning, 2001:7 cost of attending college, 2001:58, 2004: SA2–SA30 (See also Cost of attending college)

debt burden of college graduates, 2004:38 degrees earned by women, 2001:30 distance education, 2001:49, 2004:32 employment while enrolled in, 2001:6, 2004:29 expenditures for, 2002:41

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

guidance counselors preparing students for, 2004:27
increase in enrollment in, 2004:1
instructional methods, 2001:46
international comparisons, 2001:32, 2001: 57
international comparisons of expenditures for, 2003:40, 2004:36
mathematics curriculum in high school affecting, 2001:24
nontraditional undergraduate students, 2002:SA25–SA39 (See also Nontraditional undergraduate students)
Pell Grants, 2002:24, 2003:23
perceptions of college costs, 2001:25
persistence in attaining a degree, 2001:27,

2004:19 (*See also* Persistence in education)

remedial coursework affecting persistence,

remedial coursework provided, 2004:31

tertiary-type A and B programs, 2004:17

undergraduate students (See also Under-

preparing for, 2001:xxii-xxx (See also

public support for, 2002:42, 2005:40

Postsecondary education—continued

graduate enrollment, 2002:6

faculty and staff, 2001:47, 2001:50, 2001:

geographic mobility of students, 2005:21

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

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For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in the Indicator List on The Condition of Education website and can only be found in the Print Editions [PDFs].)

Poverty levels—continued

educational expectations of 10th-graders, 2004:15

of elementary/secondary students, 2002:4, 2004:5

expenditures for elementary/secondary education by, 2005:36

federal grants and loans to undergraduates, 2003:42

full-day vs. half-day kindergarten, 2003: SA7

geography performance of elementary/ secondary students, 2003:13

health affected by, 2004:12

history performance of elementary/ secondary students, 2003:14

home activities and early childhood development, 2005:35

home reading activities, 2003:36

kindergarten, entry and retention, 2005:18 mathematics performance of elementary/ secondary students, 2003:11

mathematics performance through elementary/secondary level, 2005:10 mathematics proficiency of elementary

mathematics proficiency of elementary students, 2005:8

"out-of-field" teachers, 2004:24 prekindergarten programs, participation in, 2004:2

preprimary education, 2002:1 for private schools, 2002:SA9

reading and mathematics performances in public schools by urbanicity, 2005:14

reading performance through elementary/secondary level, 2004:9, 2005:9

reading proficiency of elementary students, 2005:8

reading skill gains in kindergarten, 2003: SA4, 2003:SA11

revenues for schools districts affected by, 2003:41

Preparing for college)

2001:29

coursetaking by, 2004:30 diversity among, 2003:32

enrollment, 2001:5, 2002:5, 2002:20, 2004:6

Poverty levels, 2001:56, 2003:SA13n3 achievement test outcomes, 2003:12 dropout rates affected by, 2004:16 early literacy activities, 2003:SA5, 2003:37 educational attainment, 2003:22

Continued

Poverty levels-continued

as risk factor, 2004:8 for school-aged children, 2003:2 science performance of elementary/ secondary students, 2002:12 support staff at public elementary/ secondary schools, 2004:28 teachers' average length of stay at public schools affected by, 2005:SA17-SA18 turnover rates for teachers affected by, 2005:SA10, 2005:SA11, 2005:SA15-SA16, 2005:SA22n33 urbanicity, 2003:3 young adults not in school or working, 2004:13 Prekindergarten programs, 2004:2 Preparing for college, 2001:xxii–xxx application process, 2001:xxix-xxx at-risk students, 2002:22 cost of attending college, 2001:xxx (See also Cost of attending college) expectations, 2001:xxiii first-generation students, 2001:xxxi (See also First-generation college students) guidance counselors, 2004:27 high school curriculum, 2001:xxiv-xxviii, 2001:xxxiii, 2002:23 (See also Curriculum, high school) taking college entrance examinations, 2001:xxviii (See also College entrance examinations) Preprimary education, 2001:37. See also Early childhood education center-based early childhood care, 2001:53 early literacy activities, 2003:37 enrollment in, 2001:1, 2002:1, 2004:1, 2005:1 home activities affecting reading skills, 2003:36 prekindergarten programs at public schools, 2004:2

Preprimary education—continued reading and mathematics skills, 2001:8, 2001:9, 2003:9 Presidential elections, 2003:15 Principals, 2004:26 private schools, 2002:SA10, 2002:SA14, 2002:SA15-SA17, 2002:SA21-SA22 Private elementary/secondary schools, 2002: SA2-SA24. See also Catholic schools; Elementary/secondary education average length of stay for teachers at, 2005: **SA17** beginning teachers at, 2003:29 characteristics of, 2002:SA3-SA7 class size of kindergarten classes, 2001:37 coursework completion, 2002:SA19 curriculum and achievement at, 2002: SA17-SA19 educational attainment of students, 2002: SA19-SA21 English and foreign languages courses taken in high school, 2003:25 enrollments, 2001:2, 2002:2, 2004:4 by affiliation of school, 2005:2 by poverty level, 2002:SA9 by race/ethnicity, 2002:SA8 by region, 2003:1 full-day vs. half-day kindergarten, 2003: SA7 instructional methods, 2002:SA6-SA7 kindergarten enrollment, 2004:3 (See also

mathematics and science coursetaking in

nonsectarian, 2002:SA3, 2002:SA6, 2002:

"out-of-field" teachers in, 2005:SA5 (See

high school, 2002:27, 2004:22

SA11, 2002:SA17, 2002:SA19

also "Out-of-field" teachers)

parental satisfaction, 2001:41

principals, 2004:26

Kindergarten)

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

Private elementary/secondary schools —continued

religious but not Catholic, 2002:SA3, 2002: SA6, 2002:SA11, 2002:SA17, 2002:SA19 school choice, 2002:SA2, 2002:29, 2004:25 school climate, 2002:SA10–SA17 student achievement, 2002:SA18 student characteristics, 2002:SA7–SA10 teachers at, 2002:SA11, 2002:32 turnover rate for teachers at, 2005: SA10–SA11, 2005:SA15 (*See also* Turnover rates for teachers)

Private postsecondary institutions, 2001:27, 2001:58. See also Postsecondary education average expected family contribution for tuition, 2004:SA27 average price of attending, 2004:SA10 debt burden of college graduates, 2004:38 distance education courses, 2004:32 enrollment patterns, 2004:SA5, 2004:SA6 expected family contribution (EFC) for college costs, 2004:SA10–SA11, 2004:SA12, 2004:SA25–SA28

faculty salaries and benefits at, 2005:32 faculty tenure at, 2003:35

financial aid to students, 2004:SA4, 2004: 37 (*See also* Financial aid to students) grants to undergraduates, 2004:SA15, 2004:SA17

net price for, 2002:44, 2003:43 net price for after grants, 2004:SA18, 2004: SA19

net price for after grants and loans, 2004: SA22, 2004:SA23, 2004:SA24

nontraditional undergraduate students at, 2002:SA27, 2002:SA28–SA29

Pell grants to students, 2002:24, 2003:23, 2004:SA16

persistence in attaining a degree, 2003:20, 2004:19

Private postsecondary institutions —continued

remedial coursework in, 2004:31 student loans for, 2004:SA20 students with disabilities at, 2003:34 time to completion for bachelor's degree, 2003:21

tuition/fee increases, 2004:SA2 tuition/fees for, 2004:SA8

undergraduate enrollment at, 2003:32

Professional development for teachers, 2002: 33

Proficiency, subject

mathematics in grade 4 and grade 8, 2004: 11

reading and mathematics, kindergarten through grade 3, 2005:8 reading in grade 4 and grade 8, 2004:9

writing, **2004:**10

Program for International Student Assessment (PISA), 2002:9

instructional hours, 2005:26 mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13

Progress in International Reading Literacy Study (PIRLS), 2003:10 instructional hours, 2005:26

Projections

elementary/secondary school enrollment, 2004:4, 2005:1

undergraduate enrollment in college, 2004: 6, 2005:7

Property taxes as source of revenue for public schools, 2005:37

Proprietary schools, 2004:SA5

Protective services, degrees in, 2003:33

Psychologists, 2004:28

Public charter schools, 2002:SA2, 2002: SA22n2, 2002:30

demographic characteristics of, 2005:28

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The **year** of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002–2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

Continued

Public elementary/secondary schools, 2001: 2, 2004:4. See also Elementary/secondary education alternative schools, 2003:27 average length of stay for teachers at, 2005: beginning teachers at, 2003:29 class size of kindergarten classes, 2001:37 compared to private schools, 2002: SA2-SA39 (See also Private elementary/ secondary schools) disabilities, students with enrolled in, 2005:6 English and foreign languages courses taken in high school, 2003:25 enrollment, 2002:2, 2004:1, 2005:1 expenditures by category and region, 2005: expenditures by district poverty, 2005:36 expenditures per student, 2001:56, 2003: 39, 2004:35 full-day vs. half-day kindergarten, 2003: SA7, 2003:SA12 (See also Kindergarten) funding for, 2002:SA2 guidance counselors in, 2004:27 kindergarten enrollment, 2004:3 mathematics and science coursetaking in high school, 2002:27, 2004:22 mathematics performance, 2004:11, 2005: 10 "out-of-field" teachers in, 2005:SA5 (See also "Out-of-field" teachers) overcrowding in, 2001:45 prekindergarten programs at, 2004:2 principals, 2002:SA16, 2004:26 professional development of teachers, 2002:33 racial distribution in, 2001:3, 2002:3, 2005:4 reading performance, 2004:9, 2005:9 revenues, changes in sources for, 2005:37 revenues for, 2003:41

Public elementary/secondary schools —continued school choice, 2002:SA2, 2002:29, 2002: 30, 2004:25 student/teacher ratios in, 2001:38 support staff at, 2004:28 teacher qualifications, 2002:32 teachers' preparedness to use computers and the Internet, 2001:39 time spent in classroom, 2005:26 turnover rate for teachers at, 2005:SA10-SA11, 2005:SA15-SA16 urbanicity affecting reading and mathematics performances, 2005:14 writing performance, 2004:10 Public postsecondary institutions, 2001:27, 2001:58. See also Postsecondary education average expected family contribution for tuition, 2004:SA26-SA27 (See also Cost of attending college) average price of attending, 2004:SA10 debt burden of college graduates, 2004:38 distance education courses, 2004:32 enrollment patterns, 2004:SA5, 2004:SA6 expected family contribution (EFC) for college costs, 2004:SA12 faculty salaries and benefits at, 2005:32 faculty tenure at, 2003:35 financial aid to students, 2004:37 grants to undergraduates, 2004:SA15, 2004:SA17 net price for, 2002:44, 2003:43 net price for after grants, 2004:SA18, 2004: **SA19** net price for after grants and loans, 2004: SA22, 2004:SA23, 2004:SA24

nontraditional undergraduate students at,

Pell grants to students, 2002:24, 2003:23,

persistence in attaining a degree, 2004:19

2002:SA27, 2002:SA28–SA29

2004:SA16

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

Continued

Public postsecondary institutions —continued persistence towards a bachelor's degree at, 2003:20 remedial coursework in, 2004:31 revenues for, 2005:40 student loans for, 2004:SA20 students with disabilities at, 2003:34 time to completion for bachelor's degree, 2003:21 tuition/fee increases, 2004:SA2 tuition/fees for, 2004:SA8 Public revenue, 2005:39. See also Revenues for education Pupil/teacher ratios, 2001:38

Qualifications of teachers, 2001:42. See also Teachers/Teaching Qualifying for college, 2001:xxv, 2001:xli. See also Preparing for college

Race/ethnicity

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002. 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of The Condition of Education.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Reference Numbers

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in the Indicator List on The Condition of Education website and can only be found in the Print Editions [PDFs].)

adult education, 2003:8

advanced placement course availability, 2005:25

annual earnings of young adults, 2005:16

beginning teachers, 2003:29

child care, 2001:38, 2001:53

child care after school, 2004:33

class size of kindergarten classes, 2001:37 community service of young adults, 2001:

disabilities, students with included in regular classrooms, 2005:27

disabilities, students with in elementary/ secondary schools, 2005:6

dropout rates, 2001:23, 2002:19, 2003:17, 2004:16, 2005:19

Race/ethnicity—continued

early literacy activities, 2003:37

educational attainment, 2001:31, 2002:25, **2005:**23

elementary/secondary enrollment, 2002:3, 2004:5

employer financial aid for adult education, 2003:44

employment status by, 2005:17

English and foreign languages courses taken in high school, 2003:25

enrollment rates in college, 2001:26, 2002: 20, 2003:18, 2003:32, 2005:20, 2005:31

exit examinations for high school, 2005:24

faculty at postsecondary institutions, 2002:

and family environment, 2003:2

full-day vs. half-day kindergarten, 2003: SA7

geographic mobility of students, 2005:21

geography performance through elementary/secondary level, 2003:13

graduate enrollment, 2002:6, 2003:7

history performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2003:14

home activities and early childhood development, 2005:35

homeschooling, 2005:3

kindergarten enrollment, 2004:3

language spoken at home, 2005:5

mathematics and science coursetaking in high school, 2002:27, 2004:22

mathematics performance through elementary/secondary level, 2001:12, 2003:

11, 2003:12, 2004:11, 2005:10

"out-of-field" teachers, 2004:24

parental involvement in schools, 2001:54 parental satisfaction with schools, 2001:55, 2002:40

parents' level of education, 2001:4 (See also Parents)

Continued

Race/ethnicity—continued

persistence of traditional-age students

towards bachelor's degrees, 2005:22

and poverty, 2002:11 prekindergarten programs, participation in, 2004:2 preprimary education, 2001:1, 2002:1 principals in elementary/secondary schools, 2004:26 private school enrollment, 2002:SA7–SA9, 2005:2 public charter schools, 2002:30, 2005:28 public school enrollment, 2005:4 reading and mathematics achievement through 3rd grade, 2004:8 reading and mathematics performances in public schools by urbanicity, 2005:14 reading habits of adults, 2001:15, 2005:15 reading performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2001:10, 2002:8, 2004:9, 2005:9 reading skill gains in kindergarten, 2003: SA4, 2003:SA11 school choice, 2001:41, 2002:29, 2004:25 and school violence, 2001:44, 2005:30 science performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2001:13, 2002:12 status dropout rates for high school, 2004: student perceptions of school's social and learning environment, 2005:29 student victimization, 2002:34 voting participation, 2003:15 work-related adult education, participation in, 2004:7 writing performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2004:10

Reading—continued

early literacy activities, 2003:37, 2005:35 eighth-grade performance, 2004:9, 2005:9 family activities encouraging, 2001:52, 2003:36

fourth-grade performance, 2002:7, 2005:9 international comparisons, 2002:9, 2003:10 in kindergarten through 1st grade, 2001:8, 2001:9, 2003:SA2–SA13, 2003:9 (See also Kindergarten)

in kindergarten through 3rd grade, 2005:8 leisure, 2001:15, 2001:22, 2005:15 performance through elementary/secondary

level, 2001:10, 2002:8, 2004:9

private *vs.* public school achievement, **2002:**SA18

remedial coursework in postsecondary education, 2001:29, 2004:18

remedial coursework provided for undergraduate students, 2004:31

urbanicity and performance in, 2005:14

Reauthorization of the Higher Education Act (1992), 2004:SA2, 2004:38

changes to the federal financial aid system, 2004:SA3

Pell grants, 2004:SA16, 2004:SA29n, 2004: 12

Stafford loan program, changes to, 2004: SA19–SA20

Recognition of letters and words, 2003:SA2, 2003:SA3–SA4, 2003:SA5, 2003:SA6, 2003:SA7, 2003:SA10

Re-entrants (teachers), 2005:SA6

Regional distributions

advanced placement course availability, 2005:25

elementary/secondary school enrollment, 2001:2, 2001:3, 2002:2, 2003:1, 2004:4, 2005:1

expenditures for elementary/secondary education, 2005:38

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in the Indicator List on The Condition of Education website and can only be found in the Print Editions [PDFs].)

2004:13

Reading

young adults not in school or working,

Black-White achievement gap, 2002:8

Continued

Regional distributions—continued full-day vs. half-day kindergarten, 2003: SA7 kindergarten enrollment, 2004:3 overcrowding in schools, 2001:45 poverty levels among school-aged children, 2002:4, 2003:3 prekindergarten programs at public schools, 2004:2 private school enrollment, 2005:2 public alternative schools, 2003:27 public charter schools, 2005:28 public school enrollment, 2005:4 race/ethnicity in elementary/secondary schools enrollment, 2002:3 revenue sources for elementary/secondary schools, 2002:43 revenue sources for public elementary/ secondary schools, 2005:37 school choice, 2002:29, 2004:25 time spent in classroom, 2005:26 Rehabilitation Act (1973), 2003:34 Relatives of families. See Families Religious affiliation private elementary/secondary schools, 2002:SA3, 2002:SA4, 2002:SA5 (See

secondary schools, 2005:37
school choice, 2002:29, 2004:25
time spent in classroom, 2005:26
Rehabilitation Act (1973), 2003:34
Relatives of families. See Families
Religious affiliation
private elementary/secondary schools,
2002:SA3, 2002:SA4, 2002:SA5 (See
also Catholic schools; Private elementary/
secondary schools)
school choice, 2002:29, 2004:25
Remedial coursework in postsecondary education, 2001:29, 2004:18, 2004:31
Repayment of school debt, 2004:38. See also
Student loans
Repeating kindergarten, 2005:18
Research by postsecondary faculty and staff,
2001:51
Residency, length of, 2003:15
Retention of students, 2003:20, 2005:18

Retirement of faculty, 2003:35

SA22n30

Retirement of teachers, 2005:SA20, 2005:

SA20 defining, 2005:SA21n11 employment status, 2005:SA22n22 teaching out-of-field, 2005:SA9 Revenues for education, 2002:42, 2002:43 changes in sources for public elementary/ secondary schools, 2005:37 (See also Public elementary/secondary schools) as percentage of gross domestic product (GDP), 2005:39 postsecondary institutions, 2005:40 private elementary/secondary schools, 2002:SA2 for public school districts, 2003:41 Risk factors, 2001:52, 2002:22, 2003: SA13n4. See also At-risk students home activities and early childhood development, 2005:35 reading and mathematics proficiency of elementary students, 2005:8 reading skill gains in kindergarten, 2003: SA4, 2003:SA5 Romania civic performance, 2002:15 mathematics and science performance, 2002:13 mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11 reading literacy in, 2003:10 science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12 Rural education, elementary/secondary ex-

Returning teachers, 2005:SA6-SA7, 2005:

Reference Numbers ¹

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in the Indicator List on The Condition of Education website and can only be found in the Print Editions [PDFs].)

Russia

parisons, 2005:13

civic performance, 2002:15 mathematics and science performance, 2002:13 mathematics literacy, international com-

penditures, 2001:56. See also Urbanicity

Continued

Russia—continued mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11 reading literacy in, 2002:9, 2003:10 science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12 Sabbaticals (teachers), 2005:SA14 Safety at schools, 2001:44, 2005:30 Salaries. See also Income college graduates, 2004:38 faculty at postsecondary institutions, 2001: 49, 2002:39, 2005:32 first-generation college students, 2001: xxxvii-xxxviii gender and, 2001:18 Saudi Arabia mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11 science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12 Scale scores, reading and mathematics achievement through 3rd grade, 2004:8 Scholarships and grants, 2003:42. See also Grants and scholarships from colleges and universities, 2004:37 cost of attending college, 2002:44, 2003:43 Pell Grants, 2002:24, 2003:23 Scholastic Assessment Tests (SAT). See also College entrance examinations as preparation for college, 2001:xxii, 2001: xxviii and teachers, 2002:31 School-based child care programs, 2004:33. See also Child care School choice, 2001:41, 2002:29, 2002:30

School climate, 2001:44, 2001:45. See also Violence at schools private elementary/secondary schools, 2002:SA10-SA17 size of high school, 2003:30 student perceptions of school's social and learning environment, 2005:29 student victimization, 2002:34 teachers in private schools, 2002:SA12, 2002:SA14-SA15 violence at schools declining, 2005:30 School districts, 2005:36, 2005:39 School lunch programs, 2002:7, 2004:5 beginning teachers teaching at schools with high percentage of, 2003:29 expenditures for elementary/secondary education measured by students in, 2005:36 geography test scores, influence on, 2003: history test scores affected by, 2003:14 mathematics achievement affected by, 2003:11, 2003:12, 2004:11 mathematics performance through elementary/secondary level, 2005:10 as measure of poverty, 2004:9 prekindergarten programs, 2004:2 in private schools, 2002:SA9, 2002:SA10 reading and mathematics performances in public schools by urbanicity, 2005:14 reading performance through elementary/ secondary level, 2005:9 science achievement affected by, 2002:12 in smaller high schools, 2003:30 student achievement, 2002:11, 2002:12 teacher qualifications in schools with, 2002:32 turnover rates for teachers, 2005:SA10 writing achievement affected by, 2004:10 Schools and Staffing Survey (SASS), 2002:

SA2, 2005:SA2, 2005:SA21n1, 2005:

SA21n3

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in the Indicator List on The Condition of Education website and can only be found in the Print Editions (PDFs].)

private schools, 2002:SA2

public schools, 2004:25

Continued

School size, 2004:22 Serbia—continued overcrowding, 2001:45 pupil/teacher ratios, 2001:38 School-sponsored activities, 2001:16 Science, 2001:xli, 2001:xlii coursetaking by undergraduate students, 2004:30 coursetaking in high school, 2002:SA5, 2002:26, 2002:27, 2004:21, 2004:22 exit examinations for high school, 2005:24 instructional activities in 8th grade, 2004:23 international comparisons of performance in, 2002:13, 2005:11 "out-of-field" teachers teaching, 2004:24 performance through elementary/secondary level, 2001:13, 2002:12 private vs. public school achievement, 2002:SA18, 2002:SA19, 2002:SA20 subject expertise of elementary/secondary teachers, 2003:28 teachers' preparation for, 2001:43 Scotland. See also United Kingdom of Great Britain mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11 reading literacy in, 2003:10 science performance for 4th and 8th grade, Secondary education. See Elementary/ secondary education; High school educa-Selective postsecondary institutions, 2004:30 Seniors in high school, 2001:19, 2001:21, 2003:11

enrollment and persistence towards a

mathematics literacy, international com-

geography performance, 2003:13

history performance, 2003:14

bachelor's degree, 2005:22

parisons, 2005:13

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11 science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12 Sex. See Gender Singapore mathematics and science performance, 2002:13 mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11 reading literacy in, 2003:10 science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12 Single-parent households, 2004:8 home activities and early childhood development, 2005:35 reading and mathematics proficiency of elementary students affected by, 2005:8 Skills for beginning reading, 2003:SA3–SA6, 2005:8 Skipping school, 2002:17 Slovak Republic civic performance, 2002:15 mathematics and science performance, 2002:13 mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13 mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11 reading literacy in, 2003:10 science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12 Slovenia civic performance, 2002:15 mathematics and science performance, 2002:13

Analyses.

Condition of Education.

refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002.

2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of The

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3,

SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special

(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in the Indicator List on The Condition of Education website and can only be found in the Print Editions [PDFs].)

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th

grade, 2005:11

reading literacy in, 2003:10

Continued

Slovenia—continued

2005:12

2004:30

Social sciences

science performance for 4th and 8th grade,

coursetaking by undergraduate students,

exit examinations for high school, 2005:24

subject expertise of elementary/secondary teachers, 2003:28 Social studies coursetaking in secondary school, 2001:xli, 2001:xlii "out-of-field" teachers teaching, 2004:24 Social workers, 2004:28 Socioeconomic status (SES), 2003:22. See also Poverty levels educational expectations of 10th-graders, 2004:15 South Africa mathematics and science performance, 2002:13 mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11 science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12 Southern region schools. See Regional distributions Spain expenditures for education, 2002:41, 2004: mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13 reading literacy in, 2002:9 Spanish as language spoken at home, 2005:5 Special education, 2001:40 aides, 2004:28 disabilities, students with in elementary/ secondary schools, 2005:6 Special instructional programs, 2002: SA6-SA7 Speech therapists, 2004:28 Page 350 | The Condition of Education 2005

Sports, 2001:20 after-school activities, 2004:33, 2004:34 Staff, 2004:27, 2004:28. See also Faculty; Principals; Teachers/Teaching Stafford loan program, 2004:SA3, 2004: SA18-SA20, 2004:SA23, 2004:SA29n, 2004:1 Standards-based exit examinations, 2005:24 State governments, 2002:43 exit examination requirements, 2005:24 financial aid to students, 2004:SA4 grants to undergraduates, 2004:SA16-**SA18** retirement requirements for teachers, 2005: SA22n30 revenues to postsecondary institutions, 2005:40 revenues to school districts from, 2003:41, 2005:37 transfer students, policies and procedures towards, 2005:34 Status dropout rates for high school, 2002: 19, 2003:17, 2004:16, 2005:19. See also Dropout rates

Stopouts from postsecondary education,

Dropout rates

students)

SA25

2004:SA7

2004:SA21-SA25

2001:xxxii, 2001:xxxiv, 2001:27. See also

nontraditional students, 2002:SA32–SA38

SA2-SA4, 2004:SA18-SA21, 2004:SA28.

balance with grants, 2004:SA23, 2004:

within financial aid system, 2004:SA6,

net price of college after grants and loans,

(See also Nontraditional undergraduate

Student loans, 2001:59, 2003:42, 2004:

See also Financial aid to students

cost of college attendance, 2002:44

repayment, 2004:SA29n, 2004:15

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

Continued

Students whose parents did not go to college, Sweden—continued 2001:xviii-xliii transition to postsecondary education, after college, 2001:xxxvii-xxxviii 2004:17 characteristics of, 2001:xix-xx, 2001:xxxix Switzerland, 2001:57 enrollment rates, 2001:xx, 2001:xxii civic performance, 2002:15 persistence in postsecondary education, expenditures for education, 2002:41, 2003: 2001:xxx-xxxvii (See also First-generation 40, 2004:36 college students) instructional activities in 8th-grade mathpreparing for college, 2001:xxii-xxx (See ematics, 2003:26 also Preparing for college) mathematics literacy, international com-Student/teacher ratios, 2001:38 parisons, 2005:13 private schools, 2002:SA5, 2002:SA6 reading literacy in, 2002:9 Student teaching, 2004:30 Student victimization, 2002:34 fights between racial/ethnic groups, 2005:

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The **year** of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

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For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in the Indicator List on The Condition of Education website and can only be found in the Print Editions [PDFs].)

Surveys of opinions

teachers

theft at schools, 2005:30

parental satisfaction with school, 2001:41, 2001:55

violence declining at elementary/secondary schools, 2005:30 (*See also* Violence)

Subject expertise for elementary/secondary

teachers, 2003:28. See also "Out-of-field"

parents' on children's schools, 2002:40 teachers' on satisfaction with school, 2002: SA14

twelfth-graders' interest in school, 2002:18 Sweden, 2001:57

civic performance, 2002:15

expenditures for education, 2002:41, 2003: 40

instructional hours, 2005:26

mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

reading literacy in, 2002:9, 2003:10 science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

Taxes as source of revenue for public schools, 2005:37

Teacher Follow-up Survey (TFS), 2005:SA2, 2005:SA21n2, 2005:SA21n3

Teachers/Teaching, 2002:31, 2002:32, 2002: 33, 2005:SA2–SA24. *See also* Faculty, post-secondary education

academic background, 2002:31

beginning, 2003:29

demographics of workforce, 2005:SA3–SA6

evaluation of, 2002:SA13

instructional practices in kindergarten, 2003:SA8–SA9

mathematics and science, 2001:36, 2001:43

newly hired, 2005:SA6–SA11 "out-of-field," 2003:28, 2004:24

1 . . .

preparedness in using computers and the Internet, 2001:39

in private schools, **2002**:SA11–SA15, **2002**: SA21

in public charter schools, 2002:30

qualifications of, 2001:42

ratios to students, 2001:38, 2002:SA5, 2002:SA6

turnover rates for, 2005:SA11–SA18 (See also Turnover rates for teachers)

Continued

Technology in education

```
Third International Mathematics and Science
  Study (TIMSS)—continued
  quality of mathematics lessons, 2001:36
  Videotape Study of 8th-grade science
  classes, 2004:23
Time
  faculty use of, 2001:51
  spent in classroom, elementary/secondary
  education, 2005:26
  student use of, 2001:22
Time to completion for bachelor's degree,
  2003:21
Title I, 2004:28
Title IV postsecondary institutions, 2004:31
  distance education, 2004:32
Trade schools, 2004:SA5, 2004:1
Training for teachers, 2002:SA13
Transfers, teacher, 2005:SA6, 2005:SA12,
  2005:SA20
```

SA17 Transfer students in postsecondary education, 2001:27, 2003:19, 2003:20

years of teaching experience, 2005:SA16-

characteristics of, 2005:SA15 defining, 2005:SA21n11

teaching out-of-field, 2005:SA9

state polices and procedures for, 2005:34 time to completion for bachelor's degrees, 2003:21

Transition to postsecondary education, 2001: 25, 2001:26, 2002:20, 2002:21, 2002:22. See also Preparing for college enrollment rates in college, 2003:18, 2005: 20

international comparisons, 2004:17

Trends in International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS)

fourth- and eighth-grade mathematics performance, 2005:11

fourth- and eighth-grade science performance, 2005:12

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The **year** of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in the Indicator List on The Condition of Education website and can only be found in the Print Editions (PDFs].)

Study (TIMSS), 2001:43

Third International Mathematics and Science

activities in 8th-grade mathematics, 2003:

compared to the TIMSS-Repeat, 2002:13

Continued

Tuition/fees for postsecondary education, 2001:58. *See also* Cost of attending college efforts to fund postsecondary education, 2002:42

increases in, 2004:SA2, 2005:40 need analysis for student financial aid, 2004:SA8–SA10

net tuition after grants, 2004:SA18, 2004: SA19

net tuition after grants and loans, 2004: SA21–SA25, 2004:SA28

percentage distribution for undergraduates at 4-year institutions, 2004:SA9

perceptions of college costs, 2001:25 for types of institutions, 2004:SA8

Tunisia

mathematics and science performance, 2002:13

mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13

mathematics performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:11

science performance for 4th and 8th grade, 2005:12

Turkey

mathematics and science performance, 2002:13

mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13

reading literacy in, 2003:10

transition to postsecondary education, 2004:17

Turnover rates for teachers, 2005:SA11–SA18 "leavers" versus transfers, 2005:SA13–SA15

number of years before leaving school, 2005:SA16-SA18

by school control and poverty levels, 2005: SA15–SA16

teacher dissatisfaction, 2005:SA18, 2005: SA19

Twelfth grade, 2004:18

Two-parent households, 2003:2. See also Parents

Two-year institutions, 2001:58. See also Post-secondary education

average price of attending, 2004:38

distance education courses, 2001:49, 2004: 32

enrollment patterns, 2004:SA5, 2004:SA6 enrollment rates, 2001:5, 2003:5, 2003:18 expectations for high school seniors, 2001: 19

expected family contribution (EFC) for college costs, 2004:SA12, 2004:SA26

faculty salaries and benefits at, 2005:32

faculty tenure at, 2003:35

first-generation students enrolling in, 2001: xx, 2001:xxx, 2001:xxxiii

grants to undergraduates, 2004:SA15, 2004:SA17

minority enrollment rates, 2005:31 net price for, 2002:44, 2003:43

net price for after grants, 2004:SA18, 2004: SA19

net price for after grants and loans, 2004: SA22, 2004:SA23, 2004:SA24

nontraditional undergraduate students at, 2002:SA27, 2002:SA28–SA29, 2002:SA38

Pell grants to students, 2002:24, 2003:23, 2004:SA16

persistence in attaining a degree, 2001:27, 2004:19

remedial coursework at, 2001:29, 2004:18, 2004:31

state polices and procedures for transfer students, 2005:34

stopouts at, 2001:xxxiv

student loans for, 2004:SA20

students with disabilities at, 2003:34

transferring to 4-year institutions, 2003:19, 2003:21

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The **year** of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

Continued

Two-year institutions—continued tuition/fee increases, 2004:SA2 tuition/fees for, 2004:SA8 undergraduate diversity at, 2003:32 undergraduate enrollment, 2002:5, 2002: 21, 2004:6, 2005:7 U Unaffiliated schools, 2005:2. See also Private elementary/secondary schools Undergraduate students, 2001:47, 2001:59. See also Postsecondary education definition of financial dependence, 2002: SA39 with disabilities, 2003:34 distance education, 2002:38 diversity of, 2003:32 financial aid to, 2003:42, 2004:SA2, 2004: SA5 (See also Financial aid to students) foreign-born students, 2003:6 increasing enrollment for, 2004:6, 2005:7 nontraditional, 2002:SA25-SA39 (See also Nontraditional undergraduate students) rate of enrollment, 2002:5, 2002:21, 2003: 5 (See also Enrollment, postsecondary education) transitioning to college, 2005:20 Unemployment, 2004:13, 2005:17 United Kingdom of Great Britain, 2001:32, 2001:57 civic performance, 2002:15 mathematics and science performance, 2002:13 reading literacy in, 2002:9, 2003:10 Universities. See Four-year institutions; Postsecondary education Urbanicity

Urbanicity—continued expenditures for elementary/secondary education, 2001:56, 2003:39, 2004:35 fourth-grade reading performance, 2002:7 guidance counselors in public elementary/ secondary schools, 2004:27 poverty levels among school-aged children, 2002:4, 2003:3, 2004:5 private elementary/secondary schools, 2002:SA3-SA4 public alternative schools, 2003:27 reading and mathematics performances in elementary/secondary schools, 2005:14 size of high schools, 2003:30 time spent in classroom, 2005:26 Uruguay mathematics literacy, international comparisons, 2005:13



Violence at schools, 2001:44, 2003:31 declining, 2005:30 fights between racial/ethnic groups, 2005: 29
Visas, student, 2003:6

Visual arts, degrees in, 2003:33 Vocabulary gains, early childhood, 2003:SA2, 2003:SA3–SA4

Vocational education, 2001:35
comparison between private and public schools, 2002:SA6, 2002:SA7
health affected by, 2004:12
not included as adult education, 2003:8
at public alternative schools, 2003:27
student aspirations, 2001:19
work-related adult education, participation in, 2004:7

Volunteerism, 2001:16, 2001:54 international comparisons, 2003:16 Voting participation, 2003:15

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The year of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.

(Please note that some indicators from 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 may no longer appear in the Indicator List on The Condition of Education website and can only be found in the Print Editions [PDFs].)

crime in schools, 2005:30

2005:25

advanced placement course availability,

Continued

W

Weapons in schools, 2001:44, 2003:31 Web sites, 2001:48

Western region schools. See Regional distributions

Women, earning degrees, 2001:30, 2004:20. See also Gender

Word recognition, 2003:SA3–SA4, 2003:SA6, 2003:SA7

Work-based learning programs, 2002:SA6, 2002:SA7, 2004:7

Work experience of teachers, 2005:SA3, 2005:SA8. *See also* Teachers/Teaching

Working while attending school (postsecondary education), 2002:37, 2004:29. *See also* Employment status

affecting persistence in educational attainment, 2002:SA36, 2002:SA38

changes in last decade, 2003:32

distance education, 2002:38 nontraditional undergraduate students, 2002:SA25, 2002:SA26, 2002:SA29–SA31 (*See also* Nontraditional undergraduate students) Working while attending school (secondary education), 2001:21. See also Employment status

Work-related education, 2003:44, 2004:7. See also Work-based learning programs

Work-study programs, 2004:SA3

Writing, 2004:10

remedial coursework provided for undergraduate students, 2004:31



Young adults annual earnings of, 2004:14 not in school or working, 2004:13

Reference Numbers

This is a cumulative index for the 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005 print editions of *The Condition of Education*.

The **year** of publication appears in bold type.

Arabic numerals (e.g., 2, 3, 4) following the year refer to Indicator numbers.

For 2002-2005:

References beginning with "SA" (e.g., SA2, SA3, SA4) refer to page numbers in the Special Analyses.

For 2001:

Roman numerals (e.g., ii, iii, iv) refer to page numbers in the Essay.